The Bombay Gazette

No. 12,328—New Series.

BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1888.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

APOLLO HOTEL, BOMBAY.

THIS LARGE and COMMODIOUS HOTEL commands an unrivalled VIEW of the HARBOUR, and is open to the breeze on all sides. It has excellent accommodation for Families and Bachelors. The Culinary arrangements are in charge of a first-class FRENCH CHEF.

Within easy reach of the principal Public Buildings and Clubs, and close to the Apollo Bunder.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

VARIOUS improvements having been made for the greater convenience and comfort of passengers travelling in *the second saloon*, special attention is called to *the advantageous terms* on which *excellent accommodation* to and from Europe can now be obtained.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	Tuesday.
B.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	R. Haselwood	12th June
† ASSAM	3033	500	G. W. F. Browne	19th „
B. L CLYDE	4124	800	W. H. Mudie	26th „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weignell	3rd July.
B.L. GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	10th „
† ASSAM	3033	500	G. W. F. Browne	17th „
B.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	24th „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	31st „
B.L. SHANNON	4189	800	C. R. Edwards	7th Aug.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	14th „
B.L. THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	21st „

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back *via* Taranto, Naples, Rome, and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Steamers will be despatched as above on (or about) :—June 15th & 29th and July 13th and 27th.

And fortnightly thereafter.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 28th May, 1888.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third class respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE.

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th June	10th August.
D. BALDIUNO	5,000	800	10th July	1st Sept.
MANILLA	5,000	800	1st Aug	20th Sept.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European servants and native ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100 respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BISAGNO	on the 23rd June 1888.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 2nd May, 1888.

DRYING BOTTLES

FOR PRESERVING PERISHABLE GOODS DURING THE RAINS.

THESE Bottles are warranted to preserve free from damp, insects, or any climatic injury, all goods of a perishable nature, such as

GLOVES, FEATHERS,
CUTLERY, CHOCOLATE,

FOODS and VEGETABLE SUBSTANCES of all kinds,

And everything which is subject to injury from damp.

They are essential to Smokers as the only means of obtaining a really dry, mature, and properly ripened

CIGAR;

And a box of dry matches to light it with.

Bottle's capacity.

1 quart	Rs. 2-8.	2 quarts	Rs. 3-8.
4 do.	„ 5-0.	7 do.	„ 10-0.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment on BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hydrabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Stations at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square food annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of he Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager of the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Esplanade Road Fort.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 8th June, at noon.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons (at 11 a.m., on 11th June, after arrival of Outward English Mails), calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MALDA," 1,945 tons, on FRIDAY, 8th June, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on MONDAY, 11th June, at noon.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about SATURDAY, the 9th June, at noon.

FOR MORMUGAO AND BACK TO BOMBAY, CALLING AT RUTNAGHIRI AND VINGORLA.

THE S.S. "COCONADA," 862 tons, will leave Bombay for Mormugao every WEDNESDAY, at noon, and MORMUGAO every SATURDAY, at 7 p.m., or, on arrival of the passenger train, and the s. s. Busheer, 792 tons, will leave the same port every SATURDAY and TUESDAY, respectively.

BOMBAY to MORMUGAO	First Class	Rs. 15	0
Do.	Second Class	„ 7	8
Do.	Deck without diet	„ 3	0

Further particulars can be had on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 7th June, 1888. Agents.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, returning *via* Melbourne, Sydney, Brisbane, and Port Darwin, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
BHUNDARA	2,900	On or about 30th June 1888.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 19th March, 1888. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHOLERA TINCTURE.

LORBEER'S IMPROVED FORMULA.

A certain cure for that frightful disease, by which thousands of lives are taken away every year in India. This preparation has proved so successful that 95 per cent. of the lives of persons treated with it have been saved.

Per bottle, Rs. 0-8

Prepared by

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
CHEMISTS TO THE GOVERNOR AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, AND DIARRHŒA.

AS domestic safeguards, especially in households beyond the reach of prompt medical aid, the experience of a long series of years has proved the superiority of the following remedies :—

TREACHER'S
ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE
(Astringent, Anodyne, and Anti-Spasmodic)

In all stages of the above diseases it has been found invaluable.

Per bottle Re. 0-12 and Re. 1-4 cash.

TREACHER'S
CHOLERA TINCTURE.

A safe remedy in a highly concentrated and portable form.

Per bottle, Re. 1-12 cash.

TREACHER'S
INDIAN BAEL PREPARATIONS.

FLUID EXTRACT. Bottles, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 | PRESERVE. Jars, Re. 1-4 cash.

DR. LEITH'S
CHOLERA MIXTURE,

As prepared by TREACHER and Co. (Limited) according to Dr. Leith's Original Prescriptions. Full Directions in English, Marathi and Guzerati on each bottle.

In bottles with opium. Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2-4
„ without opium. Re. 1-0 and Re. 1-8

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

UAM-VAR WHISKY !

THE UAM-VAR is pre-eminently the Finest Brand of SCOTCH WHISKY ever submitted to the Public. It is guaranteed as being thoroughly matured, and is recommended by the Medical Faculty for those requiring a perfectly pure Stimulant in preference to the Best French Brandy. The British Aristocracy have it supplied to them.

THE UAM-VAR has gained International Awards wherever it has been exhibited, and has obtained a Worldwide Celebrity for its Purity and Splendid Quality. It can be freely taken without the fear of a Headache next morning.

Without doubt the only Whisky for India.

KEMP & CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY.

UAM-VAR can also be procured at our Branch *Establishments*—Byculla, and Cumballa Hill.

RAIN GAUGES.

NO time should now be lost in placing these important Instruments, as an early Monsoon is anticipated by many observers. We recommend the following which are constructed for the heavy rainfalls of this country, holding up to 9 inches, and may be relied upon as accurate.

Rain Gauge consisting of—
Turned Brass Rimmed Funnel.
Japanned Tin Cylinder with Inspection Slit.
Receiving Bottle.
Graduated Glass Measure.
Rs. 10-8.

KEMP & Co., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

KEMP'S COCA WINE.

A MENTAL AND MUSCULAR STIMULANT.

AFTER a dose of this Wine fatigue disappears and is succeeded by an indescribable calm and satisfaction, increased strength of Brain and Muscle, and a desire for Mental and Muscular occupation.

KEMP'S Coca Wine satisfies hunger and thirst, gives new strength to the exhausted, prolongs life, and imparts joy and happiness to those who are depressed.

KEMP & Co. prepare this Wine with great care by a process specially their own.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,

CHEMISTS, &c., BY APPOINTMENT TO
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
AND
CHEMISTS IN ORDINARY TO H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT AND STRATHEARN, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE BOMBAY ARMY.
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF
CHEMICAL APPARATUS,
METEOROLOGICAL, MATHEMATICAL, SURVEYING, AND PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS OF ALL KINDS,
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPLIANCES,
PHARMACEUTICAL APPARATUS AND SUNDRIES, PURE CHEMICALS
FOR MEDICINAL USE OR ANALYSIS AND RESEARCH,
PHARMACOPŒIAL PREPARATIONS,
OF GUARANTEED UNIFORMITY AND STRENGTH,
MEDICINE CHESTS,
INVALIDS' REQUISITES, AND DIETETIC ARTICLES,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND BEST QUALITY.

THE PHARMACY DEPARTMENT

Of each of the Company's Establishments is under the constant supervision of thoroughly qualified and experienced

ENGLISH CHEMISTS,

Whose particular attention is directed to the preparation and dispensing of Medicines and to their punctual and expeditious despatch.

THE PURITY AND QUALITY OF THE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS employed are determined by Chemical Analysis, and every facility provided for preparing Medicines in strict accordance with Physicians' Prescriptions.

An exact copy of every Prescription is registered, whereby a reference is always readily obtainable.

NEW REMEDIES, INSTRUMENTS, AND APPLIANCES that receive the approbation of the Medical Profession are being continually added to the Stock.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

A., L. & W.'S PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS.

NEW MATERIALS FOR THE HOT SEASON.

MESSRS. ASQUITH, LORD, & WHITMORE will forward their newest patterns of Materials, with their descriptive Catalogue and easy Self-measurement Forms, on receipt of letter or post-card.

Their Shirts have now been worn throughout the East for nearly twenty years past, and the flattering testimonials Messrs. A., L. & W. are daily receiving justify them in saying that easy and comfortable fitting Shirts are quite indispensable to one's comfort in this Hot Climate.

ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE,
SHIRT MANUFACTURERS,
Estd. in 1870. BOMBAY. Estd. in 1870.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., LD.

RAIN GUAGES.

COMPLETE with funnel, receiver, and measure glass, perfectly accurate.

From us for
Rs. 10.
only.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., LD.,
SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENT MAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY

A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY,
Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.
One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.
Per dozen, Rs. 24; Single bottle, Rs. 2. Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.
SPECIAL TERMS GIVEN TO HOTELS, CLUBS, AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

HAMILTON AND CO.,

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS,
CHURCH GATE STREET CORNER,
BOMBAY.

THE "CROWN." SILVER KEYLESS WATCH

FOR GENTLEMEN.

THIS WATCH has been specially designed by us to meet the wishes of Customers desiring a good reliable Time-keeper, not easily thrown out of order, moderate in price, and yet ENTIRELY OF ENGLISH MANUFACTURE, THE "CROWN" WATCH fulfils all these requirements, and are recommended as good, sound English work, well able to withstand the exigencies of Indian Wear.

PRICES.—Silver Open Face.	Rs. 112 cash.
Silver Hunting Case	Rs. 122 cash.
Silver Demi-Hunting Case	Rs. 135 cash.

THE "OFFICE" WATCH.

A good Sterling Silver Keyless Watch, thoroughly Serviceable for every-day wear. Fully guaranteed.

PRICES.—Silver Open Face.	Rs. 28 cash.
Silver Hunting Case	Rs. 36 cash.
Silver Demi-Hunting Case	Rs. 38 cash.

HAMILTON AND CO.,
BOMBAY.

TANAGRA FIGURES.

PLASTIC FACSIMILES
OF
TINTED STATUETTES
FROM TANAGRA, GREECE.
R. LEUCHNER, VIENNA.

Illustrated Catalogues of this beautiful series of classic Statuettes, on application at the *Bombay Gazette* Office

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.

LACE BROOCHES.—Many light, delicate, fanciful variations on the homely theme of the pin, hearts, and darts, transfixed insects, arrows, horse shoes, tennis bats, swallows, lizards, sprays, &c., Rs. 12 to Rs. 250.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

GEM RINGS.—A choice and extensive assortment, Diamond Rings, for ladies or gentlemen, Half Hoop, Solitaire, Marquise, or Cluster, at prices varying according to weight and quality. A beautiful collection of Ruby and Diamond rings, Rs. 60 to 1,000, carefully selected and artistically set hoops and clusters of Diamonds in combination with Emeralds, Sapphires, Opals, Pearls, & Turquoise.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

PORTE BONHEUR BANGLES.—Gold with small jewelled Horseshoe, Rs. 50; gold with Diamond Duck, Rs. 45; without gems, various patterns, Rs. 32 to 80.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

CEDAR PENCILHOLDERS.—Gold, Rs. 34; Silver, Rs. 8.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

CUCKOO CLOCKS.—With spring movements, Rs. 70 to 90.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES.—Matched to a nicety.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SOLID SILVER PLATE.—Presentation articles, such as Cups, Tankards, Salvers, Breakfast, and Tea Services, Inkstands, Cigar and Cigarette cases, Fish Servers, Napkin Rings, &c.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

BINOCULAR FIELD GLASSES.—A good plain glass, height 5½ in. Diameter of object lens 2⅛ in. Black japanned and Morocco. In solid black leather case with shoulderstrap, Rs. 45.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

THE ROVER SAFETY BICYCLE.—Weldless Steel Tube framework; Ball bearings to both wheels and crankshaft; hollow forks; adjustable patent spring; new patent Chain; best red rubber tires; adjustable step and footrest; Lamplugh and Brown's patent saddle; enamelled black; all bright parts nickelled; front wheel, 32 in. to 36 in., hind wheel 30 in., geared up to any height desired, Rs. 320.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

THE SYMPHONIUM.—14 in. square, 7¼ high, with 12 music discs, Rs. 110.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

THE AUTOMATIC WATCH.—Indicates the progress of time by automatic changes of figures instead of by the movement of hands. Nickel, Rs. 45; Silver, Rs. 80, 85; gold, Rs. 225, 275.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOFORTE, Rs. 780.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

THE STEAM-HAMMER CLOCK.—The movements of the vertical Pendulum represent the action of a steam-hammer and the illusion is rendered complete by the reproduction of the entire machine in an elegant combination of nickelled and gilt bronze: on stand with glass dome, Rs. 220.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

THE CAMPAIGN WATCH, strong, accurate, reliable, full value. Nickel, Rs. 35; Silver, Rs. 50.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

ARTISTIC NOVELTIES in Electroplated-ware designed for presentation, a truly magnificent assortment now on view.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

POCKET MOUNTAIN ANEROIDS.—Cased in silver, indicate the altitudes attained in ascending mountains up to 20,000 feet, Rs. 80.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

18-CT GOLD TASSELLED CHAINS FOR LADIES.—A large number of new patterns for selection, each prettier than the other, Rs. 45 to Rs. 120.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SMALL GOLD WATCHES FOR LADIES.—Elegantly cased and ornamented, Rs. 50 to Rs. 250.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

DIAMOND BOUTON EARRINGS, set with perfectly matched brilliants of the purest water, Rs. 250 to Rs. 1,000.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SILVER CHRISTENING MUGS.—Elaborately decorated with a plain panel left for inscription, in cases, Rs. 40 to 60.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SILVER PAPER-CUTTER and BOOK-MARK, with or without pencil case, an attractive and useful little gift, at Rs. 4 and Rs. 6.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

INDESTRUCTIBLE THIMBLES, with steel or stone tops and ornamental borders, partially gilt, Re. 1-8 to Rs. 4.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

RARE TEAS.
EXTRAORDINARY TEAS.
WONDERFUL TEAS.
SPRING CROP 1888.

WE have received a small consignment of these peerless and the most perfect TEAS that India can produce. It is needless to say anything beyond recommending these unrivalled Teas, which are simply superb in flavour. A real luxury to every Tea-drinker.

PRICES—In 1 lb. Air-tight Packets :

GEM OF THE HIMALAYA	per lb. Rs. 2-8
FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE	per lb. „ 1-12

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

(STOCKS IN BOMBAY.)

MADEIRAS, 8 qualities, from the celebrated "Blandy" Stock.
From Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 per doz. quarts.
PORTS 6 „ „ Hooper Brothers, Oporto.
From Rs. 18 to Rs. 28 per doz. qts., Pints Rs. 2 extra per case.
SHERRIES 6 „ „ Manuel Gaztelu e Yriarte, Cadiz.
From Rs. 18 to Rs. 27 per doz. quarts.
Pints of Hocks and Champagnes Rs. 2 Extra per Case.

The above Wines are all CAREFULLY and SPECIALLY SELECTED for the Indian Market.

SAMPLE BOTTLES FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

Full particulars, prices, and terms from

R. RAMCHANDRA AND CO., Apollo House, Fort, Bombay,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

SOUTH-WEST MONSOON.

THORPE AND CO.

HAVE the pleasure to announce the Arrival of their WATERPROOF CLOTHING, made SPECIALLY for INDIA, sewn throughout, and the SEAMS WATERPROOFED; so that they cannot possibly come apart.

FOR MOFUSSIL ORDERS SEND HEIGHT AND SIZE ROUND CHEST.

		Rs.	a.
Drab Vulcanized Cambric Coats, light and durable, all sizes	each	9	8
Drab Vulcanized Cambric Inverness Capes, very light, all sizes	each	16	8
Cap to match the above ...Rs. 3 8 | Leggings	per pair	4	8
Drab Steam Vulcanized Coats, stout and strong, will withstand the heaviest rains, a splendid Garment for Ship Captains, Pilots, &c.	each	25	0
Cap to match ...Rs. 5 0 | Leggings	per pair	9	8
Dark Brown Cashmere Coats, the Waterproof between two cloths, and cannot possibly stick or melt when rolled up roughly, a special article	each	28	0
Inverness Capes, as above	each	35	0
Leggings to match		10	8
Double Dark Blue Twilled Paramatta "Regimental Capes," the best quality made, will never stick, "all sizes"	each	45	0
Grey and Navy Serge Coats, Waterproof between two cloths, a special article, well ventilated, will last for years		40 to 45	0
Ladies' Waterproofs, very light and durable, "Kate Hardcastle," "Mira," "Princess Ida," "Battenburg," etc., latest shapes and materials,	each	25 to 35	0
Tan Canvass Waterproof Leggings, for Lacing	pair	6	8
Waterproof, Tan Canvass Hold-alls, for Travellers	from	18	8
Stout Waterproof Ground Sheets, fitted with Brass Eyelets 84 by 48		15	8
60-in. Drab Twill Sheeting Waterproofing between two cloths	per yard	5	8
Oriental Driving Aprons, lined plaid		18	8
Vulcanized Travelling Baths, very portable	each	18	8
Vulcanized Hand Basins	each	7 8 to 8	8

THORPE & CO.,
TAILORS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE SOCIAL GATHERING AND DINNER OF OLD PROPRIETARIANS

Will come off

ON SATURDAY, 9th JUNE.

Further particulars on application to the SECRETARIES, Dhun Mills, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort.

S.S. MERTON HALL, ARRIVED 7TH JUNE, 1888.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the PRINCE'S DOCK. Chafed or Broken Packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in Boats at Steamer's option at their risk and expense.

Captain Macaulay will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims must be certified to by him and sent in within a month of steamer's arrival or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 7th June, 1888.

RUPEES 1,225.

Extra large size (two inches diameter.)

GENTLEMAN'S GOLD HUNTING HALF CHRONOMETER WATCH, by Jas. McCabe, Royal Exchange, London.

Attached with a solid 18-carat Gold Albert Chain, of full size, called Ship Cable Pattern, weighing nine and a quarter tolas.

With MORDAN'S GOLD DOUBLE TELESCOPIC PEN and PENCIL CASE, with Revolving Seal and Ring to attach.

The Name and Address of the Purchaser will be engraved free.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
ESTABLISHED 1847.

NOTICE.

ANY PERSONS having claims against the estate of the late LIEUTENANT G.E. STAVELEY, 1st Bomby Lancers, are requested to Lodge the same with the undersigned within ONE MONTH from THIS DATE after which no claims will be admitted.

H. HAY, Captain,
1st Bombay Lancers,
President of Committee of Adjustment.

Camp Deesa, 7th June, 1888.

THE VICTORIA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 35 per share, for the half-year ended 31st December, 1887, will be paid on and after THURSDAY, the 14th instant, between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m., to shareholders whose names are on the Register THIS DAY, on production of their share certificates.

By order of the Board,
For the Victoria Manufacturing Co., Ld.,
C. & F. DINSHAWJEE,
Agents.

Bombay, 6th June, 1888.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of the late HUGH ARCHIBALD McALISTER KERR in our firm CEASED on 3rd June, 1888.

MR. BEPIN BIHARI SIRCAR has been ADMITTED as a PARTNER in our firm from 4th June, 1888.

KERR TARRUCK & Co.

Bombay, 8th June, 1888.

THE CYCLOSTYLE.

(GERSTETNER'S PATENT.)

TO BE SOLD.

A SMALL Consignment of CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's Patent), complete with ink, roller, inking board, pencil, and a supply of prepared paper, in case. Size of slab: 8¼ inches by 6 inches. Will print two pages of note paper at one time.

PRICE, Rs. 15 EACH.

Apply *BOMBAY GAZETTE* Office,
ALBERT BUILDINGS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

ON and after FRIDAY next, the fifteenth instant, until further notice, the following alterations of, and additions to the Passenger Train Service over this Railway will take effect, namely:—

First.—The Down Passenger Trains now leaving Victoria Terminus, Bombay, at 8-0 a.m., 11-0 a.m., 9-0 p.m., and 11-0 p.m., will leave instead at 7-0 a.m., 10-30 a.m., 12-0 noon, and 5-0 p.m., and will arrive at Poona at 2-30, 4-30, 6-30, and 10-45 p.m., respectively.

Second.—The Up Passenger Trains which now leave Poona at 9-30 a.m., 12-30 p.m., 9-0 p.m., and 11-0 p.m., will leave at 7-30 a.m., 9-30 a.m., 12-30 p.m., and 5-0 p.m., and will arrive at the Victoria Terminus, Bombay, at 3-0 p.m., 4-30 p.m., 6-45 p.m., and 11 p.m., respectively.

Third.—The Down Mixed Train which now leaves Sholapur for Raichur at 7-5 p.m., will start instead at 6-50 p.m., and will arrive at Raichur at 6-45 on the following morning, as at present.

Fourth.—The Down Passenger Train from Dhond at 2-45 a.m. will leave at 2-55 a.m., but will reach Munmar at 10-45 a.m. as at present.

Fifth.—Some of the Local Trains now running between Bombay and Coorla, Tanna and Kalyan, will be slightly altered.

All other Trains over the Great Indian Peninsula, the Dhond and Munmar, the Bhopal, the Khamgaon, and the Amraoti (State) Railways will continue to run as at present.

2. For information as to the Trains by which Horses and Carriages will be conveyed, and for further particulars, see the published Time Table, dated the Fifteenth of June, 1888, exhibited at Stations.

HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the Eighth of June, 1888.

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT—

By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice that the THIRD SESSIONS of 1888 of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY, will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the twenth seventh day of June inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, and other Felonies, Perjuries, Trespasses, and other Crimes, Misdemeanours and Offences, had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear, and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanours, Offences, Wrongs, and Oppressions, had, done, or committed by any of Her Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to, or dependent upon, the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanours, Offences, and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the Limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.—Dated this 4th day of June, 1888.

THOMAS BLANEY,
Sheriff of Bombay.

THE undersigned begs to inform his numerous Patrons, Constituents, and the Public that he has quite recently received per s.s. "Melpomene" the following goods of the best quality. The prices are exceptionally cheap to suit everybody.

Gents', Ladies', and Boys' Waterproof Cloaks and Coats of different kinds. Superior quality, lasting, elegant, and light in weight, in all sizes. Gents' best Waterproof umbrellas, Coachmen's black broadcloth, rain coats. Gents' double sole, lace, and elastic monsoon boots, very durable, light in weight, and perfectly water-tight.

White waterproof sheets of small and large sizes.

ESSUBJEE ADUMJEE,
Tailor and Outfitter.

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THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co. our Agents at Poona or the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily.
" " " Overland Summary
" " " Weekly Budget
" " " Bi-weekly
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Maclean's Guide to Bombay

And for all other publications issuing from this Office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co.
Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.

COLLECTION of LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price Rs. 5 interleaved Rs. 6.

NOTICES.

CEYLON.

NUWARA ELIYA, the Sanitarium of the East, 6,300 feet above sea level.

"CRITERION HOTEL"

situated in the prettiest part of Nuvara Eliya Gardens General aspect unrivalled. Contains every requisite necessary in a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The Hotel is under competent European Management. Terms per week, Rs. 40. Per month, Rs. 150. Other charges very moderate. Please refer to Madras People's Almanac.

W. JORDAN AND Co., Proprietors.

DESIGNS for a COTTON SPINNING and WEAVING MILL to be ERECTED at Colombo, Ceylon, and tenders for supplying and erecting a complete installation of Machinery for same, are invited by the undersigned, who will supply particulars as to the extent of the Mill, description of yarns and goods to be made, area of land, water-supply, &c.

Communications should be addressed in time to reach us not later than 31st July.

DARLEY, BUTLER & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
Ceylon Spinning and Weaving, Co., Ld.
Colombo.

"RANGOON GAZETTE."

THE MOST POPULAR DAILY IN BURMA.

GUARANTEED.—Double the circulation of any other paper in the province.

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GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
BROKEN CASTINGS.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m., Gunfire, on FRIDAY, the 8th instant, offers for the purchase of any quantity of the following Broken Castings, up to an aggregate of

500 tons Cast Iron Chairs.
400 Do. do. Pot Sleepers.

Weighed over and delivered on the spot.

Cash to be paid on acceptance of Tender.

The material to be removed within one month, failing which, ground rent at the rate of Re. 1 per square yard per month will be charged, the Company reserving the right to sell at the risk and expense of the Purchaser any material not removed at the expiration of two months from date of purchase.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made on the Company's form, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 10 per ton up to a maximum of Rs. 500.

The material is lying at Wari Bunder, Mazagon, and can be viewed on application to the Wharf Superintendent; and Forms of Tender obtained from the undersigned.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

ALFRED KING,
Stoorekeeper.

Stoorkeeper's Office, Parel, 4th June, 1888.

LIPPERT'S HOTEL,

OPPOSITE BYCULLA RAILWAY STATION.

ENTIRELY UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

THE Landlady personally looks after the comfort of Ladies and Children. A new upper-storey has been added.

The Rooms are considered the coolest in Bombay.

The Hotel has been newly-furnished, and no expense has been spared to ensure the comfort of Visitors.

The Bar and Billard Rooms (separate buildings) open into an extensive and well-kept garden, which forms a favourite resort for Ladies and Children.

ALES, WINES, AND SPIRITS OF THE BEST DESCRIPTION.

☞ Charges very low to meet competition in Bombay

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FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500, and upwards.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " "
" 12 " 5 " "

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BERIGNY & Co., CALCUTTA.

NO. 1—MAHOGANY ACCIDENT CASE, containing six Tinctures for External Use, in stoppered bottles; Plaster, and a Book of Directions. This case will be found most useful in all cases of Accident Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Scalds, Sprains, Abrasions of the Skin, Blisters from Rowing, Riding, or any violent exercises. Price Rs. 20.

No. 2—TINCTURE CASE, adapted to Dr. Laurie's "Guide for Family Use," as complete as possible, and well suited for beginners in Homœopathic practice. Price Rs. 35.

No. 15—VERTICAL MAHOGANY TINCTURE CASE, adapted to, and containing, Berjean's "Treatment of Syphilis, &c." Price Rs. 50.

No. 16—RIFLE VOLUNTEER'S ACCIDENT CASE, contains three Tinctures for External Treatment, sit, bottles of Pilules for Internal Use, Plaster and Linx with a little Chart of Instructions how all are to be used, in a compact and portable form, very little larger than a purse, which can be carried without inconvenience in the breastpocket, Price complete Rs. 10.

No. 17—VETERINARY CHEST, a case of medicines adapted to Harry Gooday's "Text Book of Veterinary Practice", for the treatment of the Horse, Dog, &c., containing a selection of the principal remedies, twenty-four in number, in half ounce bottles. Price Rs. 20.

No. 18—VETERINARY CHEST. A great big oak case adapted to Dr. Moores' Veterinary Homœopathy for the treatment of Beasts, and containing all the medicines required, that is seventy-two pound and ounce bottles of Tinctures, nine half-ounce bottles of Triturations, a Graduated Drenching Glass, a pair of Scales and Weights, Scissors, Lint, Guttapercha, and all other requisites—suitable for gentlemen owners of horses, horse dealers, stable keepers, veterinary surgeons, particularly Mofussil Residents. Price Rs. 115.

The above are only a few among many others always in stock. Medicine chests to suit in taste and requirements of customers made on the shortest notice.

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Trial respectfully solicited.

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INCLUDING

THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION AND PRESENT POSITION

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All Long Cloth, for wear under uniform,	½ dozen	Rs.	21
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Fine Long Cloth, Extra Fine Linen Cuffs, Fronts and Bands	"	"	33
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French Cambric Shirts, Newest Designs, Fast Colours, Collars on	"	"	33
Best Oxford Shirts, Specialities (300 Patterns), Collars on	"	"	36
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Silk and Wool, White and Coloured, delightfully cool material, well shrunk	"	"	54
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BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

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MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.

WATCH MANUFACTURERS
AND
WHOLESALE WATCH SUPPLIERS
OFFER NOW THE WHOLE STOCK OF THEIR
NON-KEYLESS WATCHES
REDUCTION OF 20 PER CENT.

N.B.—At a Meeting of the Directors of the above Company, on the 22nd March, it was resolved that the stock of their Key-winding Gold and Silver Watches should be offered to the Public at a reduction of 20 per cent. with the exception of their McCabe's Gold Watches, on which they allow 10 per cent. only.

This concession will, no doubt, induce intending Purchasers to obtain a good Watch at a very low price.

To Mofussil Constituents—we shall be glad to send a few Watches to select from on being informed of the approximate value.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED
WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SARSAPARILLA.

WILKINSON'S Essence or Fluid Extract of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the only preparation recognised by the Faculty as a wonderful Purifier of the Human Blood.

Those suffering from the effects of Tropical Climates, such as Torpid Liver, Attenuation of Body, Eruptions, Debility, Lassitude, &c., &c., will by taking this Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla, soon find relief and, ultimately, a cure.

It is asserted on *reliable* authority that by taking a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.

"We recommend your RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA."—MEDICAL REVIEW.

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—SIR R. MARTIN.

The late Lord Clyde, writing for WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA, says, "I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts, from anxiety and fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

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CAUTION—See that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address, also Trade Mark, W AT THE BOTTOM OF THE BOTTLE.

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TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGL.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

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From Rs. 15 per month.

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OPPOSITE CLOCK TOWER,
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AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY.
FOR
1888.

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AT THE

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WITH

Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.

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These Dyes are far superior to all other dyes or dye stuffs not only in the bright shades, but in Black, Brown, Blue, Scarlet, Cardinal Red, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Olive Green, Maroon, Magenta, and 20 other leading colours.

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SKIN DISEASES.

Are of two kinds: firstly, those which are only skin deep (which are not now to be considered); secondly, those which are caused by a bad state of the blood, and which attack various parts of the body in different ways. Skin diseases shows itself in the HEAD, sometimes in the form of Dandruff which no amount of brushing and combing will get rid of, and sometimes in the form of Scaly Eruptions. In the NECK, by an enlargement of the glands (commonly called Glandular Swellings), which if unchecked become very unsightly wounds. In the ARMPITS, and the inside of the ELBOWS, by an inflamed Roughness of the Skin, which is very painful when washed. In the HANDS, by deep Cracks or Fissures which, if healed for a few days, speedily open again, or by horny-looking patches. In the LEGS, by Hard, Shiny and Inflamed Swellings, or by wounds more or less deep. And on the BODY, in Red Scaly Patches, which as often as rubbed off, form again or in the discharge of a thin, watery fluid of a very disagreeable nature. In all these cases the treatment must be twofold. An Ointment is required to relieve Itching, and Medicine must be taken to change the state of the Blood, and render it pure.

Both these requirements are supplied by

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The OINTMENT called

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And the

ALTERATIVE PILLS,

Called "PILULÆ ANTISCROFULÆ."

These Two Medicines have now stood the test of 100 years trial, having been introduced to the public in the latter part of the last century.

They may be obtained of all Chemists, or of the Proprietors

BEACH & BARNICOTT, BRIDPORT, DORSET.

Price 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s, and 22s. each. *Postage extra*,

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Bombay Branch.

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By Order of the Directors.
H. CHALMERS, Manager.

DR. DE ROOS'

CONCENTRATED GUTTÆ VITÆ OR VEGETABLE LIFE DROPS.

THE alchemists of old spent years in endeavouring to find out the means of transmuting the baser metals into gold, but in vain. It was, however, reserved for a physician of the 19th Century to make a far more valuable discovery in occult science—the result of deep research into the arcana of Nature's mysteries—which is here offered to the world; and the pleasing results of a quarter of a century, during which time this wonderful medicine has been tried in every quarter of the globe, all corroborate the most sanguine of the Inventor's hopes. Thousands of voluntary testimonials from grateful patients testify to the fact that from this remarkable tonic alone, new life has been imparted to numbers of debilitated individuals; and it is not too much to say that hundreds of persons are at the present day in full enjoyment of their mental and bodily powers—in thorough good health—who previously were confirmed hypochondriacs, had been given up by the faculty as incurable and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends.

This great life-reviving medicine gives vitality and strength to the most shattered constitutions. It not only strengthens the system but purifies the blood, and promotes a healthy circulation of the fluids, thus imparting strength and tone to the nerves, enlivening and invigorating both body and mind. It greatly improves the appetite and restores the digestive powers, whilst for dyspeptic persons it is unrivalled. Those who (from long residence in hot climates) suffer from langour and relaxation, as also all persons going to the East or West Indigo should provide themselves with this important article on health.

Youth and age equally participate in the miraculous effects of this wondrous medicine, for whether the body be debilitated in early life, or sinking under the advance of years, a few doses will speedily afford assurance of returning health, by giving tone to the muscular and nervous systems, and through the organs of digestion renovating the whole constitution. To the young it affords health, strength, and spirits, in place of lassitude and debility; while to the aged and infirm it assuredly furnishes great relief and comfort, by gently and safely invigorating the whole corporeal frame; and although it is not put forward as imparting immortality, it will certainly gild the autumn of declining years, and in all cases, calmly and serenely protract the close of life. For females of all ages, as also for delicate children who cannot take cod-liver oil, the Guttæ Vitæ will be found a great boon—being far superior in its strengthening properties, and at the same time so pleasant to the palate that it can hardly be called a medicine. To married persons, especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity for exertion. Price, 11s. and 33s, per bottle, The large size contains sufficient for four weeks.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURES, &c.

DR. DE ROOS'

COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are justly celebrated all over the world as the most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges of any kind, Stone in the Bladder and diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs generally.

These celebrated Pills are an infallible remedy in the most obstinate cases. By their use alone many thousands are annually restored to health and the agonies of gout and rheumatism may now be considered a voluntary affliction, as no one need suffer these excruciating torments if they will only have recourse to these Pills, which are confidently recommended by the proprietor as the only real specific; whilst for weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages 1s., 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s.

DR. DE ROOS'

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Polo, Maidan, 5-30 p. m.

Vessels arrived.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Lord Lansdown (s), from Glasgow; Busheer (s), Marmagoa; Medusa (s), Triest; Merton Hall (s), Liverpool.

Vessels sailed.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Peshwa (s), for Calcutta and Coast; Warwick (s), Singapore. To-day:—California (s), for Liverpool; Calder (s), Persian Gulf; Crathorne (s), Havre.

Victoria Dock.—The s. s. Algoma left the dock yesterday.

Prince's Dock.—The s. s. Flambro left the dock on the 6th. The s. s. Medusa and Merton Hall entered, and the s. s. Berenice left, the dock yesterday.

Polo.—The game this evening will be:—Stripes.—Messrs. Barton (Capt.), Graham, Nathan, and Lawrence *vs.* White.—Messrs. Savile (Capt.), Dixon, Prevost, and Lovett. Play will commence at 5-30, weather permitting.

The Fort Police Court Poor-box.—The Chief Presidency Magistrate acknowledges with thanks a donation of Rs. 25, for the Poor-box, from "Billiards."

Lost.—Mrs. McWhraith, living in Grant Buildings, reported to the police, on Wednesday, the loss of a diamond ring, valued at Rs. 175, which she had forgetfully left in her bath-room on that day.

Y. M. C. A. Concert.—In aid of the funds of the athletic club in connection with the Bombay Young Men's Christian Association an instrumental and vocal concert was given in their rooms, near the Apollo Bunder, last evening. The attendance was interfered with by the inclemency of the weather.

Dismissed from Government Service.—Kalu valad Bahadur, revenue patil of mauze Pahan, taluka Pachora, in the Khandesh Collectorate, having been convicted under Section 9 of Act I. of 1878, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.

Adjourned Inquest.—The coroner resumed yesterday, at the morgue, the inquest into the circumstances touching the death of the child Banna, who was buried under a cattle-shed that had fallen on Sunday last at the back of Moos Building, in Grant Road. The medical evidence went to show that the death of the deceased was due to fracture of the skull. Mr. J. W. Smith, the Acting Executive Engineer of the Municipality, was of opinion that the fall of the shed was due to inferior workmanship. The verdict was that the death of Banna was due to fracture of the skull, caused by the fall of a bullock shed.

Committed to the Sessions.—Goolam Hoosein Adam *alias* Mouna, against whom there appears a register of thirteen previous convictions, was yesterday charged by Inspector Young, before Mr. P. Ryan, with stealing a silver anklet, valued at Rs. 5, the property of Sagoona, woman, on the 2nd instant. The accused on the date in question was observed by a Borah removing the silver anklet from a child that the woman was carrying at Falkland Road, and was making off with it, when he informed a policeman. The accused when arrested threw the anklet on the roof of a house. The Magistrate, after taking the evidence of the witnesses for the prosecution, formally committed the accused for trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the High Court.

Births and Deaths in Bombay.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 5th June, 1888, was 513, being 48 more than the preceding week and 107 more than the week ending the 31st May, 1887, and 61 more than the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 322 births were reported in the different districts. There were 12 deaths from cholera, being 2 more than last week. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population was 28·37. There were 122 deaths from remittent fever, being 14 more than last week and 24 more than the corresponding week of last year. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa and dysentery were 88, 14 and 7 last week, against 68, 21 and 9 respectively, in the corresponding week of last year.

A Dishonest Servant and his Accomplice.—Rama Babajee, a Hindoo lad, and servant to Narayen Crishna, a clerk, leaving at Mahim, and Ramchunder Gunsett, a goldsmith, were yesterday charged, before Mr. P. Ryan, accused No. 1 with stealing a silver umbrella and a silver crown, valued at Rs. 6-12, the property of his master, and No. 2 with dishonestly receiving the said property, knowing the same to have been stolen. The articles were missed by complainant on Monday last. Suspecting accused No. 1, who was his servant, and had left his service on the Friday previous, informed the police, who had him arrested. Accused acknowledged his guilty and pointed out accused No. 2, the goldsmith, to whom he had given the articles. This man, it appeared, melted the articles, but produced the silver. They were both convicted. Accused No. 1 was fined Rs. 20, with the alternative of fourteen days' simple imprisonment, and No. 2 was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY TOWN COUNCIL.

The weekly meeting of the Town Council was held yesterday, Mr. Dosabhoy Framji presiding. The other members present were Sir Henry Morland, Col. Merewether, Dr. Waters, Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, Messrs. Javerilal Umiashankar, R. M. Sayani, R. N. Khote, Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, and Dr. Cowasji Hormusji.

THE NESBIT ROAD BRIDGE.

Mr. Charles, Acting Municipal Commissioner, asked the Council to recommend the Corporation to sanction the closing of the Nesbit Lane old level crossing and the payment to the G. I. P. Railway Company of 5 per cent. for supervision charges for the construction of the old Nesbit Road Bridge, to the debit of savings on the original grant. He also asked the Council's sanction to the purchase of land from the company 260 feet long by 20 wide, for widening the Parel Road between the opening to the present Byculla Railway Station and old Nesbit Lane, as also to the widening of the road at Byculla Bridge, and selling back of the wall to allow of the construction of steps from the northern approach of the bridge to Bai Jamnabai's Charitable Serai.

The sanction asked for was granted, and the Council adjourned, after having transacted some other routine business.

EXTENSIVE THEFT OF WHEAT FROM MESSRS. RALLI BROTHERS.

At the Fort Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Guider charged Nathooram Pitamber, *alias* Tulsiram Pitamber, a mendicant, Dewjee Dada, a cart-driver, and Goverdhunder Dewjee, a clerk employed by Messrs. Ralli Brothers, before Mr. Crawley-Boevey, the first with dishonestly receiving sixteen bags of wheat, the property of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, and the others with abetment and theft of the same. Mr. Owen, of the firm of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, who appeared on behalf of the firm, stated the facts of the case. The wheat had been bought in the bazaar, and had been loaded in the cart of the second accused, who was directed to take the bags to the godown of Messrs. Ralli Brothers. At the godown the clerk had to take receipt of the wheat and store it there; the receipt was then taken to the cashier, and the cart hire paid by the latter after he had initialled the pass. In the present case it appeared that the clerk, the third accused, did not take charge of the wheat, but sent on the receipt to the cashier, who then paid the driver's fare. The wheat was taken away again and eventually found by the police, who received certain information in the matter, with the mendicant, to whom it seemed the bags had been made over by the cart-driver for Rs. 5. These were shortly the outlines of the case, but Mr. Owen added that Messrs. Ralli Brothers had reason to think that a very serious theft had been committed, the extent of which they did not know, as it happened in the height of the busy season, and the firm were most extensive dealers in grain. There could be little doubt that a theft had been committed, and that two or three and even more persons were concerned in it. Mr. Owen stated that he was unable to give much evidence that day, and asked for an adjournment of the case. The Magistrate thought some evidence was necessary before he could grant a postponement. The formal complaint entered in the police book was then put in and accepted by his Worship as sufficient grounds for granting an adjournment for a week, allowing the police the custody of the prisoners.

BOMBAY EAST INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

At the anniversary meeting of the B. E. I. Association, held on Sunday, the 3rd instant, at Dr. Antonio da Silva School, Dadar, the following short memo. on the progress of the Association was read by the secretary, Mr. Britto:—"The Bombay East Indian Association was established on the 26th May, 1887, for the advancement of the political, social, educational and other interests of the East Indian community of Bombay, Salsette and Bassein. This event marked a new epoch in the annals of the community, and was the most visible outcome of the enthusiasm which prevailed during the celebration in Bombay of the Jubilee of her Majesty the Queen-Empress. The Association has received during the short space of a year a considerable accession to its numerical strength, and there is a clear and unmistakeable indication that it is fast becoming popular, not only amongst the respectable and educated portion of the community, but also amongst the rest, who are now fully alive to the necessity of an Association like this. It started with 54 members. In July, 1887, the number increased to 90; in August, to 227; in September, to 325; in October, to 361; in November, to 416; and in December, to 462. The number now on the roll is 584, of whom 76 are ladies. The managing committee consisted at first of 47 members, but on the 16th October, 1887, 53 additional members, including three ladies, were appointed. The selection was made with due regard to the representation of the several wards, districts and villages in Bombay, Salsette and Bassein. Twenty meetings were held during the year, at which important subjects were taken into consideration; of these two were special general meetings of the members of the Association; six were meetings of the managing committee; nine of the various sub-committees appointed; and three of the consulting board. The very first business of importance which engaged the attention of the managing committee was the deputation of a member to give evidence before the Public Service Commission which assembled on 18th July, 1887. Mr. Joseph Bocarro (junior,) treasurer of the Association, was deputed with instructions to urge the claims of the community to employment in the higher grades of the Police, Custom and Telegraph Departments on the same terms and emoluments as Europeans and Eurasians; and it is satisfactory to note that the able and efficient manner in which he executed his commission fully justified the selection made by the committee and the confidence reposed in him by it. The managing committee next turned their attention to the establishment of a Death Benefit Fund, which was started on 16th October, 1887. The advantages of this fund are well known. The number of subscribers registered up to date is 238; and, it is hoped, that the present subscribers will use their influence to make known the usefulness of this fund to all their friends, and thus induce them to join and increase the number to 1,000. The managing committee have framed schemes for the development of the Association by establishing branches in various centres and for the intellectual and physical training of the youth of the community. These schemes will shortly be carried out. One of the members of the committee, Mr. D. F. Leao, has placed at the disposal of the Association a sum of Rs. 500 for the establishment of a prize, to be given in the name of his late revered mother. Another sum of Rs. 500 has been raised by the Association for the establishment of prizes in the name of its esteemed president. A fund is shortly to be raised by subscriptions, fancy bazaars, concerts, &c., for the establishment of scholarships and prizes, and for devising such other educational projects as may hereafter be deemed practicable. The receipts up to 31st May, 1888, were Rs. 725-12-0; and the expenditure amounted to Rs. 126-9-0, leaving a balance of Rs. 599-3; out of which Rs. 500 have been invested in Government securities of the 4 per cent. loan."

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

June 11.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
High Court re-opens.
„ 12.—Departure of M. S. Kaisar-i-Hind.
„ 14.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
„ 18.—Prince of Wales Press Co., 3 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
„ 19.—Departure of M. S. Assam.
„ 20.—Town Council, 3 p.m.
„ 21.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
„ 25.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
„ 26.—Departure of M. S. Clyde.
Badneira Manufacturing Co., 3 p.m.
„ 27.—Town Council, 3 p.m.
„ 28.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Coronation Day.
July 3.—Departure of M. S. Siam.
„ 10.—Departure of M. S. Ganges.
„ 24.—Bangalore Races.
„ 26.—Bangalore Races.
„ 28.—Bangalore Races.
„ 31.—Bangalore Races.
Aug. 7.—Poona Sky Races.
„ 9.—Poona Sky Races
„ 14.—Lucknow Sky Races.
„ 16.—Lucknow Sky Races.
„ 18.—Lucknow Sky Races.
„ 23.—Bombay Presidency Assault-at-Arms.
„ 24.—Bombay Presidency Assault-at-Arms.
„ 25.—Bombay Presidency Assault-at-Arms.
Secunderabad Sky Races.
„ 28.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
„ 30.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
Sept. 1.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
„ 3.—Soldiers' Industrial Exhibition, Poona.
„ 20.—Poona Races.
„ 22.—Poona Races.
„ 25.—Poona Races.
„ 27.—Poona Races.
„ 29.—Poona Races.
Oct. 15.—Mysore Sky Races.
„ 17.—Mysore Sky Races.
„ 19.—Mysore Sky Races.
„ 30.—Lucknow Autumn Races.
Nov. 1.—Lucknow Autumn Races.
„ 3.—Lucknow Autumn Races.
„ 6.—Meerut Autumn Races.
„ 8.—Meerut Autumn Races.
„ 10.—Meerut Autumn Races.
„ 17.—Hyderabad Races.
Sonepore Races.
„ 20.—Hyderabad Races.
Sonepore Races.
„ 22.—Hyderabad Races.
Sonepore Races.
„ 24.—Hyderabad Races.
Dec. 22.—Calcutta Races (First Meeting.)
„ 26.—Calcutta Races (First Meeting.)
„ 29.—Calcutta Races (First Meeting.)

A positive contradiction is given at St. Petersburg to the reports that Russia was preparing a *coup de main* in Central Asia or in Persia. It is added that the measures taken by the Russian Government are merely of a precautionary character, having for their object the protection of the Russian frontier in view of possible insurrectionary movements in the province of Herat.

The deep affection of the German people for their Emperor manifests itself from time to time in a touching way. A deaf and dumb painter named Kinder, at Bykovine, in Silesia, wrote lately to Sir Morell Mackenzie offering to sacrifice his healthy larynx for the Emperor if it were possible and advantageous to use it. In his reply Sir Morell says:—"Your devotion is deserving of all honour; but I cannot accept the great sacrifice which you offer, for it would unhappily neither help his Majesty the Emperor nor serve the cause of science."

Colonel Gallieni, commander of the French forces on the Senegal, has despatched several missions through the Foutah-Djallon country to explore the country and report on the shortest route to the rivers running into the Atlantic between the Gambia and Sierra Leone. The object of these French missions is to divert the trade of the Foutah-Djallon and neighbouring territories from the Sierra Leone route, by which it now finds an outlet to the sea, and turn it towards the French trading ports on the Nunez and Mellicanrie. They are also intended to counteract the objects of the English mission, under Major Festing, which left Sierra Leone recently for the same country.

The accounts of the sea-borne trade of Bengal for the past year show a total increase of some 212 lakhs. The aggregate value of exports and imports amounted to about 70¾ crores, a figure which has been only once exceeded. The increase in the year's trade shows itself everywhere except in coasting imports. As to details one of the most satisfactory points in the accounts is the marked recovery in the trade with Australia, which had been steadily falling since 1882-83, but last year showed the largest proportionate advance of the trade with any foreign country. It is especially gratifying to find that the exports of Indian produce to Australia rose by over 113 per cent. The trade with America and Germany also shows a noteworthy increase, and Russia with her kerosine oil imports is beginning to figure in the list; but Belgium, with which a considerable trade had of late years been springing up, records a marked decline.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY SEASON REPORTS.

The following are the Bombay season reports for the week ending 5th June:—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on the 4th, 13 feet 3 inches, against 10 feet on corresponding date last year. Sowings for kharif commenced. Agricultural stock healthy.

Shikarpur.—Slight rain in two talukas. Kharif sowing commenced. River 12 feet 6 inches against 9 feet 2 inches on the same date last year. Agricultural stock good.

Hyderabad.—Rabi harvesting completed except in five talukas. Kharif cultivation in progress. Agricultural stock healthy, except in one taluka.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Rain threatened at Kashmor and Shahdadpur on 1st; good supply in Begari Canal.

Ahmedabad.—Slight rain in two talukas. Cholera general in Daskroi, Dhandhuka, Sanand, Viramgam and Ahmedabad City, but epidemic now subsiding; 48 fatal cases in city. Thermometer lower, ranging from 112 deg to 74 deg. in the shade.

Panch Mahals.—Field operations continue; agricultural condition good.

Kaira.—Rain 20 cents in Kapadvanj. Cotton-picking completed; preparations for monsoon sowing progressing.

Broach.—Preparations for monsoon going on. Cattle healthy generally, but slight foot and mouth disease reported from Amod Taluka. Prices of food grains normal. Cholera continues severe in Jambusar Taluka; slight in city. Weather cloudy, with high S-W. wind.

Surat.—Preparation for the next season in progress. Agricultural stock in fair condition. Cholera general throughout the district excepting the Pardi Taluka; 348 cases, 165 deaths.

Nasik.—Rain in Sinnar 79, Igatpuri 61, and Chandor 65 cents. Preparations for the next season's crops progressing. Cattle healthy.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain on 4th and 5th; total of week 23 cents, total from 1st January 2 inches 20 cents, being 6 cents above average. Abnormal temperature 1 deg. warm from 30th to 4th and *nil* on 5th. Vapour in air excessive except on 1st and 4th, when it was normal. Wind normal on 2nd and 3rd; abnormal wind northerly from 30th to 1st, and southerly and strong on 4th and 5th. Lightning on 2nd and 4th, thunder and lightning on 3rd and 5th.

Thana.—Preparations for next season's rice crop progressing. Cholera in nine talukas; cases 205, fatal 154. Condition of agricultural stock good. Want of fodder in two talukas. Second sort rice, 22 pounds.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 4th June 1888).—Rain 31 cents, total 1 inch 97 cents. Slight cholera in Pen and Panvel Talukas. Sowing commenced. Rice, second sort, 26½, and tur dal, second sort, 21 pounds per rupee.

Ratnagiri.—Rain 26 cents, total 2 inches 81 cents. Preparation of lands for next cultivation completed. Agricultural stock in good condition. Want of fodder felt in two talukas.

Poona.—Rain in Junnar, Indapur, Khed and Sirur Talukas in petha Baramati and Poona City; maximum 3 inches 31 cents in Khed and minimum 23 cents in petha Baramati. Land is being prepared for the approaching season. Agricultural stock good. Public health fair. Bajri 31 and jowari 39 pounds in the district, and bajri 28 and jowari 33 pounds per rupee in Poona City.

Ahmednagar.—Ploughing in progress. Cholera in three talukas. Slight rain in four talukas. Bajri 30 and jowari 50 pounds.

Sholapur.—Rain in Pandharpur 3 cents. Lands are being prepared for the next season. Condition of the agricultural stock is generally good. Jowari 41½ and bajri 38½ pounds.

Satara.—Ploughing operations in progress. Condition of agricultural stock good.

Bijapur.—Ploughing operations continue. Rain maximum in Sindgi 3 inches and 74 cents, minimum in Bijapur 10 cents. Kharif sowing commenced in places in Muddebihal and Hungund. Condition of agricultural stock good.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 1 inch 25 cents, total 4 inches 96 cents; elsewhere from 2 inches 40 cents at Sampgaon to 4 cents at Hukeri. Kharif sowing continues in Belgaum, Sampgaon and Khanapur Talukas; elsewhere land being prepared for sowing. More rain required. Agricultural stock good.

Dharwar.—Rain normal and general; average rainfall during week 2 inches 36 cents. Ploughing in progress; rice-sowing in progress in western talukas.

Kanara.—Moonsoon set in; rain 60 cents. Sowing continues; rice plants sprouting.

Rajkot.—Rain 2 inches 10 cents. Ploughing of land for kharif crops in progress. Agricultural stock in tolerably good condition. Scarcity of fodder reported in some villages under Jetpur.

Wadhwan.—Rain 27 cents, total 1 inch 50 cents. Preparations for monsoon cultivation in progress. Water and fodder scarcity continues.

Baroda.—Public health fair; slight cholera in Baroda, Choranda, Padra, Dabhoi, Sinor and Petlad Talukas of Baroda Division, and Gandevi, Vyara and Moha Talukas of Navasari Division; also throughout the Kadi and Amreli Divisions; in city Baroda there were 40 deaths from cholera during week; there were also 36 deaths from fever; cattle-disease in the Dhari Taluka of Amreli Division. Agricultural stock good. No scarcity of fodder. Probable outturn of crops from 8 to 12 annas. Bajri 24, wheat 18, and rice 23 pounds.

General Remarks.—Rain in parts of Shikarpur, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Nasik, Kolaba, Ratnagiri, Poona, Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Bijapur, Belgaum, Dharwar, Kanara and Kathiawar. Harvesting late crops still incomplete in parts of Hyderabad. Ploughing for next season completed in Ratnagiri, progressing elsewhere. Sowing early crops in progress in Karachi Shikarpur, Hyderabad, Kolaba, Bijapur, Belgaum Dharwar and Kanara. Fodder scarce in parts of Thana, Ratnagiri and Kathiawar.

MILITARY OFFICERS IN CIVIL EMPLOY.

The following changes are notified in the Civil Leave Code:—

As regards the definition of "Active Service," substitute the following for the portion, beginning with "In the case of a Military Officer," &c., down to "Rule I., under clause (*i*) above, applies also to Military Officers subject to Civil Rules":—

"In the case of a Military Officer, subject to Civil Rules, Active Service for the purpose of calculating the amount of leave admissible under the Rules of this Code commences from the date of first substantive appointment in the Civil Department, except in the case of an Officer of the Royal Engineers, who was in civil employ on the 1st November, 1886, and elected for Continuous Service in India, who counts Active Service from the date of his election.

"Note.—For the purpose of determining whether leave may be granted to such an Officer, and the amount of the leave allowances, Continuous Service and Active Service include any previous service which would be treated as such under these Rules.

"Rules (*g*) and (*i*) above apply to Military Officers subject to Civil Rules."

(*b*).—Page VIII.

Definition of Continuous Service and Continuous Active Service. Add at the end:—

"And in the case of a Royal Engineer who has elected for Continuous Service in India, furlough on urgent private affairs under Rule XI. of the Rules of 1868."

(*c*)—Page 159.

Section 48, Proviso (II.)

Add the following Note:

"Note.—The amount of furlough due under Military Rules is calculated on the whole period of service qualifying for furlough, *i. e.*, without reference to the minimum periods of service that must be completed before furlough can be granted under those Rules, deducting from this amount any leave actually taken which under those Rules reduces the amount of furlough due. When a Military Officer becomes subject to the Civil Rules, the Military Department will, on application and on being furnished with the date of commencement of Active Service, furnish to the Civil Account Officer, to whose audit such officer becomes subject, a memorandum showing the furlough earned, the different kinds of leave taken (distinguishing those which should be deducted from the the maximum furlough admissible), and the balance of furlough due to him under Military Rules.

(*d*).—Page 160.

Section 49 (3).

Strike out the words—

"Or Rules 1 and 6 of the Military Furlough and Leave Rules of 1875,"

and add the following Note.

"Not.—See also Note to Section 48, Proviso (II)."

(*e*).—Page 164.

Section 61, Rule 1.

Substitute the following for this Rule as amended by Addendum No. 163.

1. The corresponding leave under the Covenanted Civil Service Leave Rules in force before the 1st July 1868 and furlough under Rules XI. of the Military Furlough Rules of 1868, are "Special Leave" within the meaning of this proviso.

A sad accident is reported from Delhi, where a soldier stationed in the fort, who was unsteady from drink, fell from the ramparts and was killed.

BENGAL.

A Dishonest Servant Boy.—Mr. Joe Pearson, a trainer and jockey, at Calcutta, charged a Mahommedan lad in his employ with the theft of a Government currency note for Rs. 100. Complaint stated that he had been to Rangoon, taking accused with him, and they left Rangoon for Calcutta on Wednesday week. Accused used to keep the keys of the boxes, which were in his charge, and he had stolen the note either on the passage out, or the night previous to leaving Rangoon. Accused was arrested by Inspector Merriman, on suspicion, while endeavouring to dispose of a note for Rs. 50. When questioned by the police, he stated that he had won the money at the Rangoon races, and afterwards that he picked it up. His Worship convicted accused, and sentenced him to a whipping of 12 stripes as a juvenile—*Indian Daily News.*

Murder or Suicide?—On Saturday morning, at Calcutta, a woman, named Hinghee Bibee, aged about 45 years or more, met with her death at her residence in Colvin Bustee under curious circumstances. It is alleged that the deceased had a husband, named Ali Bux, who was considerably younger than herself. Latterly he appears to have slackened in his attentions towards her, which gave rise to frequent altercations, in the course of which she charged him with infidelity. At 7 o'clock on Saturday morning, she was seen seated outside her house smoking and conversing with her husband, when suddenly she went inside the house. About 15 minutes afterwards, her husband followed her; a short while after that, there was a cry for help. On the neighbours entering the house, they found the deceased lying on the floor, and her husband pouring water on her face. A piece of twisted cloth was found cut in two—one portion tied to a bamboo and the other lying close to the woman. The husband, taking advantage of the confusion, made himself scarce, and is still at large.—*Ibid.*

VITAL STATISTICS OF CALCUTTA.

The following is the Calcutta Health Officer's report for the month of April:—

The total number of births registered in April was 628 against 757 in the preceding month, giving an annual ratio of 17·3 against 20·9 per 1,000 of the population. This exceeds all the corresponding figures of the past decade, excepting 1884, 1885, and 1887, and also surpasses the decennial mean by 47. Of the 628 births, 332 were males and 296 females. The decennial mean was 581.

During the month 549 cases of vaccination and 71 cases of re-vaccination were performed, against 1,619 and 265, respectively, in the preceding month. Of the primary vaccinations 276 were under one year of age, 235 above one year and under six years of age, and 38 above six years. Of these 460, or 83·8 per cent., were successful, 32, or 6·8 per cent., were unsuccessful, and 57, or 10·4 per cent., were doubtful or could not be traced; 283 were males and 266 females; of the re-vaccinated, 60 were males and 11 females. Among the different races 397 were Hindus, 195 Mahommedans, 12 mixed races, 12 Non-Asiatics, and 4 other classes.

The number of deaths (exclusive of still-births) registered in April was 1,028, against 1,075 in the preceding month, showing an annual ratio of 28·4, against 29·7 per 1,000 of the population. The proportion of male to female deaths was as 146 to 100. The monthly total is less than all the corresponding figures of the past decade, excepting 1880, 1886, and 1887, and is also below the decennial average by 168. Compared with the corresponding month of the previous year, there was an increase of six deaths. This excess is due to an increase of deaths from bowel-complaints and all other causes, and is shared by all classes of the community except mixed races and Mahommedans. There were 283 deaths from cholera against 260 in the preceding month. The number is less than all the corresponding figures of the last ten years, excepting 1879, 1880, and 1886, and is also less than the average of the past decade by 53. There was no death from small-pox during the month under record. The deaths from fevers amounted to 238, against 314 in the preceding month. The total is less than all the corresponding numbers of the preceding ten years, and is also below the average of the decennium by 51. From bowel-complaints there were 85 deaths registered, against 62 in the preceding month. The number of less than six of the corresponding figures is the past ten years, and is also less than the decennial mean by 15. The mortality from other causes amounted to 403, against 422 in the preceding month. The total exceeds all the corresponding figures of the past decade excepting 1881, 1884 and 1885, and also surpasses the decennial average by 30. With regard to the local distribution of diseases the following Sections show the highest death-rates, *viz.*:—Hastings Street, 58·2; Colootollah, 40·0; Jorabagan, 39·9; and Sukea's Street, 380·5. The following Sections show death-rates below the average, *viz.*:—Waterloo Street, 2·0; Park Street, 14·4; Fenwick Bazar, 14·7; Bow Bazar, 15·5; and Baman Basti, 15·6.

The mortality of infants under one year of age, reckoned on estimated births, was 290·7, against 279·5 in the preceding month per 1,000 of the population per annum. Among the different races the ratios were as follows, *viz.*:—Hindus, 285·2; Mahommedans, 357·3; Christians, 105·5; and other classes, 336·4.

CEYLON.

Sad, Fatal Accident.—We are very pained to have to record the death of one of Mr. and Mrs. Gabriel Ross' little children through an accident of an extraordinary nature. It appears that Mr. Ross has in Le Vallon Bungalow, a large plunge bath and in the room another smaller bath in which it had been the habit of the children to bathe. On the little ones coming out of the bath-room on the 25th ult. it was not at first noticed that one of them was absent. After a while search was made for the truant, as it was supposed, and the poor little one was found drowned in the bath. How the sad accident occurred is not exactly known, but it is supposed that the other children were playing in the bath, and all left it, as was supposed together, but the one that remained behind must have slipped and fallen back into the water, and so have drowned without anyone knowing of it.—*Times.*

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette, June 7.*)

Military Department.

The services of Surgeon-Major W G H Henderson, Indian Medical Service, are replaced at the disposal of Government in the Civil Department.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year on medical certificate:—

Lieut M W Baugh, S C, Wing Officer, 25th Bo Infantry.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 15th May 1888:—

10th Regiment Bombay Infantry.—Jamadar Vira Swami to be Subhedar vice Shaik Kadir, pensioned, and Havildar Guljar Singh to be Jamadar vice Vira Swami, promoted.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 15th May 1888:—

19th Bombay Infantry.—Jamadar Vittu Sawant to be Subhedar vice Bhagnac Ramnac, pensioned, and Color-Havaldar Jairam Misir to be Jamadar (provisionally) vice Vittu Sawant, promoted.

The services of Lieut W G Alban, S C, 13th Regt Bombay Infy, are placed at the disposal of the Govt of India.

The undermentioned Medical Warrant officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

1st Grade Assist Apothecary T D W Gillespie, Subordinate Medical Department.

The undermentioned officer has been granted leave out of India on medical certificate for one year from the date of being struck off duty under clause 51, India Army Circulars, 1886:—

Lieut C F Grantham, SC, Squadron Officer 6th Bombay Cavalry.

Marine Department.

Capt K Macaulay, Marine Surveyor to Lloyd's Agency, is appointed a member of the Board of Examiners for granting certificates of competency to Masters and Mates of the Mercantile Marine during the absence of Capt A C Clark on leave.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Political Department.

Capt J S Ashby and Mr David Morrison respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Assist Resident, Berbera, on the 5th May 1888, after office hours.

Capt J S Ashby, actg Fifth Assist Political Resident, Aden, has been allowed an extension for eighteen days of the privilege leave for forty-two days granted to him in this Department Notification No 2219A, dated the 23rd March 1888.

Mr A D Younghusband, C S, is appointed to act as Administrator of the Rajpipla State during the absence of Mr A Shewan, C S, or till further orders.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr George Gordon as Actg Consul for Belgium at Aden during the absence of Mr H W Vidal.

Judicial Department.

The Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Bahadur Narhar Gadadhar Phadke, First Class Subordinate Judge under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, for the districts of Ahmednagar and Sholapur, in addition to his own duties, to be temporarily Joint First Class Subordinate Judge at Ahmednagar and to invest him under Section 27 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869, with power to hear appeals from such decrees and orders of Subordinate Courts in the Ahmednagar District as may be referred to him by the Judge of that district.

The Hon'ble J R Naylor and Mr. H Batty respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Remembrancer of Legal Affairs on the 22nd ult, after office hours.

Munshi Lilaram valad Showkatrai, acting Head Munshi of taluka Ghorabari in the district of Karachi, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

Under the provisions of Clause 2 of Section 45 of (Bombay) Act II of 1874 the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. S M Fraser, Assist Collr and Magte, First Class, Khandesh, to be a Visitor of the District Jail at Dhulia vice Mr E C Morrieson.

Col F J Wise and Mr H T Ommanney respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Inspector General of Police on the 21st ultimo, after office hours.

A'zan Krishnarao Shriniwas Masur, acting Head Karkun of taluka Gokak in the district of Belgaum, is appointed to be a Magte of the Third Class in that district under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

The Govr in Council is pleased to authorise (1) A'zam Keshav Govind Mali, BA, acting Mahalkari of petha Yaval taluka Savda, and (2) A'zam Wamon Abaji Shirolkar, acting Mahalkari of petha Parola, taluka Amalner in the Khandesh District, to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar under the Mamlatdars' Courts Act, 1876.

The Govr in Council is pleased to authorize A'zam Balaji Vishnu Joshi, Mahalkari of petha Guhagar in the Ratnagiri District, to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar under the Mamlatdars' Courts' Act, 1876.

Mr Ramrao Hanmant Rajguru, acting Head Karkun of taluka Satara in the district of Satara, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Rao Saheb Krishnaji Parashram Gadgil and Rao Saheb Sakharam Wasudeo Joshi respectively delivered over and received charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Courts of Madha and Karmala in the Sholapur-Bijapur District on the 14th ultimo, after office hours.

Rao Saheb Krishnaji Parashram Gadgil assumed charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Malegaon in the Nasik District on the 20th ultimo, before office hours.

Mr. T Hart-Davies relinquished charge of the offices of Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge of Poona and Assistant Agent for Sirdars in the Deccan on the 26th ultimo, after office hours.

The Third Class Magisterial powers conferred by Government Notification No. 6484, dated 10th November 1886, on A'zam Ganesh Lakshman Patankar, Mahalkari of petha Mokhada in the district of Thana, are hereby withdrawn.

Mr. Swamirao Timmaji Tilgulkar has been appointed, under Section 40 of Act XIV of 1869 (The Bombay Civil Courts Act) to be Clerk of the Court of the Assistant Judge, F P., at Bijapur in the Sholapur-Bijapur District.

Rao Saheb Venkatesh Bhimrao Bhandiwad, acting Mamlatdar of Bijapur, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in the Bijapur District.

A'zam Gopal Ramchandra Gadre, acting Head Karkun of taluka Rajapur in the district of Ratnagiri, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

Mr E C Cox, Personal Assist to the Inspr Genl of Police is allowed privilege leave for three months from the 26th ultimo.

The following Notification is substituted for Government Notification No. 5467, dated 29th July 1884:—

Desai Surajmalji Jorawarsingji of Patri in the Ahmedabad District is appointed to be a Special Magistrate.

Khan Bahadur Kharsetji Maneckji Kharsetji and Khan Bahadur Navroji Dorabji Khandalawala respectively delivered over and received charge of the Courts of Small Causes at Ahmedabad and Nadiad on the 2nd inst, before office hours.

Messrs Anandrao Bhaskerji and R Wilson respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Registrar of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, on the 2nd inst, after office hours.

Educational Department.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased, in modification of previous orders, to make the following appointment during the absence of Mr C Macnaghten, M A, or till further orders:—

Mr C H Candy, B A, LL M, to act as Principal of the Rajkumar College, Rajkot.

The services of Mr J Oliver are placed at the disposal of the Political Department that he may act as Principal and Professor of English Literature, Rajaram College, Kolhapur.

Messrs J T Hathornthwaite and P Peterson respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Principal, Elphinstone College, on the 27th April 1888, before office hours.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr P Peterson, MA, DSc, to act as Principal, Elphinstone College, during the absence of Mr Wordsworth, MA, CIE, or till further orders.

Mr M MacMillan, BA, to act in the Third Grade of the Educational Department during the absence of Mr J T Hathornthwaite, MA, or till further orders.

Mr C J Sanjana, MA, to act as Professor of Mathematics in the Elphinstone College in the Fourth Grade of the Educational Department till further orders.

Mr F G Selby, BA, and Mr A Barrett, BA, will respectively resume their substantive appointments.

Revenue Department.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. W A East, CS, on his return from leave, to do duty as Collr and Magte of the district of Poona, District Registrar and Political Agent, Poona, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Poona District, till further orders.

Mr A Keyser, C S, on being relieved by Mr W A East, C S, to do duty as Collector and Magistrate of the district of Satara, Dist Registrar and Political Agent, Satara, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Satara District, till further orders.

Mr H E Winter, C S, on being relieved by Mr A Keyser, C S, to act as Collr and Magte of the dist of Kaira, District Registrar, Kaira, and Political Agent, Cambay, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Kaira District, till further orders.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr A C Logan, C S, to do duty as Assist Collr, Poona.

Mr R A L Moore, C S, to do duty as Assist Collr, Ahmedabad.

Mr M C Gibb, C S, to do duty as Assist Collr, Sholapur.

Mr J A McIver, Assist Suptdt, Konkan Revenue Survey, is promoted from the Fourth to the Third Grade of Assist Supdt, with effect from 1st May 1888.

The privilege leave for three months granted, under Govt Notification No. 244, dated 12th Jan 1888, to Mr H A Acworth, C S, Depy Collr of Salt Revenue, is cancelled, and he is allowed ordinary furlough for fifteen months and sixteen days from 10th March 1888.

Mr Banaji Krishna is confirmed in his appointment of Seventh Grade Sub-Registrar of Indi in the Bijapur District.

Mr W P Symonds, C S, Assist Collr, Poona, is allowed privilege leave of absence for fifty-two days from the 12th of June 1888.

His Excellency the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Vety Surg Pottinger, on his services being made available by the Military Dept, to act as Supdt, Vety College and Hospital, Bombay, during the absence of Vety Surg Steel, or till further orders.

Dr S K Nariman, Assist Supdt of the College and Hospital, to act as Supdt until relieved by Vety Surgn Pottinger.

Mr H W Keys, Actg Depy Consvr of Forests, 4th Grade, and Divisional Forest Officer, Panch Mahals, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from the 9th July 1888 or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Under Section 12 of Act III of 1877, the following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

Thana District.—Mr Ganesh Ramchandra, Officiating Sub Registrar of Umbargaon, on 23rd and 24th March, and from 9th to 17th April 1888.

Bijapur District.—Mr Rango Lakshman, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Badami, from 12th to 18th April 1888, Mr Rangoo Bapuji, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Muddebihal, from 24th April to 4th May 1888.

Sholapur District.—Mr Vinayak Ganesh, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Sholapur, from 30th April to 6th May 1888.

Dharwar District.—Mr Raghavendra Govind, Officiating Sub-Registrar of Hubli, from 20th to 22nd April 1888.

Mr E H Aitken, Assist Collr of Salt Revenue, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of leave on medical certificate for two months.

General Department.

Under Sec 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr H W J Bagnell, C S, Assist Collr, Bombay, to be Insptr of Factories for the town and island of Bombay, and to appoint him also the officer to receive notices under Section 8 of the Act within the same limits during the absence of Mr W W Drew, C S, or until further orders.

Public Works Department.

With the concurrence of the Govt of India H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Maj W Osborn, RE, to be Exec Engr, Aden, in succession to Col Cruickshank, R E, appointed act as Supdt Engr, Southern Division, with effect from 1st May 1888, Maj Osborn having taken charge of the duties of the appointment on the afternoon of the 30th April 1888.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS, &c.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS, NORTHERN DIVISION.

A'zam Mhonlal Harikasandas, Head Karkun of taluka Matar in the Kaira District, acted as Mamlatdar of that taluka from 12th to 29th April 1888, both days inclusive, pending the arrival of the permanent incumbent.

In consequence of the revision of Rao Saheb Udeyshankar Dayashankar, Probationary Sixth Grade Inspector of Police to the grade of Chief Constable, the following transfer and appointment are made:—

Rao Saheb Motilal Hirabhai, Sixth Grade Inspector of Police, B B and C I Railway, is transferred to the Broach District.

Mr. G. Rennison, Head Clerk to the Supt of Police, G. I. P. Railway, to be substantive *pro tem.* Sixth Grade Inspector of Police, B. B. and C. I. Railway, vice Rao Saheb Motilal Hirabhai, transferred.

Central Division.

A'zam Govind Sitaram Tamhane (H. S.) is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of taluka Man in the Satara District during the absence on two months' privilege leave of Rao Saheb Mahadeo Govind Wagale, or until further orders.

Messrs. E. L. Cappel, C. S., and N. B. Divatia, C. S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assistant Collector in charge of Sholapur, Barsi and Karmala Talukas of the Sholapur District on 19th May 1888, after office hours.

Rao Saheb Krishnaji Sadashiv Mudle, BA, (HS) Fourth Grade Mamlatdar, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar and First Class Magte (drawing special allowance of Rs. 40 per mensem) of Shevgaon in Ahmednagar during the absence on privilege leave of Rao Saheb Vishnu Raghunath Kelkar, or till further orders.

A'zam Govind Bahirao Joshi, Head Karkun of Sangamner, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Rahuri in Ahmednagar during the absence of Rao Saheb Krishnaji Sadashiv Muddle at Shevgaon, or till further orders.

Southern Division.

Messrs R S Jayekar and E M Pratt respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Assist Collr, Kolaba, on the 19th ultimo, in the forenoon.

Messrs C A B Beatty and H Kennedy respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Ratnagiri, on 27th May 1888, in the forenoon.

Mr W L Souter and Rao Saheb Chinto Vinayak respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba, on 25th May 1888 in the afternoon.

In consequence of the retirement of Rao Saheb Ganesh Govind Mule, Third Grade Police Inspector in the Kolaba District, the following promotions have been ordered:—

Rao Saheb Alsingrao Narsing, Fourth Grade Inspector, to be Third Grade vice Rao Saheb Ganesh Govind, retired.

Rao Saheb Limbajirao Tukojirao, substantive *pro tem* Fourth Grade Inspector, is confirmed in that grade, vice Rao Saheb Alsingrao Narsing, promoted.

Rao Saheb Babaji Govind, substantive *pro tem*, Sixth Grade Inspector, to be Fifth Grade vice Rao Saheb Limbajirao Tukojirao, promoted.

Rao Saheb Rajerao Pilurao, First Class Chief Constable, to be subtantive pro tem Sixth Grade Inspector on probation in the Kolaba District vice Rao Saheb Babaji Govind, promoted.

By the Commissioner of Custom, Salt, Opium and Abkari.

Mr. W. Hurst, Distillery Inspector, Dhulia, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from the 4th ultimo.

By the Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle.

Messrs. A. R. Maidment, Sub-Assist Conservr of Forests, Third Grade, and A. D. Wilkins, Depy Consvr of Forests, Fourth Grade, respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Sub-Assist Consvr of Forests, B Sub-division, North Thana, on the 8th May 1888, before office hours.

By the Inspector-General of Prisons.

Surg F Burness and Surg H B Briggs respectively delivered over and received charge of the Yerrowda Central Jail Hospital on the 21st May 1888, before office hours.

Surg H W B Boyd and Surg K A Dalal respectively delivered over and received charge of the Dhulia District Jail on the 27th May 1888, before office hours.

ORDERS BY H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF INDIA.

Head-Quarters, Simla, 30th May, 1888.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Hill Depots, Naini Tal.—Major G S Burton, 2nd Battalion Norfolk Regiment, to be Commandant, vice Lieutenant-Colonel Hamilton who has rejoined his Battalion.

5th Bengal Cavalry.—Lieutenant E B Lang, supernumerary on the establishment of the regiment, to be Squadron Officer, vice Carleton appointed Squadron Commander, sub pro tem, 12th Bengal Cavalry.

12th Bengal Cavalry—Captain H Goad, Squadron Commander, to move up in grade succession, vice Browne, resigned.

Captain A J R Hutchinson, Squadron Commander, to move up in grade succession, vice Goad, and to remain seconded while employed in the Burma Police.

Lieutenant H A Carleton, Squadron Officer and Adjutant, 5th Bengal Cavalry, to be Squadron Commander, sub pro tem, with effect from date of joining, vice Hutchinson.

39th Bengal Infantry—Surgeon W W White to the officiating medical charge of the regiment, vice Surgeon Major C J McKenna, granted leave.

2nd Punjab Infantry—Lieutenant A Nicholls, Wing Officer, 1st Sikh Infantry, to be officiating Adjutant, vice Rodwell, officiating as Wing Commander.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief is pleased to appoint Colonel W I Bax, 2nd-in-Command, 11th Bengal Lancers, to be officiating Assistant General, Sirhind Division vice Cooke, transferred temporarily to Army Head-quarters.

The following Officers are detailed for temporary employment in the Intelligence Branch of the Quarter Master General's Department and directed to join at Simla:—

Captain A J W Allen, 1st Battalion East Kent Regiment, Captain A E Jones, 23rd Pioneers.

Lieutenant R McGildowny, Royal Horse Artillery, is directed to proceed from Camp Kailana to Kirkee, and join I Battery "B" Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, to which he has been appointed.

Lieutenant H C Williams Wynn, Royal Horse Artillery, is directed to proceed from Jhansi to Sialkot and join "D" Battery A Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, to which he has been appointed.

The undermentioned passed the Higher Standard in Hindustani on the 2nd April 1888:—

Major A J Watson, 1st Bn Suffolk Regt.

Lieut W H Birkbeck, 1st Dragoon Guards.

Lieut E W Boudier, Royal Artillery, probationer, Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieut E S Heard, 2nd Bn Northld Fuirs.

Lieut J H B Beresford, Royal Innis Fusirs, probationer Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieut R E Foley, Shropshire L Infy, probationer Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieut F J H Wynch, Bengal Staff Corps.

Military Works Department.—Lieutenant J H S Murray, Royal Engineers, is transferred from the Presidency and Oudh Command, Military Works, to the Head Quarters of the Inspector General of Military Works.

Lieutenant W J D Dundee, Royal Engineers, is posted to the Fort William Division, Presidency and Oudh Command, Military Works.

Lieutenant W E Wbank, Royal Engineers, on transfer from the Madras to the Bengal Establishment, is attached to the Military Works Department and posted to the Biluchistan Command.

The leave to England, on private affairs, granted to Major F A Dashwood, 1st Battalion Royal Irish Fusiliers, is extended pending his retirement from the service.

The leave to England on private affairs, granted to Lieutenant G G Hunter, 1st Battalion, East Kent Regiment, is extended to the 15th October.

WELLS' HAIR BALSAM.

If gray, restores to original color. An elegant dressing, softens and beautifies. No oil nor grease. A Tonic Restorative. Stops hair coming out; strengthens, cleanses, heals scalp.

SKINNY MEN.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Debility. At chemists and druggists.—Cooper, Madon & Co. (Limited), Sole Agents, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

41, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 8th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will hold their usual Auction Sale at their Rooms as follows :—

On account and at the risk of whom it may concern—

1 case saddlery, containing a handsome set of brass-mounted harness, gent's, boys' and girls' saddles, snaff bridles, reins, gig collars, gig reins, set of pair hose reins, knee caps, rug straps, &c.

1 case, containing a choice assortment of muslin and China flower, with glass domes, China tea sets and toilet services.

1 case terracotta statues, figures, busts, and ornaments in great varieties.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Bombay, 8th June, 1888.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

7, MARINE STREET.

On SUNDAY, the 10th June, at 1. p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 679 " Madam Rose Villa," Coombarwada, Dadur, near the Railway Station, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, carved and plain household furniture, plated glass and crockeryware, table ornaments and flower vases, pictures, table and hanging lamps, carpets &c., the property of Mr. Kekhosroo Dhanjibhai Engineer, the same comprises dining, round, pier, writing, dressing and washhand tables, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard, meatsafe cot, clothes press, chest of drawers, wardrobe, dressing glass, marble top table and teapoys, conversation couches, cushioned chairs, easy chairs, carved teapoys, cabinet stand with mirror, &c.

The property is now on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
5 ,, ,, dhoties.
6 cases white shirtings.
5 ,, muslins.
2 ,, white Leno checks.
5 ,, prints.
10 ,, each 4 2-12 doz. quarts and pints mineral water.
1 case frictionless engine packing.
40 ,, King's dessicated soup in 1-4 and ½ lb. tins.
13 ,, dry sillery champague.
24 ,, Ludon Medox in quarts and pints.
12 ,, Margaux in do. do.
6 ,, Chateau Rangan in do. do.
6 ,, Chateau Lafite in do. do.
36 ,, Each 1 dozen port.
10 drums filtered cylinder oil.

On account and at the risk of the defaulting Indenter Abdool Rahim Jeenabhoy.

1 case Canvas hose 2", 2½" and 3" 4'0 feet to each size.

On account and at the risk of Caderbhoy Lookmanjee—
C D H S 5253-306—6 bales brown paper.
M F V B 1219-25—2 cases broken paper.
127 V B 435-36—1 case gold metal leaf.
M F V B 941-45—5 cases coloured broken paper.
M F V B 11 90-91, 1194-95—3 cases coloured broken paper.

On account and at the risk of Ebrahim Hajee Jan Mahomed—
J M F 4440-42—1 case eau-de-Cologne.

On account and at the risk of Abdool Husain Allibhoy—
H S 6570-72—1 case sealing-wax.

On account of the concerned ex s.s. Brittania—
1 case 4 P. roller cloth.

By order of the Superintendent of Government Telegraph—
1,618 lbs. wire.
22,970 iron washers.

AT 2 P.M.

1 second-hand English-built landau.
1 strong second-hand office shigram.
1 light and strong mail phaeton, in very good order.
1 pair handsome grey Arab horses, about 5 years' old. both going in single harness.
1 English-built miniature brougham, by Wyburn. in very good order.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF COMMISSARIAT STORES.

Under instructions from the Commissariat Storekeeper-General Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Town Barrack, Fort, on Thursday, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m. a quantity of serviceable provisions, &c.

UNRESERVED SALE OF SUPERIOR COATINGS AND TWEEDS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Room s.

Ex. s.s., Persia.

5 cases superior coatings and fancy tweeds for coats, trousers and suits, in small lots to suit all purchasers.

The cloth will be on view three days before the sale.

On THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Cumballa Hill on the topfloor of Messrs. Kemp and Co.'s establishment, the valuable and elegant French-polished blackwood, teakwood, with inlaid satinwood, household furniture of the latest design and best make, best electroplated ware, rich crookery ware, glass ware, a first-rate full sized slate billiard table with balls, cues, &c., complete, by Lazarus, Calcutta ; a 13 stops mahogany harmonium, rich table ornaments, real Satsoma and Kangra flower vases, and jars, first-rate oilpainting representing Bombay views a Humber vehicle with new pattern ball bearings in good order, table and hanging duplex Hink's lamps, Persian carpets, &c., the property of ALFRED PELL, ESQ.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT JAIL ROAD, OTHERWISE CALLED BABOOLA TANK ROAD, OUTSIDE THE FORT OF BOMBAY, COMMONLY KNOWN BY THE NAME OF IMAMBARA.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 21st instant at 3 p. m., on the premises the following valuable property by order of the mortgagees, Messrs. Noormahomed Jairazbhoy, Nensey Khairaj, and Rahimtoola Khairaj, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors Khandiza Begam, *alias* Doolam Begam, the widow, and Jehan Ara Begam, the daughter of the late Mirza Abbas Bin Mahomed Alikhan, and Aga Mahomed Tukee bin Haji Mahomed Sallay Khan, by virtue of a power of sale, contained in an indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 7th day of Sepetember, 1885, subject as to a portion of the premises to the claim (if any) of the heirs of the late Jamadar Sallay bin Oomer, under and by virtue of an indenture of assignment, dated 8th day of April, 1868, and made between Vinayekrao Juggannath Senkerseth of the one part, and the said Jamadar Sally bin Oomer of the other part.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All the right, title, and interest of the said mortgagors in all that piece or parcel of Government, pension and tax land or ground, with the several messuages, tenements or dwelling houses, bungalows, stables, warehouses and, outhouses standing thereon, commonly called or known by the name of Imambara, situate at Jail Road, or otherwise called Babula Tank Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, and fronting on the east side of old Nagpada Road, formerly in the registration subdistrict of Mandvie, and now in the registration subdistrict of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement 16,720 square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, and 13, and registered in books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 17, new No. 76, old survey Nos. 2185 and 2545, and new survey No. 3099, and bounded as follows : that is to say, on or towards the east by the Khoja Burial Ground, on or towards the west by the old Nagpada Road or Mirza Mahomed Ali Khan Street, on or towards the north partly by Mogul Mosque and partly by Imambara Road, and on or towards the south partly by the property belonging to Kullaoji and Munameya, respectively, partly by the house of Kaloo Mahadoo Dewji, partly by the house of Narayen Bhicajee Raghoo and Dhondoo Wagmaraya, and partly by the burial ground belonging to the Khoja community.

For particulars and conditions of sale application should be made to Messrs Thakurdas Dharamsi and Cama, Attornies for the mortgagees, at their Office, No. 23, Rampart Row, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 8th June, 1888.

·Hunyadi János.·

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT.

"SPEEDY, SURE, and GENTLE."

USES.

1. *As a safe, ordinary, and gentle aperient.*
2. *For habitual constipation.*
3. *By persons inclined to inflammation, congestion, and gouty disorder.*
4. *In chronic affections of the organs of respiration and circulation.*
5. *In organic diseases resulting from fatty degeneration.*
6. *Against undue deposition of fat in general.*
7. *Against hæmorrhoids.*
8. *During pregnancy and in many female diseases.*
9. *In bilious attacks and disorders of the liver.*
10. *The evil consequences of indiscretion in diet.*

Ordinary Dose, a Wineglassful before breakfast.

SOLE EXPORTERS :
THE APOLLINARIS COMPANY, LIMITED,
19 Regent Street, London, England,
WHOSE NAME UPON EVERY LABEL SECURES GENUINENESS.
Of all Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headache and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the Skin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS hav succeeded in working an effective cure, when al other drugs have failed.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

WANTED, early information regarding the 2 daughters of the late EMILE LAURENT. Last heard of in Bombay. Supply information to WILLIAM WATSON & Co., Bankers and Agents, Bombay.

WANTED, for a school in Bombay a GRADUATE to teach Latin.—Apply stating salary, &c., to " J. J. S.," care of this paper.

WHAT can you buy cheaper than our Kioto set for six persons, viz., 30 pieces for a trifling sum of Rs. 16 only. We defy competition.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

COW, FOR SALE, at Bennett's Auction, SATURDAY, half Aden, with first calf, two months old. Gives about 6 seers.

CHEAP AND GOOD WATERPROOF GARMENTS.—Try before you buy elsewhere at Y. A. LACKA and Co., 200, Chuckla Street.

REQUIRED, for the Lithographic Office, Survey of India Department, Calcutta, a competent Lithographic Draftsman (European), maximum salary, Rs. 330 per mensem. Apply with specimens of work, and copies of testimonials, to the Officer in charge, No. 1, Carnac Street, Calcutta.

CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's patent). Prints two pages of note paper at one time. Price, Rs. 15. To be had at *Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE, an English-rigged YACHT. Fast and strong. Sails and Gear complete.—"FOMALHAUT," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

PEARSE'S BREAD-VAN STOPS at the KOLLAH CHOWKEY, Parel Road, every morning, from 6-45 to 7 o'clock.

TO LET, an Upper-storeyed House, opposite the Byculla Club. Rent, Rs. 100 per month.—Apply at Fir Tree Lodge, Bellasis Road, Byculla.

TO LET, SECOND and THIRD FLOOR, open to westerly breeze, and Shop of House No. 70, Medow St. Rent, Rs. 40, 50, 60, respectively.—Apply to H. B. JEEJEEBHOY.

VICTORIA HOTEL, 58, James Street, Secundrabad. The Hotel in Station. Rooms available—Terms Moderate.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. Soundy and Co., Rampart-Row.

£6,696,000 STG. Assets. The " STANDARD "—New and Reduced Rates for India founded on the latest and most reliable statistics

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S HAIR-CUTTING SALOON.—FRANCIA AND FUCILE Court and Historical Hair-Dressers, Perfumers and Theatrical Wig-makers, Rampart Row, below Bombay Club Fort.

AIR-GUNS, complete with Case, Ammunition, Darts, Pinctures and Ramrod, at Rs. 40 L. STEFFENAUER, 8, Church Gate Street, Fort.

FOR SALE.—A TIGER CUB, size of a full grown panther. In perfect condition.—Apply "X.X.," care of KING, KING & Co., Bombay.

BRANDY.—A HOUSEHOLD REQUISITE, GENUINE. CUTLER, PALMER'S of all dealers in India, China, and Burmah.—Prices from Rs. 16-8.

REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.—By W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price annas 8 ; postage free.

MUSICAL CHAIRS, Musical DECANTERS, Musical INKSTANDS, Musical ALBUMS and Musical TOYS.—MORENAS & Co., Ice Confectioners.

CEYLON TEA, as used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club, and Poona Club. Sample Tins of 4 lbs, obtainable at the Offices of PHIPSON & Co.

SHEW'S POCKET CAMERAS, ¼ Plate size, Brass bound, with three Double Backs and Shutter complete. New Shipment just opened out.—J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

OFFICERS' REGULATION WHISTLES.—Silver plated, well finished whistles, with cord, as required by new regulation, Rs. 4-0 each.—BADHAM, PILE & CO., Ld., Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1888. With photographs of Kattywar Princes. Cloth bound Rs. 5 : postage 4 annas

WATERPROOF SUITS, WATERPROOF SUITS.—Just opened, Waterproof Suits, from Rs. 8 per Suit. Extra Quality, Rs. 14, Net Cash.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 16, Meadow Street.

WONDERLAND NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS.—Native Designs—Medals :—Paris 1878, Amsterdam 1883, Calcutta 1884, Antwerp 1885, London 1886,—Address : The CLERK, Wonderland Art Pottery Works, Esplanade, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO. PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvement and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to IMPORTER, care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

THE COVENTRY CHAIR, consisting of a Comfortable padded Chair, Seat on easy springs, with tricycle mechanism at the back for driving same ; very light and fast, suitable for an Invalid or Native gentleman. Very luxurious and strong. Greatly in vogue at home. Call and inspect.—At MARCKS & Co., Ld. Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged ; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year ncluding postage.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD.,

PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

HAVE received a splendid assortment of Furniture Coverings, consisting of Arts Chintz, Tapestry, Plushes, Roman Satins, &c. ; also Gimps and Cords to match.

18, Marine Street, Bombay, 20th April, 1888.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA OR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.

Price, Re. 1. Postage half anna.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P.M.
Extracts teeth under N. O. Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW.
Opposite to P. W. Department.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business or pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for " Dr. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address " William Lambert, 8, King William-street, Charing Cross" engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not, therefore purchase without seeing the Government stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS,
W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND.
" AGENTS WANTED."

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 7.

WITH the exception of a decline of ½ per cent. in four per cent. Government Securities at £66¾, and of ⅛ per cent. in 4½ per cents. at £70⅝, the usual Stock Exchange quotations wired from London show no change. Reuter's message calls silver unaltered at 42d. per oz. ; but private telegrams make the price 42d. to 42 1-16d. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India at 30 days' sight was 1-16d. higher, at 1s. 3⅞d. per rupee. The 30 lakhs of Council Bills offered in London yesterday were placed at 1s.4 2-32d., tenders at this rate receiving 32 per cent., Bombay taking 27 lakhs, Calcutta, Rs. 2,90,000, and Madras, Rs. 10,000. This rate, it will be noticed, while showing an advance of 1-16d. on that obtained last Wednesday, is lower to the same extent than that which the extra allotments were made at on Saturday. It is announced that 30 lakhs will be allotted again next week. A telegram received this evening reports that the Bank of England rate of Discount had been reduced ½ per cent., thus making it stand at 2½ per cent. per annum.

In General Produce, Linseed was quiet but steady at previous quotations ; and in other Seeds and in Wheat there was no change in tone or prices.

COTTON in Liverpool closed quiet again last evening, but after a rather larger day's business than has been done of late, the total sales having aggregated 12,000 bales, inclusive of 1,000 Surats. There was no alteration in spot prices ; but American Arrivals were 1-64d. lower in all positions excepting September-October, for which the quotation comes as before.

A very steady feeling continues to prevail in New York, the only change yesterday having been the slight advance of one point in August Futures at 10'09 cents, the spot quotation being still 10 cents, at which it has stood for the past month. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 3,000 bales, and the total season's figures now compare as follows with the two previous ones :—

	1888.	1887.	1886.
Wednesday's Receipts	3,000	500	6,300
Four days' do ...	14,000	3,000	21,100
Since 1st Sept.1887...	5,336,000	5,177,100	5,221,600

The close of our busy Cotton season has been marked to-day by the smallest day's business which has been reported since it fairly opened. Demand has been absent both from exporters and local consumers, and the purchases have been confined to a few hundred bales in the aggregate of Dharwar, at Rs. 204 ; and Westerns, at Rs. 199 per candy. There has been so little doing to test prices that they must be taken as uncertain to some extent with the exception of Westerns, which are firm ; but yesterday's rates are still generally quoted for other descriptions.

WHEAT.—There has been less doing to-day in this market than was the case yesterday ; but still purchases, of Ekdani principally, are reported to a fair extent at previous rates, and the tone may be called steady all round, at our last quotations.

SEEDS, on the other hand, have continued in active request, and a considerable business has transpired in *Linseed* and in most descriptions of *Rapeseed*. Prices, however, show no quotable change, the market closing steady at yesterday's rates.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	4,214	bales.
Wheat	47,669	cwts.
Linseed	8,106	,,
Rapeseed	14,100	,,
Poppyseed	850	,,
Groundnuts	1,023	,,

FREIGHTS are quiet with a rather steady feeling at our last quotations ; but no fresh business worth mentioning has been reported.

EXCHANGE has not moved at all either way to-day, and our closing rates are the same as we quoted last evening. The feeling has been quiet throughout, and business has been most restricted, the only transactions that we have heard of being a sale of some private Wire Transfer to a Bank at 1s. 4⅛d., and a little Bank Demand, done for August delivery, at 1s. 4 5-32d. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand		1s. 4⅛d.	per rupee.
Do.	Telegraphic ...	1s. 4 3-32d.	,,
Do.	3 months'sight	1s. 4 5-32d.	,,
Credits	do.	1s. 4¼d.	,,
Francs	do.	1·71½ to ¾	,,

The following are the weekly official figures relating to Silver at the Mint :—

	Rs.
Value of Silver in the Mint	79,51,725
Silver received during the week	9,49,162
	89,00,887
New coin paid during the week	22,00,025
	67,00,862
Silver belonging to private individuals	11,05,792
	78,05,654
Last week	86,70,567

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been rather firmer again to-day, and the money rate for Fours has been steady at 99¾, the next account having been quoted at 99 11-16, at which a fair business has been reported ; and the July settlement (for which hardly anything is yet being booked) at 99 7-16 to ½. 105 nominal is still the rate for 4½ per cent. Paper.

SHARES.—Though rather less pronounced than yesterday there has still been a fair enquiry for Mill Scrip in this market to-day ; and we have to note an advance of Rs. 40 in Hindustan ; of Rs. 30 in Ripon ; of Rs. 15 in Manockji Petit ; of Rs. 10 each in Alliance, Jevraj Balloo, Mahalukshmi, and New Great Eastern ; of Rs. 5 each in Coorla, and Khatao Macoonji ; and of Rs. 2½ in Luckmidas Khimji, and Oriental. Albert Edward have declined Rs. 10. Bombay Press have advanced Rs. 5 ; but Mofussil are Rs. 2½ lower. Bombay-Burma Trading have further moved up Rs. 25 for the first issue, and Rs. 10 for the second.

DR. P. LISBOA,
M. R. C. S., (Eng.), L. M., (Rot.), L. M. & S.,
HAS MOVED
To No. 118, CHURNEY WADY,
near Hormusjee Wadia's Fire Temple.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3 HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(in pamphlet form)
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES

ARE CUT ON APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE AXIS OF THE CRYSTAL.

IN MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES it is not only the pebbles which are perfect. Special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it, we supply also ordinary glass and Pebble Spectacles at Rs. 3 and Rs. 6 per pair, respectively.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES ; THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

GIBRALTAR.

DEATH.

INGLIS—June 5, at Gibraltar, Grace Mabel, wife of Captain J. D. Inglis, Royal Artillery, aged 22 years.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

WARBURTON—June 4, at Poona, the wife of C. C. Warburton, Revenue Survey, of a son still-born.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BORAH—May 26, at Gauhati, Assam, at 10½ p.m., the wife of Surgn-Major S Borah, M B, M C, of a daughter.

GOLDIE—June 1, at Ooty, the wife of R H Goldie, Esq., of Peermeede, of a son.

DEATHS.

KIRTON—May 25, at Dejoo, North Lakhimpur, William Kirton, late Engineer of the Dejoo Tea Co., Ld., aged 38.

SPENCER—June 2, at Bandiqui, Rajpootana, Blanche Eveline Tate, eldest daughter of Mr J C Spencer, Salt Revenue Department. (Retired.)

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1888.

THE ill-considered proposal to erect a row of shops over the transept of the Crawford Market has been rejected by the Town Council, for the good reason that it would not only be unsightly but would shut out the light, and by interfering with the ventilation render the market hot and unwholesome. The proposal had its only excuse in the growing pressure on the existing market space, which is the natural result of the steady and continuous increase of the population of Bombay. The remedy is to be found, not in cramming stalls and shops into all the air spaces of the central markets, but in providing market accommodation in remote and populous neighbourhoods. Something has been done in this direction, but not on an adequate scale. Take the large suburb of Malabar Hill and its environments ; every pound of meat, every basket of vegetables required for the daily consumption of thousands of residents on Malabar Hill, Cumballa Hill, Breach Candy and Chowpatty has to be brought on the heads of coolies a distance of three or four miles from the Crawford Market ; a double journey is in every case required, from the house to the market, and back to the house, covering a distance on foot or in vehicles of some seven or eight miles. This involves a waste of time and money, and renders it well nigh impossible for house-keepers themselves to exercise any supervision or control in regard to the quality or the price of the provisions purchased at the distant market. Why should not the Municipality construct a market either at Chowpatty, or on the vacant ground south of the Pedder Road, which would supply the population north-west of Bombay with the means of obtaining supplies of meat and vegetables with a minimum of inconvenience and cost ? The revenue derived from the residents of that quarter of the city has been always large, and during the last two or three years the number of new houses that have been built has sent up the receipts derived from the rates by leaps and bounds. The rents are high, not to say exorbitant, and the rates are proportionate to the rents. There is no reason why those who contribute so largely to the Municipal treasury should not be provided with a market which is urgently needed, even were the provision to involve some expenditure. The market would, however, yield a handsome profit. The population to be provided for is far larger than may be imagined by those who believe that Malabar Hill is chiefly occupied by Europeans. The village of Walkeshwar, the existence of which is scarcely suspected by those who drive along the Ridge, has a population of some thousands. Every available space is being built over, and the houses erected are occupied almost before they are finished. Then there is the population of Cumballa Hill, of Breach Candy, and Mahaluxmie on the one side, and of Chowpatty and part of Girgaum on the other ; in the aggregate very large, and now wholly dependent on a market several miles distant. A capitalist would readily provide the money for a market which would have so large a number of customers ready at hand, and he would undoubtedly realise good interest on his outlay. But on principle it is best to keep the public markets under public control ; this is a duty which rightly devolves upon the Municipality. There can be no question that public markets under Municipal supervision afford guarantees which can scarcely be looked for in even the best regulated markets which are the property of individuals, whose main object is to make money. The stall-keepers are under wholesome discipline ; those who earn a reputation for retailing food of doubtful quality can be weeded out ; while the honest dealer will feel that his honesty will be in many ways conducive to his well-being in purse and reputation. The incentives relied upon in the markets in private hands are of a different kind, and do not work quite so satisfactorily. An instance of the ingenuity resorted to to circumvent householders has been mentioned to us which illustrates very well the character of such inducements. Cooks sent to make purchases in the early morning were treated at the expense of the owner of a large private market with coffee and a loaf—a gratuitous chota hazri, in order to induce them to forsake the public market and lay out their master's money elsewhere. The virtue of a third of the cooks of Bombay succumbed under the allurement of a free breakfast, but the quality of the supplies obtainable was so unmistakeably second-class that the cooks got into serious trouble, and had to go back to the public market. The public markets in Bombay are good, but there are not enough of them. A properly organised market at Chowpatty, which is close to the sea, a railway connecting it with town and country, and a population of upwards of fifty thousand, would not lack customers. Walkeshwar—more generally known as Malabar Hill—has eleven thousand three hundred inhabitants ; Breach Candy and Mahaluxmie, over six thousand ; Chowpatty, eleven thousand ; and the adjacent Girgaum, which comes down to the railway crossing, has a population of twenty-six thousand. Add to this the seafaring people who make use of the Chowpatty beach during three-fourths of the year for landing fuel and fish, who would find in a large market the supplies needed. There would be no lack of customers or of profitable business, while the convenience and economy to a population of fifty thousand would be very great.

THE Seventeenth Annual Report of the National Indian Association in aid of social progress and education in India shows that, except as regards income, the Association is prospering. Were the objects and aims, and actual work of the Association more widely known, it would probably be more liberally supported. Its non-political character and declared neutrality in religious matters render it unlikely to excite enthusiasm, though on these very grounds it should be more warmly appreciated and supported by the native public generally, its broad basis removing all danger of compromise. The Indian Association was founded in 1871 by Miss Mary Carpenter, daughter of Dr. Lant Carpenter, after her three voyages to India made in the interest of female education, and also to inquire into Indian prison discipline. The objects of the Association are to extend a knowledge of India in England, and an interest in the people of that country ; to co-operate with all efforts made for advancing education and social reform in India ; to promote friendly intercourse between English people and the people of India. The Association renders invaluable aid to the natives of India who visit England for the purpose of preparing for Government service or for the professions. Any Indian may also be sure of receiving advice and assistance regarding the choice of a home while in England. Lord Hobhouse, in his speech at the annual meeting of the Society in London, truly said that it made all the difference to an Indian youth, coming away from his home, his language, and his religion, between happiness and misery, good and harm, from his visit, what kind of a family he was put into ; whether he was taken in as a mere matter of business, or whether he was with those who would take a personal interest in him. Besides the assistance rendered to natives of India while in England, special grants are made from time to time in aid of education in India ; the Carpenter trustees granted during last year £70, which was apportioned among different educational institutions established for the advancement of native women, and several members of the National Indian Association have made contributions to Lady Dufferin's Jubilee Fund. There are branches of the Society in Bengal, Bombay, Poona, Madras and the Punjab, and sufficient has been said to show that the usefulness of the organization is unquestionable and that it should be liberally supported by those who wish the welfare and enlightenment of the people of India. The newest branch of the Association was formed last year at Poona under the patronage of Lord Reay, and mainly through the exertions and influence of Mrs. Sheppard, who is the president. The funds at the disposal of the infant society in the hands of the honorary secretary and treasurer, Mrs. Kirkham, are sufficient to give scholarships to young native women, well recommended, who are willing to be trained as hospital nurses, and to native girls anxious to be educated as teachers. The Society would also probably give scholarships to deserving girls to provide for the expense of their education in one or other of the Poona schools. Efforts have been made by the Poona Branch of the Society to being about more friendly relations between Europeans and natives of rank and the education of both sexes. The barrier dividing English and native society cannot be easily broken down, but an occasional afternoon party at the house of European or native, including ladies and gentlemen of both nations, is a good beginning and likely to occasion more friendliness than years of mere business intercourse. Small beginnings may lead to great changes. Caste is of course the great barrier ; for persons who cannot take a meal together without those on the one side becoming polluted are debarred from true friendship. It has been pointed out by a prominent Mahomedan gentleman now in England that Indians who visit England find themselves welcomed with effusion by English society, but that in India itself there seems an almost impassable gulf fixed between the two races. The explanation is easy. Those chiefly visit England who have foregone, if not altogether, at any rate for the time being, the restrictions of caste. Many young men, after a stay of seven years in England, have on returning to India been expected to go through ceremonial purifications for the purpose of rebuilding the barrier. Men highly accomplished in European lore often do this, and thus under social pressure shut themselves off from those whose customs they have while in England seemingly admired and enjoyed. When native female education is more general and the purdah more generally cast aside, another step will have been made towards the destruction of the antipathy existing between the two races. English ladies do not always appreciate the presence in society of gentlemen unaccompanied by their female relatives, and their scruples do not disappear when they come to India. Though so much is said about the education of girls, and so much help offered to them, very few are permitted to come forward to be assisted. Perhaps in time native men will realize what Sir Lepel Griffin said in his valedictory address on female education at Mhow. " Take care of the education of women, and the education of men will follow of itself." Men, it is hoped, will realize in time that the men of the nation will be stronger in body and mind when their girls are allowed their girlhood for study and recreation instead of being condemned on entering their teens to the arduous duties of motherhood and domestic life, and to the dreariness and aimlessness of seclusion.

THE telegraph announces from London that the House of Commons has agreed without a division to the motion of Mr. Maclaren—not Mr. James Maclean, M.P., as first erroneously reported—for the repeal of the Contagious Diseases Act in India. This information will be highly satisfactory to many in Bombay who believe that the administration of the Act in the large cities of India, besides being altogether useless for its ostenible purpose, is accompanied with many abuses of a serious character. The form of Sir John Gorst's remarks on the subject suggests that the Government of India will be advised to repeal the Indian Act which has now been condemned by Parliament. It will probably be retained for Military Cantonments and specially limited areas, but will be abandoned for large cities like Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, where there are very large mixed populations, and where the number of European troops actually stationed is very small. Recent proceedings in Bombay relating to the treatment of outcaste women have brought into much prominence the administration of the Act here. The subject is one which, for obvious reasons, cannot here be very freely discussed ; but sufficient is generally known to warrant the opinion that a searching enquiry into the administration of the Act is called for, and unless the Government of India or the Local Government have any particular reason for resisting the repeal of a most unpopular Act the wisest course would appear to be to accept the verdict of the House of Commons and to let judgment go by default. With the too famous Quartermaster-General's memorandum and its unsavoury schedule on the table of the House as emphatically condemned by the Secretary of State as by the members who had called attention to it, the India Office would have found it difficult to defend the Acts, even if it had wanted to do so. That being so it is not quite clear why Sir John Gorst thought it necessary to plead the constitutional rights of the Viceroy's Legislative Council in opposition to a resolution of the House of Commons. Indian rights were not held to be of much account when the import duties were repealed. Moreover it is not necessarily to be assumed that the Legislative Council is at this time any more opposed to the repeal of the Acts in question than the House of Commons has shown itself to be.

THE Italians have evidently been following in the footsteps of the Teuton in Zanzibar. Like the latter, they succeeded in getting Sultan Burgash to sign a treaty ceding a portion of his continental territory. This treaty seems to have been negotiated with considerable discretion, for no one heard anything of it until the repudiation of its obligations by the Sultan's successor. This has obliged the Italian Consul to resort to measures not altogether unlike those which the German representative found successful in similar circumstances. The Consul has struck his flag, and suspended diplomatic relations. If this be followed up by the anchoring of an Italian frigate under the windows of the Sultan's Palace no doubt the provisions of the treaty will be duly fulfilled. The question of interest is whether the Italians are in this matter following a line of their own, and are applying pressure to the Sultan as the Germans did without consulting the British Consul-General, or paying any attention to the claims to special British influence which have been acquired by usage and long tradition. It is not easy to believe that Lord Salisbury has invited the Italians down into Zanzibar waters ; the question is whether they have gone there and negotiated a treaty entirely off their own bat. What will the German Chancellor say to these intruders on a coast which he hoped to make German where it was not British ? The information that Sayad Feysal—second son of the Imam of Muscat and brother of the late and the present Sultan of Zanzibar—has succeeded to his father's throne is so far satisfactory. In Oman as well as on the African Coast the dominions of the Sayads are passing through a period of tribulation and danger.

THE Sirdar Diler Jung has arrived in Bombay, and is now staying at the Esplanade Hotel.

CAPTAIN J. S. ASHBY and Mr. David Morrison respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Assistant Resident, Berbera, on the 5th May.

THE appointment of Mr. W. J. Bagnall, C.S., as Inspector of Factories for the town and island of Bombay is gazetted.

MAJOR W. OSBORN, R.E., has been appointed Executive Engineer at Aden in succession to Colonel Cruickshank, appointed to act as Superintending Engineer, Southern Division.

QUARANTINE has been imposed on arrivals from the Singkel islands of Sumatra.

THE services of Surgeon-Major W. G. H. Henderson, I.M.S., have been replaced at the disposal of Government in the Civil Department.

LIEUTENANTS M. W. Baugh, B.S.C., and C. F Grantham, B.S.C., have been granted a year's sick leave.

THE grant of the 3rd class Order of Merit to Jamadar Arsala Khan, of the 27th B. I., for conspicuous gallantry in Upper Burma is gazetted.

CAPTAIN K. MACAULAY, Lloyd's Surveyor, is appointed a member of the Board of Examiners for granting certificates of competency to masters and mates of the Mercantile Marine during the absence of Captain A. C. Clark on leave.

MR. STEVENS, Commissioner of Chota Nagpore, takes three months' leave at once, Mr. Hopkins from Nuddea acting for him. Mr. Towers, Judge of Midnapore, goes on fifteen months' furlough, and his place is taken by Mr. Pratt, now at Mymensingh ; while Mr. Peterson, Judge of Rungpore, goes to Mymensingh.

MR. J. FRIZELLE, Judge of Rawulpindi, will probably be appointed to the sixth Judgeship lately created in the Punjab Chief Court.

THE services of Mr. J. Oliver are placed at the disposal of the Political Department that he may act as Principal and Professor of English literature at the Rajaram College, Kolhapur.

THE following educational appointments are gazetted :—Dr. Peterson to act as principal of Elphinstone College during the absence of Mr. Wordsworth ; Mr. M. MacMillan to act in the third grade of the Educational Department during the absence of Mr. Hathornthwaite ; Mr. C. J. Sanjana to act as Professor of Mathematics ; Mr. Selby and Mr. Barrett to resume their substantive appointments. Mr. C. H. Candy, B.A., LL.M., is to act as Principal of the Rajkumar College, Rajkot, during the absence of Mr. C. Macnaghten, M.A.

MR. A. D. YOUNGHUSBAND, C.S., will act as Administrator of the Rajpipla State during the absence of Mr. A. Shewan, C.S., or till further orders.

THE Hon. J. R. Naylor and Mr. H. Batty respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Remembrancer of Legal Affairs on the 22nd ultimo.

MR. W. A. EAST, C.S., on his return from leave will do duty as Collector and Magistrate of the district of Poona, &c., till further orders. Mr. A. Keyser, C.S., will take up similar duties at Satara, and Mr. H. E. Winter, C.S., at Satara.

COLONEL CLEMENTI, Judge Advocate-General, goes home on leave in July.

THE telegraph line was opened to Colonel Graham's Camp at Gnatong last Friday.

IN the case of the attempt on the life of the Nawab of Mamdote, the accused, one Khan Muhammad, has been sentenced by the Divisional Judge of Ferozpore to transportation for life.

CHOLERA seems to be spreading from Kashmir into the Punjab, the disease having appeared in the Shahpur, Jhelum, and Rawalpindi districts.

THE prosperity of Mooltan and the surrounding districts as regards crops is entirely dependent upon the irrigation canals, of which there are thirty-three. These canals were made before we annexed the Province, but they have since been considerably improved. They are cleaned annually by the cultivators themselves at their own expense, Government making no grant for the work. The Wali Mahnund canal, which supplies Mooltan proper, takes off from the Chenab about twenty-three miles away. For the last three years this canal has been in a bad way. The head is in a creek which is constantly sitting up, and although the engineers have done their utmost to rectify matters by constructing embankments, the river simply refuses to be controlled, and the result is that unless there happens to be a full flood in the river itself the canal gets very little water. The only way to overcome this is by making a new head, and until the people realise this and provide the funds for the work, the crops will always be uncertain. Last year the cultivators who depend upon the Shahpore and Daurana-Sangana canals subscribed the necessary money to build new heads, and they are now reaping the benefit by getting good crops. The Indus and the Sutlej are both low this year, and both the Dera Ghazi Khan and Mooltan districts are suffering in consequence. Indigo is the paying crop of the Sutlej. Last year it failed entirely, and great fears are entertained that the failure is now to be repeated. Mr. Garbett, the Superintending Engineer, has gone to the Wali Mahnund canal head to see what can be done, but it is feared that no lasting improvement can be effected until a new head is constructed.

BRANC
OF THE
SIATIC

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ITALY AND ZANZIBAR.

ZANZIBAR, JUNE 6.

The Italian Consul here has lowered the Consulate flag and broken off diplomatic relations with the Sultan, as the latter has refused to ratify the cession of a part of his territory to Italy according to the treaty concluded with the late Sultan, Seyyid Burgash.

JUNE 7.

Colonel Euan-Smith, the British Agent and Consul-General here, condemns the action of the Italian Consul.

REVIVAL OF TURKO-GRECIAN DIFFICULTY.

ATHENS, JUNE 6.

The difficulty between Greece and Turkey, which had been smoothed over by the friendly offices of Sir William White, the British Ambassador at Constantinople, has revived.

The Turkish Governor of Monastir has refused to receive the official despatches addressed to him by the Greek Consul of that town.

The Greek Governor of Larissa has been instructed by his Government to treat the Turkish Consul of that city similarly.

THE UNITED STATES.

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 6.

The Democratic Convention held at St. Louis has unanimously nominated Mr. Cleveland for the Presidentship of the United States for a second term.

JUNE 7.

The platform adopted by the Democratic Convention at St. Louis re-affirms that of 1884.

It also endorses President Cleveland's last message to the Congress.

THE DECCAN MINING INQUIRY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 7.

It appears that the public telegraphed home for confirmation of the *Bombay Gazette* report of the first day's evidence taken before the Committee of Inquiry with special reference to Mr. Batten's and the Directors' conduct in regard to the formation of the Deccan Mining Company. The following is the reply received from the *Pioneer's* London correspondent :—

The result of the Deccan Mining Inquiry so far has been to show that Mr. Batten was qualified as Chairman by Mr. Watson and immediately after with the other Directors similarly qualified allotted eighty-five thousand shares to Messrs. Watson and Stewart without inquiry or estimate of the value of the concession. Mr. Winter proved that Abdul Huq was bribed to grant the concession by a quarter share of the proceeds. The Sirdar first asked Rs. 120,000 in cash. He showed Sir Salar Jung's letter, of which Mr. Winter produced a copy to the Committee. The Nizam's Counsel promised to produce the original if they have it. Mr. Winter did not tell the Nizam's advisers or the Government that Abdul Huq was having a share. He considered it a State secret, and that Abdul Huq was justified by Sir Salar Jung's letter in taking what he could get.

Mr. Evans, stock broker, said he sold over twenty thousand shares for Mr. Watson, and that he would have charged a pound commission per share instead of ten shillings had he known what he now knows.

It is reported from Hyderabad that the Minister has protested on behalf of the Hyderabad shareholders against the proposed meeting of the Goolbarga Mills Company, which has been called for Saturday for the purpose of winding up the Company, and reconstructing it on a new basis. The proposed change has caused considerable alarm to a number of the shareholders, who will welcome the Minister's action in the matter.

THE LATE SIR FRANK H. SOUTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 7.

The funeral of Sir Frank H. Souter took place yesterday at St. Thomas's Church at Ooty. H. E. the Governor, desirous of all honour being accorded to the remains of so distinguished a public servant and a personal friend of old standing, was chief mourner. H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, Sir Charles Sargent, the Personal Staffs of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Army Head-quarters Staff, Members of the Council, Secretaries to Government, Heads of Departments, Inspector-General of Police, officers, and the general society of Ooty were present. The Nilgiri Volunteers, of which body the Governor is the honorary Colonel, paraded at the deceased's house, and preceded the *cortège* to Church. The massed bands of the Governor and Volunteers played the "Dead March in Saul." A party of the Royal Fusiliers from Wellington, specially ordered by the Commander-in-Chief, met the procession and took the coffin to the Church. The road was lined by the police. At the Church the procession was met by the Bishop and the Chaplain ; the Chaplain conducted the service at the Church, and the Bishop at the grave. The ceremony throughout was very impressive.

THE MILITARY TRESPASS CASE.

The case in which the Colonel and officers of the 9th Regiment are charged with mischief and criminal trespass was resumed to-day, evidence for the prosecution being given. The case will probably last for several days.

VOLUNTEER RIFLE MATCH.

The Simla Volunteers have accepted the offer of a Rifle match with the Madras Volunteers for a watch presented by Captain Sherman, of Madras.

THE TRIAL OF NIL MADHUB MITTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 7.

The judgment of the full Bench upon the question referred by Justice Wilson, whether the confession of parricide by Nil Madhub Mitter made to Kally Nath Mitter was admissible in evidence, was given this morning. It briefly dealt with the issues raised and declared it admissible. The prisoner will be brought to-morrow morning before the Court to hear his sentence.

FORGERY OF GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES.

A case of forging Government currency notes of Rs. 10 and 5 has cropped up. The offence has been traced to Mohender Nath Chatterjee, a well-known Professor of Music, who has absconded. His brothers and sons are in the hands of the police.

DEATH OF THE SULTAN OF MUSCAT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 7.

His Highness Seyyid Turki, Sultan of Muscat, died on the 4th instant, and his second son, Seyyid Feysal, has assumed the Government.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

LISBON, JUNE 6.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Goorkha, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4¼
The Manchester Market has been quiet.	
Exchange on India 30 days' sight	1 3⅞
2¾ per cent. Consols for account	98⅞
4½ per cent. French Rentes	106
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	66
4½ per cent. do.	70⅝
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106½
Bar Silver	42⅛

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, JUNE 6.

10 p.m.	81·2

THURSDAY, JUNE 7.

6 a.m.	80·2
10 a.m.	84·7
2 p.m.	79·2
4 p.m.	80·8

THE annual Administration Report on Railways in India has just been issued. It shows that the net receipts in 1887 were Rs. 38,78,758 less than in 1886, while the percentage on capital expended was 5·33 as compared with 5·90. The decrease in traffic and net receipts was most marked on the North-Western, Bombay, Baroda and Rajputana-Malwa Railways, and was principally attributable to the depressed state of the grain trade. There was a satisfactory development of traffic on the Eastern Bengal and Southern Mahratta Railways. During the year 988 miles of railway were completed and opened for traffic, making a total of 14,388 miles open on March 31st. On the same date the total sanctioned mileage open and under construction was 16,870.

IN connection with the new four per cent. Loan it is explained that there are two Standard Loans in India : that of 1842-43 with interest payable on February 1st and August 1st, and that of 1865 with interest payable on November 1st and May 1st. The new Loan, it will be noticed, forms a part of that of 1865, and promissory notes will be issued bearing interest from November 1st, 1888. The reason why the 1865 Loan has been selected is technically explained as follows :—When a Loan is paid in the Government allow a discount up to the next payment day, and then the Loan runs from that day. The Financial Department, therefore, take as the "next payment day" the quarter-day (in their financial year) next succeeding the last instalment day. In the present instance the last instalment day being September 11th, the quarter-day becomes November 1st, and therefore the Loan selected is that of 1865. There is absolutely no difference between the conditions of the two Standard Loans ; in fact any note of one of them may on application be converted into a note of the other. They differ only in respect of the dates of payment of interest.

THE story of the station master, who telegraphed that a tiger had been seen and asked for instructions, is well known. A correspondent quotes a telegram from another station master, which would be quite as amusing were it not for the tragedy to which it refers :—"Man committed suicide by jumping into line while No. 1 mixed passing. Crushed into pieces and died at once. *No damage to permanent way.*"

ON the application of one Madho Pershad, a mahajan of Benares, Mr. C. W. Hope, Joint Magistrate, issued a warrant for the arrest of one Futteh Bahadur Singh, of Motihari, in the Champarun district. The accused is an extensive landed proprietor, and he is charged with cheating and dishonestly inducing a delivery of property. About five months ago the accused made the acquaintance of the complainant through a mutual friend, and shortly after solicited a loan of Rs. 8,000, and as security mortgaged a village known as Bukhtawar, in Motihari, declaring in the mortgage deed that the village was unencumbered. The complainant, relying on this representation, advanced Rs. 8,000. He subsequently ascertained that, with several other villages, the accused had already mortgaged Buhktawar to one Ramlad Sao, and in the mortgage deed executed in his favour the accused undertook not to charge the village by a second mortgage. The 29th instant has been fixed for the hearing of the case.

THE question of the appointment of a Deputy Secretary in the Financial Department was discussed at last Wednesday's meeting of the Viceregal Council. The Government of India intends to support the proposal, and a despatch on the subject goes home by next mail. Another question before the Council concerned the retention of the Calcutta Mint, and it was decided that the Mint should be maintained. In the first place, the Bombay Mint, facing the sea as it does, was held to be much exposed to damage in the event of hostile cruisers attacking Bombay, and it would never do for the Government of India to have what would be its only establishment for coining money thus injured, and perhaps destroyed. Secondly, the contingency of an enormous demand for coinage, which would be created by a European war in which India was involved had to be taken into account, and it was feared that a single Mint would be unequal to the strain. Thirdly, the fact was considered that the existence of two Mints gave the Government greater facilities for reducing its reserves of bullion. For these and other minor reasons it was held that the advantages were, on the whole, on the side of maintaining the two establishments.

ACCORDING to the final report for the season 1887-88 the area under wheat exceeds that of the previous year by no less than 258,400 acres, and this too although the area of the previous year was by no means a small one. The cause of this large expansion in wheat growing was a very favourable fall of rain, which occurred in October. The excellent condition of the land at sowing time naturally stimulated sowing, and moreover, as the rain ruined a good deal of linseed, which was sown previous to it, a considerable area which has been placed under linseed was resown with wheat. The only districts in which the wheat area did not expand are Raipur and Bilaspur, and these were the only districts in which the rainfall of October was insufficient. The area under linseed, on the other hand, contracted very considerably, being less by 38,584 acres (or by 5 per cent.) than in the previous year. In spite of the prevalence of rust, the wheat crop is a very good one. The estimate of nine districts is 16 annas or over, and it is only in the rice growing districts, to the south and east of the Provinces, that the outturn falls short of a full average. The linseed outturn has not been so good, as the linseed suffered considerably more than the wheat from the cloudy weather which prevailed during February. In Raipur and Bilaspur the outturn was particularly poor, as in these districts the crop suffered an additional injury from lack of rain at the beginning of the season. The yield of wheat is estimated at 1,138,800 tons, or nearly 319 lakhs of maunds, the largest outturn of the three preceding years, that of 1884-85, having been 249 lakhs of maunds.

THE LATE SIR FRANK SOUTER.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE CORPORATION.

A MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was called for yesterday, but was adjourned out of respect to the memory of Sir Frank Souter. The following members were present :—Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart, C.S.I., Colonel Merewether, Captain Sir Henry Morland, Kt., Surgeon-Major G. Waters, Drs. Thomas Blaney, Cowasjee Hormusjee, and P. C. DeSouza, Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban, Messrs. J. P. Cornforth, G. Cotton, J. R. Duxbury, Grattan Geary, Harold King, H. W. Uloth, Bomanjee Pestonjee Master, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, Damodar Thakersi Mooljee, Dosabhoy Framjee, C.S.I., Eknath Raghunath Narayen Khote, Fazulbhoy Visram, Hormusjee Dadabhoy, Jamshedjee Palonjee Kapadia, Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, Jehangir Byramjee Murzban, Jehanghir Cowasjee Jehanghir, Cowasjee Meherwanjee Shroff, Mahomed Husein Hakim, Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, Naorojee Byramjee Suntook, N. G. Chandawarkar, Purshotumdas Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Raghunath Narayen Khote, C.I.E., Shivjee Dhurmajee, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Venayekrao Ramchunder Luxumonjee, and Rao Saheb Vishvanath Narayen Mandlik, C.S.I.

The chairman, in opening the proceedings, said : Gentlemen,—Since our last meeting we have received the melancholy tidings of the sudden death of one of our most prominent and active members, and a past chairman of this Corporation, Sir Frank Souter, Kt., C.S.I., C.I.E. His loss is a public calamity, and the whole city mourns his death. This Corporation will long remember his cheerful voice, his manly and genial disposition, the keen interest which he invariably evinced in the civic advancement and improvement of the city, his vigilance for the welfare of its inhabitants, and his friendly intercourse with all the members, both European and native. He extended his sympathy to all with whom he came in contact, and he never allowed any considerations of personal comfort, or ever spared any pains in the discharge of his most arduous and responsible duties. He was a staunch friend, and he had so endeared himself to the natives as well as the Europeans, that people of all classes and creeds of this great city esteemed him as they have seldom esteemed any other citizen. In fact, his gallantry, conscientiousness, charity, and sympathy marked him as one of that band of true patriots who have made their country famous throughout the world. In conclusion, after placing on record our sense of the great loss this city has sustained in the death of our esteemed colleague, Sir Frank Souter—a resolution embodying which it will be my melancholy duty to propose this Corporation should adjourn for the day as a mark of respect to his memory. I now propose that this Corporation record with profound and sorrowful regret, the sense of the loss they have sustained in the unexpected death of Sir Frank Souter, Kt., C.S.I. C.I.E. And in doing so would observe, that during the long period of his connection with this municipal body, Sir Frank Souter was ever foremost, and took a prominent part in every movement, calculated for the welfare of this city. Firm of purpose, strong in character, and with a keen sense of discipline he invariable displayed manliness of conduct which might be truly called heroic. Nor was this incompatible with that gentleness and simplicity of character, which endeared him to all with whom he came in contact, whether in his public or private capacity ; the manner in which he presided over the deliberations of this Corporation entirely warranted the enthusiasm, with which he was elected to the chair, courteous and just to all, true and steadfast in friendship, and ever generous to his opponents, it was only natural that he should be beloved by men of every class and every creed of this great city, and that his death should evoke universal sorrow. That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Lady Souter with the assurance of this Corporation's sincerest sympathy with herself and her family in their great bereavement. That as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the Corporation adjourn without proceeding to the transaction of business.

Sir Henry Morland said : Mr. Chairman, I beg to second this motion. I will not add to the eulogies which have been so deservedly passed to the memory of our deceased colleague. I will only say that the keen sense of our loss has been emphasized by the suddenness of the blow, and I trust that the few feeble words which have been spoken to his memory will not be the only marks of respect shown by this city to one who has done so much for it, and to whom we owe so much. I trust that some more lasting emblem of his merits may survive the memory of him.

Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy said : Mr. Chairman, I cannot forbear saying a word upon this sad occasion. Sir Frank Souter's sudden death has not only seized us all by surprise, but has cast a gloom over all Bombay. Sir Frank had endeared himself to every section of the community by his marked urbanity of manner and affability in private life. His public duties brought him constantly in contact with people of every grade and station, but the same suavity of manner and polite bearing, and kindness of heart and desire to oblige, were uniformly his characteristic personal qualities. With all this amiability, however, he yet maintained a high reputation for unbending strictness and resolution in the discharge of his duties, and it is easily conceivable that the occasions for the exercise of a vigourous independence of character and vigourous integrity of purpose were both trying and numerous. Every section of the community, I believe, joins in sincerely lamenting the sad loss which has fallen on our city ; but speaking more especially for the community to which I have the honour to belong, I am bound to bear testimony to the high esteem and affectionate respect in which our departed friend was universally held. The blow is so severe, and the grief is so fresh, that it is not easy to smother one's feelings and speak at length upon the good qualities of the dear departed. Let those well-known lines suffice at this moment :—

> His foibles few, his virtues many,
> He was a man, take him for all-in-all,
> We shall not look upon his like again.

Mr. K. M. Shroff said that one trait of Sir Frank Souter's admirable character had not been hitherto noticed by any of the speakers, either at the Town Council or the Corporation. They had all acknowledged his zeal, ability and honesty, but over and above these qualities he had one great merit, namely, his affectionate kindness to animals. It was some eight years ago, said Mr. Shroff, that he was first brought, in his capacity of secretary to the P. C. A Society, in contact with the late Sir Frank Souter, and during all that period, with one or two exceptions, he had never found a more energetic and a more kind-hearted member of that Society than Sir Frank. It was not only that he was an energetic member of the Society, but he gave it valuable assistance in his official capacity as Commissioner of Police. They all knew that without the help of the police, the Society's operations could not be successfully carried on, and in all his efforts to suppress cruelty the speaker always met with very cheerful co-operation from the head of the Bombay Police. Sir Frank Souter always cheerfully gave him sound advice and assistance, and had issued positive instructions, both to his native and European subordinates, to render every assistance in their power to the Society's operations. They were all aware of Sir Frank Souter's love of horses. But his love was not confined to the equine race ; it extended to the working animals, and there were occasions on which he had personally appeared before magistrates to prosecute cases of cruelty which had come within his notice on the public roads.

Mr. M. H. Hakim said he could yet hardly realize that Sir Frank Souter was dead, and that they were no more to see his beaming countenance. His death had created a gap which it would be difficult, if not impossible, to fill.

Mr. Grattan Geary said he desired to join in the general tribute of regret and sorrow at the loss which they had all sustained by the death of a valued colleague, who had been associated with them for years past. Sir Frank Souter had laboured amongst them, and it was a valuable testimony to the success of the institution of local self-Government, which it was the wise policy of Government to introduce into this country, that on an occasion such as this all classes were united in a bond of common sympathy. They all felt the deepest sympathy with the bereaved family. Sir Frank Souter was their colleague on the Corporation and the Town Council. When he sat amongst them, he was no longer a Commissioner of Police, but was one of themselves, and did his duty by the general public as one of the public. He had gained by his straightforwardness and kindness the esteem and attachment of the community. They and their successors would keep in memory the name of Sir Frank Souter. (Applause.)

The Acting Municipal Commissioner said that although he had not the privilege of enjoying the acquaintance of Sir Frank Souter during the long period that he was a member of the Corporation, still he might be allowed to express his sense of the kindness and assistance which he had always received from him during the short time he had been in Bombay, Sir Frank's house was the first house he stayed in when he came to Bombay to take charge of his appointment, and from that time to the last day that he (Mr. Charles) saw him, he could only say that he had experienced the most unvarying kindness from him. It was within the power of members of the Corporation to afford very great assistance to the Municipal Commissioner by their advice and the result of their experience, and he always received that assistance from Sir Frank. He never went to Sir Frank for advice without being treated by him with exceeding kindness, and for the help he gave him at all times he wished to acknowledge, to the fullest extent, his deep obligations to him. Beyond his position as a member of the Corporation, he rendered great assistance in his capacity of Commissioner of Police. It would be a difficult position for two officials in the same city, with their powers and duties somewhat intermingled, to get on well together ; and it said a very great deal to the tact of Sir Frank that at no time had he ever clashed in any way whatever with the Municipal Commissioner for the time being. He was aware that Mr. Ollivant was on terms of the closest friendship with Sir Frank Souter and had the greatest esteem for him ; and Mr. Charles added that he esteemed it as the greatest kindness on the part of Sir Frank that he always extended to him valuable assistance, both in his private capacity and in his official capacity as Commissioner of Police. He desired therefore to express on that occasion his extreme regret at the loss they had all sustained.

The motion having been unanimously agreed to, the Corporation adjourned till Monday.

EXHIBITIONS AT KOLHAPUR.

THE following Resolution was issued yesterday :—

Bombay Castle, 5th June 1888.

Letter from the Acting Political Agent, Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country, No. 132, dated 19th April 1888. Submitting a report of an Industrial Exhibition held at Kolhapur between the 2nd and the 12th April 1888. Stating that it has been suggested to those concerned that it might be possible to hold small exhibitions in each Petha or State every year, and that once in five years a central exhibition might take place. Making remarks, and adding that this Exhibition has been got up, managed, and successfully conducted exclusively by officers employed in Native States, many of them subjects of those States ; that the result is highly creditable to all concerned, and that no official intervention has taken place beyond mere advertisement :—

Resolution.—Government have read the report of the Exhibition with interest, and concur in the Political Agent's opinion that the result is highly creditable to all concerned. The Political Agent's suggestion that a small exhibition should be held every year in each Petha or State and a central exhibition once in five years may be more practicable if the local exhibition is held alternately in each of the Pethas.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ACTS.

THE Editor of the *Bombay Guardian* has received the following telegram from London :—"Psalm forty-seven. Repeal resolution carried unanimously after seven hours' debate." A few days ago the Indian National Telegraph Union telegraphed to the Press Association in London :—"Indians grateful to Professors Stuart and Samuel Smith for drawing attention to the working of the hated C. D. Acts. State protection of vice considered degrading and fatal to social purity. Acts odious to the people, a blot on the Indian Statute book, and a discredit on British Indian administration. Hope earnestly expressed that the motion of Mr. MacLaren will be agreed to by an overwhelming majority in the Commons."

THE MONSOON.

WHETHER or not the monsoon "bursts" to-day, in accordance with the anticipations of the weather-wise, with cyclonic disturbances, unmistakeable monsoon weather came upon us on Wednesday when heavy rain fell in a continuous downpour during the greater part of the night. The sky was illuminated with vivid flashes of lightning ; there were loud, though distant, peals of thunder, and when daybreak came the roads and low-lying places which the previous day had been dry and dusty were discovered deep in mud or water. Rain fell heavily during the greater part of yesterday, but in intermittent showers, and buildings, thoroughfares, and vehicles, wear the appearance which they will now retain on and off for four months' time. The atmosphere was eight degrees cooler yesterday than on Wednesday at noon.

A TRUE FRIEND OF THE WOMEN OF INDIA.

THE enlightened patriotism of the *Indian Mirror*, the accredited exponent of *intransigeant* Babuism, leads it to hope, and even to prophesy, that the movement for supplying medical aid to the women of India, initiated by Lady Dufferin, will collapse after she has left the country. How greatly the *Mirror* thus has at heart the well-being of its country-women will be realized on reading the following account which was given a few years since by Dr. Keegan, Presidency Surgeon of Indore, of the methods in vogue in conducting cases of labour in Central India. Dr. Keegan wrote :—

> The native midwives or *dhaies*, on being called to a woman in labour, hasten delivery as much as they posibly can by exerting pressure on the abdomen of the woman about to be confined, and by various other methods not necessary to mention here. They have no idea of waiting upon nature. The child being born, the mother is made to stand up, and pressure is again applied to the woman's abdomen by means of the head or bent knee of the *dhaie*. A bandage is then passed round the woman's abdomen, and she is then allowed to lie down on a charpoy under which a charcoal fire is placed, which causes the room to become excessively warm. The charcoal fire is used irrespective of the season of the year. The room selected for the confinement is usually in the very interior of the house, and is devoid of, any thing approaching to ventilation. Indeed, in the great majority of cases the room would be more properly described as a hermetically sealed chamber. The day succeeding the birth of the child the mother is subjected to fumigation into which carraway and dill seeds enter. The fumigation is continued for about twelve days, and at the same time indigenous stimulating condiments are given, which are supposed to give milk in abundance. These condiments are used four or six weeks. A very small quantity of food combined with almonds, dates, and cocoanut mixed with ghee is given to the mother during the first three days of her confinement. On the fourth day sojee is allowed, and after ten or twelve days simple food with dhal is given. The mother is allowed to drink nothing but warm water from the first ten days, and for a month or so afterwards she must drink cooled water which has been previously boiled. In the hot season of the year, the charcoal fire is used both day and night for the first twelve days succeeding the birth of the child. Subsequently it is used from evening till early morning, and is discontinued during the heat of the day. The use of the charcoal fire is not discontinued *in toto* until the expiration of a month or six weeks. During these six weeks the child is subjected to the same atmospheric conditions as the mother, and whenever the child cries more fuel is added to the fire. The child then soon ceases to cry, no doubt influenced by the carbonic acid gas given out by the burning charcoal. The period of confinement is different in different sects or castes. Natives of the Deccan, living in Malwa, use the charcoal fire more extensively than the Malwa people themselves, the former thinking the climate of Malwa to be rather colder than that of the Deccan. The period of confinement amongst Bora and Mussalman women is usually only two weeks, and they use the charcoal fire much less than the Hindu women. The poorer classes of Hindus use the charcoal fumigation much less than the rich, and do not continue its use for such a lengthened period. I am given to understand that this method of conducting confinements is, with some slight modification, more or less prevalent throughout the greater portion of India.

Lady Dufferin's movement has for its object to show a more excellent way than this, and the prayer of Bengali patrotism is that it may fail !

THE Mayor of Plymouth (Mr. Paring) presided on May 14 at a meeting of the general committee for the commemoration of the Armada. The secretary (Mr. W. H. K. Wright) reported considerable progress with the preparations for the event, which is to take place at Plymouth on July 19 next. A cheque for £100 had been received from the Duke of Norfolk, who had accepted the presidency, and £50 from the City of London Corporation.

A CARD.—An IMPORTANT DISCOVERY is announced in the "Paris Figaro" of a valuable remedy for nervous debility, physical exhaustion, and kindred complaints. The discovery was made by a missionary in Old Mexico ; it saved him from a miserable existence and premature decay. The Rev. Joseph Holmes, Bloomsbury Mansions, Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C., will send the prescription, free of charge, on receipt of a self-addressed stamped envelope. Mention this paper.

CHOLERA AT TANNA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The suggestions made by "Rate-payer" in his letter of the 2nd current, are, no doubt, very valuable. If these gentlemen were to urge on the Municipality to take effective steps, their suggestions and recommendations would be adopted at once by the chairman, Mr. Mahadeo Row, who has powers invested in him to carry them out. Controversy will not tend to check the spread of cholera in this station. What we want is active and immediate measures to annihilate the disease, and some one should be held responsible, as good lives are at stake. Since the setting in of the monsoons the sanitary condition has become very much worse, the foul drainage water having formed itself into small pools, there being no outlet ; the dirty rubbish is strewn everywhere ; and the filth of the gutters and cesspools has landed on the highway, emitting a stench not agreeable to the nasal organs. This state of affairs is discreditable to our Municipality. We trust, therefore, that some one interested in our welfare will move in the right direction and set matters right. The Civil Surgeon should be the right man to drive in these days.—Yours, &c.,

CITIZEN.

Tanna, June 7.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, June 7.—The barometer changes are moderate ; it has fallen over North-West India and the Peninsula, except Orissa and North Madras. The pressure is lowest at Mooltan, where it is fifty-four hundreths lower than at Colombo. Gradients are steep in North-West India ; area of slightly deficient pressure off Bombay Coast, in Central Behar, and perhaps off Pegu Coast. Winds are very strong on the Malabar Coast, and the weather is squally off the Konkon Coast. South-west monsoon has given heavy rain to the Malabar and Konkan Coasts, and showers have fallen in the north of Bombay and Kathiawar ; Karwar and Ratnagiri report 4 inches ; Mangalore and Goa, 2 ; Cochin 1. Great reduction of temperature in the Central Provinces and Central India, where fairly general rain has fallen ; light to moderate showers have fallen in Burma and Bengal, and moderate moonsoon blowing in the Bay. Numerous disturbances in the Punjab yesterday, and thunder showers at hill-stations. The chief feature in the weather yesterday was the advance of the monsoon northwards along the Bombay Coast and the establishment of it there and in Central Provinces.

SIR T. C. HOPE AND THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IN the Finance Committee's report there is incorporated a minute by Sir T. C. Hope replying to the criticisms of the Committee on the Public Works Department. He urges that the condition of the establishment is not altogether such as the Committee supposed it to be. There is indeed, he says, overcrowding and retarded promotion in some grades ; expensive privileges have been acquired by certain classes who do not require them and were not recommended for them by the Government of India ; and there is at present surplus of some 50 men. To this position the Department are fully alive, and various measures are already in progress or contemplation in order to improve it :

(*a*) Temporary Engineers have been discharged, except two or three retained on special grounds.

(*b*) Eight officers have taken furlough on special terms, and applications of 21 others are under consideration.

(*c*) The tenure of certain high appointments has been limited to five years.

(*d*) The rule requiring retirement of Royal Engineers, who are not Chief Engineers, 1st Class, to vacate their appointment on promotion to Major-General has been re-affirmed and enforced in several cases. A new rule has also been made requiring the vacating of any office on promotion to Lieutenant-General.

(*e*) The rule rendering any officer who has reached 50 years of age without becoming a Superintending Engineer liable to be called on to retire has been promulgated.

(*f*) Recruitment is proceeding on the basis of an establishment of under 700 Engineers, whereas the sanctioned number is 888 and the actual number 999.

(*g*) Owing to this short recruitment, combined with all other collateral causes, the actual strength is running down more rapidly than the normal rate of depletion, and will by 1891 be little more than the sanctioned number.

Under these circumstances, there does not seem to me to be any need for drastic measures of doubtful efficacy and operation. The various rules ending to reduction must be enforced, and the employment of our Engineers by companies, local boards, and native states should be encouraged. The responsibilty of senior Assistants and of Engineers who are doing Assistants' work should likewise be increased by making new Divisions or *quasi*-independent charges, as much as is possible without great extra expense.

Moreover, I should be disposed to urge on the Secretary of State the expediency of now assenting to our proposal of 1884, that 4th grade Executive Engineers should be designated 1st grade Assistants, and also of withholding from men entering the Department hereafter the increase of Assistants pay unnecessarily granted in 1884.

Finally, and in the event of further reduction being found absolutely indispensable, a certain number of men of proved inefficiency might be required to retire with the pensions of their rank, on the ground of reduction of establishment. But this measure would have to be applied with extreme caution, so as not to arouse ill-feeling between the several classes in the Department.

Beyond this, it does not seem to me to be necessary or advisable to go, unless indeed the Secretary of State were disposed, which seems improbable, to reconsider the whole general tenor of his orders of 1884, and to adopt the suggestion of the Government of India more completely than he then did, so as to reach those on the present heterogeneous body who are most in need of relief. If such a reconsideration were entered upon, it would become a further question whether it would not be possible to introduce to some extent the principle now recognised in the case of the Civil Service, that the superior offices are to be a *corps d' elite* and the juniors sufficient in numbers (and no more) to enable them to be trained for the higher posts. This would involve arrangements for doing the work otherwise, such as by employing selected Upper Subordinates for the purpose and thereby rearing a class analogous to the Deputy Collectors who exercise much the same powers and functions as the Junior Civil Servants. This would be less distinctive and sooner feasible than the scheme for an intermediate Service, which was rejected by the Secretary of State in 1880. If, however, it were coupled with a continuance of the present system of recruting nearly one-third of the superior service from the Statutory class, it would tend to reduce the European element in the whole public Works Administration to a point scarcely compatible with efficiency.

On the whole, I would advise not doing more than is indicated above in paragraph 17, and waiting patiently for the natural operation of the various regulations which have been made and the automatic improvement thereby of the condition of the Department

THE Opposition, according to the London correspondent of the *Irish Times*, are rigidly boycotted in London society, which has not only decreed the expulsion of men like Sir William Harcourt and Mr. John Morley from social circles, but has given the cold shoulder to Mr. Gladstone himself, to Lord Spencer, and even to Lord Rosebery. Social intercourse has been rendered so risky for those personages, that they accept invitations only where they are either sure of their ground or where the company has been carefully selected. Among the stories afloat is one that Lord Spencer formed one of a dining party given by an old and noble friend; but so repellant was the demeanour of the other guests—most of them brother-peers—that Lord Spencer withdrew, not waiting the end of dinner. It is also said that Mr. Gladstone, some nights ago, presenting himself at a West-end reception, was greeted by the numerous company with so emphatic a demonstration of hostility that he also beat a hasty retreat, and wrote an indignant note to his host, who answered that he had not anticipated Mr. Gladstone's unpopularity, otherwise he would have taken care not to expose Mr. Gladstone to it. But this party bitterness is by all accounts not one-sided, for we have reports of divers exhibitions of it on the part of sympathisers with Mr. Gladstone. A marked result of the spirit which has been engendered are the discord and personal friction which exist in many mixed clubs.

HIGH COURT WORK IN INDIA.

VERY full statistics are given in the Finance Committee's report of the work done in the various High Courts, showing the days of sitting, holidays, &c., which are summarised as follows :—

The conclusion to be drawn is that the Judges of the Allahabad High Court sit for the largest number of days ; then those of the Lahore Chief Court ; then the Bombay and Calcutta High Courts ; and the Judges of the Madras High Court sit for the smallest number. Taking the details which have been furnished us—

the Allahabad Judges	sat for	51	days out of	61
Lahore	„	47	„	61
Calcutta	„	21,10-13	„	31
	equal to	42⅔	„	61
Bombay		40	„	61
Madras		33,4-5	„	61

These statistics would be more strictly trustworthy if the same 61 days could have been used for shewing the work of all the Courts ; but the materials at our disposal do not enable us to supply this information. In the 61 days used for the Calcutta and Lahore Courts there were 4, and for the Allahabad Court 2, native holidays ; and in the 61 days used for Bombay and Madras there were 5 : the difference therefore is not very material. It would be very desirable if the same full details of the number of Court days and of Judges sitting which are given in the Madras Civil Justice Report for 1885, page 3, were supplied by all the High and Chief Courts.

The table at the end of this section compares the work done by each of the High Courts, and the Chief Court, in 1885, and the average quantity of work done by each Judge. We have not attempted to include every kind of work performed, but have chosen those items which represent the largest quantity and the most important class of cases. The assumption has been made that on the Original Side an Original Civil suit and a Sessions case are equal to each other : on the Appellate Side one Regular appeal or first appeal on the facts has been taken as equal to 7 special appeals, or appeals from Appellate decrees on points of law (the "further" appeals of the Punjab being on points of fact, have been treated as first appeals), or 7 Criminal Appeals or Revisions. This assumption is somewhat hypothetical and may be contested, but it is founded on the best information we can obtain, and it is, we understand, the basis used in some Courts for settling the daily Cause lists. In the case of the Calcutta High Court we have given an additional column shewing the average annual work of the 5 years, 1881—85, as more trustworthy than the statistics of 1885, when three extra Judges were appointed to clear off arrears, and work was carried on at somewhat higher pressure. According to these figures the average work done by a Judge on the Original Side was highest in Bombay and lowest in Madras : but in the exceptional year 1885, Calcutta stood higher than Bombay. As regards the disposal of Appellate work, the Lahore Court stands first ; Allahabad and Madras are nearly equal ; then comes Calcutta ; and Bombay is by far the last. We need hardly add that these statistics have to be read with a knowledge of the circumstances of the case. That knowledge the series of Notes on the Courts by the Finance Committee and the Finance Commissioner will to some extent supply. Thus in Bombay the number of the Original suits is swelled by a very large number of insolvency proceedings, the great majority of which are uncontested, and are of the simplest kind. On the other hond, in Bombay, an exceptional amount of attention is said to be given by the Judges to the study of the periodical Criminal returns of work sent up by Magistrates, and this is done out of Court and does not appear in our statement. Again in the Punjab the disposal of an unusual amount of work is facilitated by the system, whereby a large number of appeals are summarily rejected by a single Judge sitting in Chambers, without calling for the file. We, therefore, submit these statistics to the Government of India only as a basis for further discussion, in case they may desire to carry the matter further, and to lay down, after consulting the Courts, some ratios which may be accepted as a standard for testing the work done by them on an equal and uniform system.

These remarks and reservations do not, however, apply as much to the statistics summarised in paragraph ten, from which we conceive that a direct conclusion can be drawn without much risk as to the amount of time given by the Judges of the different Courts to the disposal of work.

In conclusion, we venture to suggest that it would be a great convenience to officials engaged on such an enquiry as ours has been into the cost and work of the High Courts and Chief Court, if the Government of India could see its way to prescribe a set of uniform statistical tables to be filled up by all the Courts in their Annual Reports.

MADRAS.

THE NEW TOWN HALL.—Madras has, at last, a public Hall, for the Victoria Public Hall is now an accomplished fact. Though the building has not yet received its finishing touch, it has already been utilised for the holding of meetings and other public events. The building is an ornament to the city, while the centre hall in the upper floor possesses the advantages of being capacious and cool. There is still some difficulty, we believe, as to funds. The building includes within its walls Municipal Offices, a theatre, assembly-rooms, a library and a Volunteer armoury. There has, however, been great excess of expenditure over the original and revised estimates. For this the Municipal Committee are held responsible, by their having failed to insist on a strict adherence to the plans and estimates approved by Government. The Hall has already cost Rs. 3,25,000 ; to meet the first loan of Rs. 1,50,000 an annual sum of Rs. 14,000 has been provided, *viz* Rs. 9,000 interest and Rs. 5,000 sinking fund. To meet the charges on the second loan of Rs. 1,75,000—the interest of which is, it is believed, to be reduced to 4½ per cent. if, indeed, it has not so been reduced already—Rs. 10,000 have been budgeted for, of which Rs. 2,125 goes annually to the sinking fund. The provision of Rs. 5,000 for the next few years will cover any further small loan necessary for the completion of the Hall. The budget of the Committee is, in the Lieutenant-Governor's opinion, carefully framed, and, though it has but a small balance to its credit, there is no reason to suppose that it cannot meet all its liabilities in the future.—*Times.*

A SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCE.—The Madras Railway authorities have, for some time past, been engaged in investigating certain criminal charges brought against some of the workmen employed in the construction of the Pennar Bridge on the North West Line of the Madras Railway, near Gooty. The enquiry, we understand, resulted in certain specific charges being framed against the individuals concerned. Yesterday morning a telegram was received at Madras intimating that during the previous night a large fire had suddenly broken out near the construction works, and that the store shed and the Inspector's bungalow had been completely destroyed by the flames. The cause of the fire has not been explained, but the circumstance is viewed with suspicion, and it is believed to have been the result of incendiarism, the object being to destroy certain documentary evidence which strongly corroborates the charges brought against the workmen. Mr. E. Barclay, the Government Solicitor (accompanied by Mr. H. R. P. Carter, The Deputy Chief Engineer), left Madras yesterday evening by the ordinary North West Mail train for Gooty, under instructions to institute a criminal prosecution against the men.—*Mail.*

ALLEGED MISCHIEF BY OFFICERS OF THE 9TH REGIMENT M. I.—This case, in which Colonel Tabuteau, Commanding the 9th Regiment, Madras Infantry, Lieutenant Tuson, and a Native Officer are concerned has been adjourned to the 7th instant, on the application of the Government Solicitor, who appeared for the defendants.—*Ibid.*

A "SOCIETY" paper writes :—"How many times her Gracious Majesty has had her portrait painted one dare not hazard a guess. Unfortunately for the encouragement of "native talent," a foreign artist has generally been selected ; Angeli, of Vienna, I imagine, having been the most favoured during the past few years. I am all the more rejoiced, therefore, to hear that the new full-length portrait of herself which the Queen proposes to have painted as a present to her devoted daughter, Princess Beatrice, will issue from an English studio.

Holloway's Ointment.—The great climatic variations which soldiers and sailors experience render them liable to a variety of diseases, the development of which is favoured by exposure and hardships—often, it is to be feared, by their own carelessness as well. Holloway's remedies afford a safe and easy means of cure for those constitutional and local maladies which are so frequently engendered by residence in unhealthy climates and by incautious living. The Ointment is a wonderfully healing application, as it cleanses the surface of foul sores and ulcers, soothes the throbbing and pain in cases of inflammation, and checks the progress of skin diseases. The Pills purify the blood, cleanse the liver, and remove all noxious matter from the system.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s.s. Warwick, 1,648 tons, Captain B. D. Austis, sailed yesterday for Singapore, empty.

THE s.s. Crathorne, 1,810 tons, Captain T. McCullock, cleared outwards yesterday for Havre, laden with a general cargo.

THE Asiatic steamer Peshwa, 1,379 tons, for Calcutta and the Coast ports, cleared yesterday, laden with a general cargo, in command of Captain J Carson.

THE B. and P. S. N. Company's steamer Calder, Captain J. Cormack, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf, laden and with twenty deck passengers.

THE s. s. Busheer, Captain J Skinner, arrived in port yesterday from Marmagoa with a general cargo and Mrs Robson, as cabin and 27 deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line Steamer California, 2,214 tons, Captain R. T. Garvie, will sail to-day for Liverpool, with a general cargo and Mr. P. Simpson, and a distressed seaman, as passengers.

THE s s Lord Lansdowne, 1,816 tons, Captain W Arthurs, from Glasgow, arrived in Bombay, yesterday, with a cargo of 3,471 tons coals for Messrs Killick, Nixon and Co., also agents for the vessel.

THE Hall line steamer Merton Hall, 2,646 tons, Captain J Hughes, from Liverpool (May 11) arrived in port yesterday, laden with a general cargo and Revd James Gray, as saloon, and one deck passenger.

VESSELS IN DOCK.—JUNE 7.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Victoria	2207	W. Russell	B	W.& A. Graham & Co.
,, Kaisar-i-Hind	2406	J. Hazelwood	C	P. & O. Co.
,, Star of Victoria	2116	Smith	D	F. Muir & Co.
,, Sahara	1188	Goldsworthy	E	F. Muir & Co
,, Sorrento	1775	Ouston	F	F. Muir & Co.
,, C. Sinclair	1911	Kewley	G	F. Muir & Co.
,, Eastbourne.	1509	Watson	H J	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Kangra	1466	H. M. Ingram	K	B. I. S. N. Co.
,, Eden Hall	2353	Millard	M	E. Bates & Co.
,, Yesso	1381	T. Trotter	N	F. Muir & Co.
,, Chelydra	1574	Peace	O	Beyts, Craig & Co.
,, Berenice	1707	E. Perini	Q	O. Van Haffer & Co.
,, Bedouin	1277	Robson	Ibis	The Bo. Co., Ld.
,, Amphitrite	1502	Brackenbury	..	Captain.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Warora	2553	Mackerness	1	M. Mackenzie & Co.
,, L. Tower	1892	Purse	2	Beyts, Craig & Co.
,, Crathorne	1810	McCulloch	3	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Scawfell	1430	Stanhope	4	F. Muir & Co,
,, Lombardy	1571	Preston	5	P. & O. Co.
,, California	2214	Green	6	W.& A. Graham & Co.
,, C. Tower	1927	Hamley	7	Captain.
Ship Kt. Companion	1489	Davies	9	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Cedar Branch	1645	Ritson	10	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, P. Hendrick	2041	Collin	11	V. Ebram.
,, Oxford	1892	Jones	12	Captain.

ARRIVALS.

June.	Vessel.	Commander	From
7	Lord Lansdowne s	Arthurs	Glasgow, May 10.
	Bush er (s)	Skinner	Marmagoa, June 5.
	Medusa (s)	Sbutega	Trieste, May 18.
	Merton Hall (s)	Hughes	Liverpool, May 11.

DEPARTURES.

June.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
7	Peshwa (s)	Carson	Calcutta and Coast.
	Warwick (s)	Austis	Singapore.
8	California (s)	Garive	Liverpool.
	Calder (s)	Cormack	Persian Gulf.
	Crathorne (s)	McCullock	Havre.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Sirdhana, for Calcutta.
,, Rangoon, for Moulmein.
,, Bush er, for Marmagoa.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

June.			
1	Castle Eden s	David Jone.	Colombo, May 26.
	Orion s	J. Nessea	Port Natal, April 16.
2	Africa s	F. Johnstone	Rangoon, May 30.
	Simla s	W. Major	Moulmein, May 30.
	Medea s	A. Mitis	Colombo, May 27.
	Madras s	W M Brittan	Rangoon, May 26.
	Cromartyshire	Douglas	Cardiff, Feb. 14.
	Futteh Rohoman s	Nacoda	Muscat, May 5.
3	Capella s	William Lee	Liverpool, May 1.
	Garfield s	W Thompson	Liverpool, May 28.
	Bianca s	H. Hughes	Liverpool, Jan. 24.

DEPARTURES.

June 1.—Steamers Bombay, Astronomer, Maharani and a steamer (showed T. P. V. J.) and Ship County of Peebles.

June 3.—Steamers Kohinur and Culna. Barque Sophia Joakim.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

June.		
1	R. Marow, bq.	Bombay.
	Jumna s	London.
2	Taif s	Bombay.
4	Bhundara s	Bombay.
	Goa s	Calcutta.
	Elkinshiri s	Cardiff.
5	Secundra s	Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

June.		
1	Goalpara s	Negapatam.
2	Clan Buchanan s	Calcutta.
	Hughenden s	Pondy.
4	Bhundara s	Calcutta.
5	Jumna s	Calcutta.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JUNE 7.

Crossdaile, Captain, Madras, Bedford Regt, on promotion, from Secunderabad.

Holmes, Major, Royal Dublin Fus, on appointment, from England.

Scott, Captain, Bombay, Lancashire Fus, on language leave, from Deolali.

DEPARTURES.—JUNE 7.

Scott, Captain, Lancashire Fusiliers, on duty, to Deolali.

Hutchinson, Major, Royal Lancaster Regt, on leave, to Poona.

Holmes, Major, Royal Dublin Fus, on duty, to Nusirabad.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDER

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 8th June, 1888.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

The following order is notified :—

1. Members of the above Corps are requested to return with the least possible delay any article of kit they may have in their possession belonging to the Corps, *viz.*,—Bridles, bits, carbine, buckets, bandoliers, and swordbelts.

By order,
(Sd.) G. DE SAONE,
Lieutenant & Acting Adjutant,
Bombay Vol. R. Corp.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 6th June, 1888.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·637
Temperature of the Air	84·6
Wet Bulb Thermometer	79·8
Dew Point	78·2
Relative humidity of Air	·814
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	7·8
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day.)	89·9
Minimum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	81·0
General Directions of Wind.*	SSW, SW, SSW, S, SSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	476
Fall of rain	0·35
Total for during month	0·58
,, ,, year	2·55
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 6th	0·20

* From midnight to midnight.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

M. JACOBSON, an engineer from the Panama Canal, has arrived in New York on the steamer from Aspinwall, on his way to France. M. Jacobson is a graduate of the Polytechnicum of Zurich. His position on the canal works is a very responsible one, that of chief executive officer for the Societe des Travaux Publics, the contractor for part of the workings between Obispo and Emperador, from kilometres 44 to 53, and including the celebrated Gamboa dam. M. Jacobson has been in the employ of the Societe for a year and a half, during which he has resided on the canal, giving the work his personal supervision. In reply to inquiries about the condition and prospects of the Panama enterprise, he expressed his entire willingness to give any information in his power and to pronounce an opinion on any matter that fell within the range of his observation. He said that work had commenced on the Gamboa dam, which after long hesitation was decided to be necessary for the control of the Chagres river. Of 3,000,000 cubic metres material which the dam is to contain, about 30,000 have been deposited on the opposite ends of the work at the basis and sides of the two large hills of Obispo and Santa Cruz, between which the dam is to be situated. These deposits are far enough from the bed of the Chagres to be safe from its current, even during a freshet. When, however, the work is further advanced and the centre of the dam is reached, which is to oppose the flow of the current, it is feared the floods of the rainy season will carry away all the material within reach. It is M. Jacobson's opinion that unless this central part of the dam can be completely finished in a single dry season, it will be found very difficult, and perhaps impossible, to construct it at all. He says with reference to operations during the rainy season, which has now set in, that little more can be done while the rain lasts than take care of the yards and material and preserve the work already accomplished. The representatives of M. Eiffel, under the new contract for the locks, have begun work at several points, but the plans, M. Jacobson says, are still inchoate, and the number of locks and their final location has yet been determined. In the excavation for the looks there will doubtless be obstacles to overcome. Already at points between the 44th and 48th kilometres the excavations made are actually too deep for the lock of the canal on the proposed level, which will necessitate the construction of dykes on one side to raise the water of the canal above that of the river. In this section the canal is in plane with the Chagres and Obispo at their junction. The part of the Chagres will be suppressed by the Gamboa dam, and its flow diverted into an artificial channel on the south side of the canal, but a dyke of about four kilometres in length and nine metres high must be raised between the Canal and the Obispo. M. Eiffel has no part in any of the canal work except the preparation for and the construction of the locks. Other contractors continue the dredging and excavation as heretofore. Except for such modifications as the new project necessitates, the completion of the canal does not therefore depend upon M. Eiffel, any more than any other of the contractors. When asked whether he thought the canal could be completed and open for traffic by 1899, M. Jacobson smiled broadly, and said that if the work on the Isthmus could be completed in five years it would be a great achievement.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 7.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Clan Sinclair s—68 bales hemp, Framji, Sands and Co ; 16,200 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 7,000 cwts wheat, Owen and Okell ; 532 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co ; 57 bales wool, M Dayal ; 12,900 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co ; 10,000 cwts wheat, The Bombay Co Ld.

Eden Hall s—6 bales silk waste, D Damoder ; 110 bales hemp, E D Sassoon and Co ; 400 cwts coir yarn, G Mottee and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Victoria s—110 bales cotton, G Lockhart and Co ; 86 cwts mother-of-pearl shells, G M Dharamsey.

Kaisar-i-Hind s—220 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 31 cwts ivory, T Topen ; 110 cwts gum, N Mowji ; 11 bales skins, P H A Cader.

Chelydra s—30 bales hides, Owen and Okell ; 17 bales hides, O Chandbhai ; 34 cwts Indian rubber, D Anundji ; 87 cwts gum, M Ludha ; 101 cwts gum, A H Carimbhoy ; 225 cwts gum, G Mottee and Co ; 8,400 cwts rapeseed, The Bombay Co Ld ; 14 cwts moyeteeth, E Passia ; 5 bales hides, H Jumall ; 55 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

California s—1 bales woolen carpets, Finlay, Muir and Co.

FOR HULL.

Sorrento s—2,820 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 1,300 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 100 bales wool, G Toolsidas.

FOR ANTWERP.

Yesso s—100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Kt Companion s—87 bales cotton, M Jaitha ; 2,000 cwts poppyseed, E Spinner and Co ; 985 cwts. poppyseed, The Bombay Co Ld.

Oxford s—300 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 400 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon, and Co ; 6,000 cwts wheat, D Sassoon and Co ; 1,800 cwts poppyseed, L Dreyfus and Co ; 400 cwts buffalo horns, R Cadarbhai.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Charters Tower s—4,000 cwts linseed, D Sassoon and Co ; 2,001 cwts linseed, Finlay, Muir and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Crathorne s—4,000 cwts rapeseed and 804 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Star of Victoria s—675 cwts rapeseed, C C Jassawalla ; 3,500 cwts castorseed, R Cadarbhai ; 150 cwts groundnuts and 3,000 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co.

Chelydra s—750 cwts groundnuts, Lang, Moir and Co ; 3,960 cwts wheat, The Bo Co Ld.

Eden Hall s—1,800 cwts copra, R Caderbhai ; 227 cwts copra, H Jamall.

FOR GENOA.

Dragoman s—800 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 3,000 cwts linseed and 2,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 2,000 cwts wheat, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR ST. NAZAIRE.

Bedouin s—26,085 cwts ra peseed, The Bo Co Ld.

FOR VENICE.

Eastbourne—(s) 100 bales cotton, The Bombay Co. Ld. ; 4,000 cwts castorseed, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Eastbourne (s)—220 bales cotton, The Bombay Co. Ld. ; 250 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR KOBE.

Lombardy (s)—50 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Lombardy (s)—36 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Lombardy (s)—33 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co ; 22 cwts gando horns, T Topen ; 1 chest opium, The P and O Co.

GENERAL PRJEVALSKY will start in August next on his fourth journey in Central Asia. He will be equipped for two years' travel, the ultimate destination of his expedition being Lhassa, the capital of Tibet. The General will be accompanied by an escort of twenty-eight persons, including twelve Cossacks, and two scientific companions, Lieutenant Robrowsky and Sub-Lieutenant Koslow.

THE bandit Alessandri, who for more than six years had been the terror of the village populations in Corsica, has been killed by the gendarmes after a desperate resistance. In February, 1882, he fired on a judge against whom he had a grudge, and, after murdering the man who had denounced him as the culprit, fled to the woods. He thenceforth devoted his energies to attacking and plundering the unfortunate rustics who came in his way, and was so successful in eluding the vigilance of the gendarmes that they only contrived to pounce on him on May 14. Alessandri made a determined struggle for freedom, but he was outmatched ; and after fighting for a time against tremendous odds, he was laid low by a bullet.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL ON OFFICIAL EXTRAVAGANCE.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL, speaking at a Conservative Demonstration at Preston, said : speaking generally, they had no organisation whatever under the present system in time of war. If war were to break out to-morrow they would find the most terrible, and probably fatal chaos, and confusion at the Admiralty and War Office—the departments to which the British people had entrusted the spending of scores of millions by the year. Had he not a right to be exasperated, and to call on the British people to be exasperated, and to exercise their great and invincible energy, if they chose to exercise it, to find out where the fault lay, and to remedy the fault without delay ? (Cheers.) There were people in London who would say when they read his speech, "How can he have the face to make such remarks ? Why, he resigned because he wished to cut down the estimates." He did not resign at all because he wished to cut down the estimates ; but as the strongest protest he could make against waste and extravagance. (Hear, hear.) He knew, and nobody would deny that subsequent disclosures had borne him out, that waste and extravagance were going on to an incredible degree ; and he called on them to reduce that waste and extravagance. The department said that they could not, and the department got the best of him ; but which had the best of it now ? (Cheers.) The view he took at that time had been borne out by two high authorities. The Secretary for War, the other day, said it was not so much money that was wanted as a good system of organisation. That was exactly what he said when he went out. (Cheers.) But a much greater authority than the Secretary of State for War, and a more practical man, who had the confidence of the country—Lord Charles Beresford—(cheers)—writing to a gentleman said that if we had a good organization the present system would be sufficient—nay, more than sufficient—to maintain efficiency. (Hear, hear.) But he himself had never changed from that position regarding the public expenditure on the army and the navy, and he might really call in his defence the Prime Minister of this country, because the Prime Minister said, the other day, in the House of Lords, and he did not think he would say more in his praise than he could possible help, that he did not believe there was a single man in this country against whom the accusation could by any possibility be made that he would risk the safety of the Empire on the chance of a popular Budget, he had never changed from the attitude he had taken. (Cheers.) Let them only prove to him that we should get good value for the money, and there was no demand which he would not cheerfully support, or even become responsible for in the House of Commons, if he were assured that they were providing for the safety of the Empire or the efficiency of our forces. (Hear, hear.) But these securities he would have, and he would oppose the voting of money to be expended under the present system, which had been convicted before Parliament and before the people of being utterly rotten and bad. (Hear, hear.) This matter had come to a crisis. It was now before Parliament and before the people, and the Government were pledged to consider it, with a view to remedial reforms. He trusted that the pledge would be carefully carried out. It might be that to some extent and under some circumstances he would favour what was called a spirited foreign policy if it were wisely pursued, but it would be dangerous in the extreme to pursue such a policy under our present naval and military conditions. For such a policy he should be sorry to become in any way responsible. (Cheers.)

MR. EDISON'S NEW PHONOGRAPH.

AN exhibition of Mr. Edison's new phonograph, especially in the reproduction of singing and the sounds of musical instruments, was given recently at the inventor's laboratory at New York. Experiments were made with the piano, violin, cornet, and clarionet, separately and together. For many weeks the inventor has been at work adapting the instrument to music. For recording the music of the piano a funnel of cardboard, five feet long, and two feet in diameter at the bell, was placed with the bell above the strings of the piano and the small end at the mouthpiece of the phonograph. The version of some chords and a polka was clear, distinct and musical. Even the vibration of the strings when the chord was struck was perfectly audible, and the result loud enough and musical enough to give pleasure to a sensitive ear. With the funnel for magnifying the sound placed on the machine the music sounded as the music of a piano might coming through a thick partition. Every note could be heard, but much of the musical effect was lost. The phonograph's reproduction of music was invariably a trifle sharper in pitch than the original, owing to the fact that the indenting stylus offered more resistance to the motor than the reproducing stylus, and the motor therefore moved faster and imparted more vibrations to the diaphragm in the same space of time. Of the different instruments tried, the cornet gave back the loudest and clearest tones, easily distinguished twenty or thirty feet from the diaphragm. Within the past month Mr. Edison has made several improvements in the phonograph to which he attaches great importance. Formerly, when it was desired to use one of the cylinders over again for new matter, much time was wasted in passing it through an apparatus, while a little blade took a thin shaving off, leaving a smooth surface ready for new work. Mr. Edison now arranges a minute knife upon the same arm which bears the diaphragm stylus. The knife cuts off a shaving and the diaphragm stylus follows in its wake ; both operations being accomplished at once. Wax cylinders are made thick enough to allow the indented surface to be planed off fifteen times, so the same cylinder can be used for fifteen different transcriptions. Another new device perfects the method of duplicating phonograms containing matter which may be worth selling, such as books, music, plays, &c. When a phonogram is obtained which gives out its message with particular distinctness it is coated electrically with nickel until a thick plate is obtained. This plate, when detached from the wax and pressed against a fresh sheet of warm wax, gives an exact reproduction of the original phonogram, and such duplicates may be made so easily and rapidly as to cost scarcely anything. To obtain the first phonogram of the book, or of a piece of music, may require care and special skill. Once obtained a million can be made from this one nickle mould. So far as countless experiments in the laboratory show there is no perceptible or audible wean in the wax phonogram, no matter how frequently it is made to repeat a message. Mr. Edison has announced so often that the phonograph would be ready for sale within a few weeks that he is now somewhat averse to saying anything about the future. His factory is turning out the instruments at the rate of 20 a day, however ; and unless something unexpected interferes the first order will be executed by the middle of June or sooner. There are 2,000 orders now on the books, some of them from Japan. The price finally settled upon is 85 dollars. This will be for the ordinary commercial phonograph, which Mr. Edison expects will take the place of the stenographer in business offices. Some tests made on Friday failed, however, to show that every word of dictation could be distinguished in the phonograph's version. There was a good deal of noise in the laboratory. A better device for excluding outside noises than the ordinary earphone and some method of deadening the rattle made by the electric motor which revolves the cylinder, have to be devised before the phonograph can be used by every one,judging from the tests.

THE CHRISTIAN VERNACULAR EDUCATION SOCIETY FOR INDIA.

THE thirtieth annual meeting of the Christian Vernacular Education Society for India was held in Willis's Rooms, on May 11, under the presidency of the Earl of Northbrook. The chairman, in his address, alluded to the satisfactory progress indicated in the report, and his opinion that literature of Christian tone and spirit was much needed. The report, presented by the secretary, spoke in a hopeful way of the good being done by the training institutions at Ahmednuggur and Dindigal. The schools were progressing, nearly seven thousand having attended the inspected schools, and it had been determined to open five or six new ones. The work of the society had shown that the conversion of Mahommedans was not hopeless. The chief feature of the year's work had been the publication of special books for the educated Hindoos. The number of books published had been 661,967. The receipts had been 10,146*l.* and the expenditure 9,800*l.* The Rev. F. E. Wigram, in moving the adoption of the report, emphasised the necessity of such a society. It was very important that there should be good literature provided in India. He pleaded for Government religious education, not only for the sake of individuals, but for the safety of the empire. The Rev. W. Stevenson, of the Free Church of Scotland, having pointed out the responsibility resting upon the churches and missions to support the society's operations, Mr. J. S. Haig, principal of the Ahmednuggur Training Institution, spoke of the school work in India ; and a resolution declaring that the meeting had heard with satisfaction the report of the good work done by the agents of the society in London in every department of its labours was passed.

A JOCKEY'S ACTION FOR LIBEL AGAINST LORD DURHAM.

IN the Queen's Bench Division, before Justices Field and Wills, an action has been brought by Charles Wood, the professional rider and jockey, against the Earl of Durham, a member of the Jockey Club, for libel. The alleged libel was in writing of him on the 7th of February last, "I now state that the substance of my speech at the dinner at York was to the effect that the horses in Sherrard's stable have shown constant and inexplicable changes of form, and that Wood, the jockey of that stable, has been in the habit of 'pulling them' "—that is, as alleged to be the meaning, that the plaintiff, by unfair and dishonest riding had prevented the horses from winning races which, but for such riding, they would have won, and had thereby caused them to show uncertain and variable quality in their racing. By reason of which the plaintiff alleged that he had been greatly injured in his professional credit and reputation, and had been exposed to contempt and hatred, and had suffered great mental distress, and he claimed £5,000 as damages. The statement of defence was, that the words were true in substance and, in fact, and that the plaintiff had been in the habit of so unlawfully and dishonestly riding racehorses in horseraces as to prevent them from winning races which, but for the plaintiff's unfair and dishonest riding, they would have won, and that habitually the plaintiff had not done his best to win the races in which he rode horses, and that he had thereby caused them to show uncertain and variable form , in their running. This plea, however, was struck out, as going out of and beyond the libel. Then the defendant put forth another plea, "that he used the words in their ordinary and natural meaning— that the plaintiff had been in the habit of so unfairly and dishonestly riding racehorses in horseraces as to prevent them from winning races which, but for this, they would have won, and that habitually the plaintiff had not done his best to win the races in which he rode, and that he had thereby caused them to show uncertain and variable form in their running ; that the words in this meaning are true in substance and in fact ; in the alternative that if the words were published with the meaning alleged by the plaintiff, they are true in substance and fact." The Judge at Chambers had struck out these pleas also on the same ground, and the defendant appealed against his order.

Sir Charles Russell (with Mr. Charles Mathews and Mr. Lawson Walton) appeared on his behalf, in support of his appeal. He argued that the plaintiff sought to limit the charge in the libel to horses in Sherrard's stables, while Lord Durham desired to extend it to other horses.[Mr. Justice Field : Your plea goes beyond the libel.]Not in substance. Lord Durham says that what he said in substance was more general ; and surely at the trial he would be entitled to show this and justify it ?

Mr. Lockwood, Q. C. (with the Hon. Alfred Lyttelton), appeared for the plaintiff and urged that the course proposed to be taken by the defendant was extraordinary. The original defence was filed on the 12th of April and struck out on the 24th of April, and now it was sought to effect the same object indirectly, and to extend the scope of the inquiry indefinitely by showing that Wood "pulled" other horses generally. [Mr. Justice Field : And "habitually."] Just so. [Mr. Justice Field : Can the defendant extend the scope of the libel as the plaintiff may do by innuendo ?] Precisely. Surely a defendant cannot be permitted to do that ? [Mr. Justice Field : The defendant desires to say that the words were used in a larger sense, and that they are true in that sense ; may he not say so, if the words are capable of it ?] It will extend the inquiry indefinitely and ought not to be allowed.

Sir Charles Russell, in reply, said no doubt the defendant could not alter and depart from the alleged meaning of the libel and give a totally different one. [Mr. Justice Field : That is, the libel being that plaintiff is a thief, you cannot say he is a murderer.] No doubt, but neither is the defendant bound by the plaintiff's version of the words, and may give another meaning which they are capable of. [Mr. Justice Field : We both think that the words alleged are not reasonably capable of the new meaning suggested, and that the natural meaning is that the plaintiff "pulled" the horses at Sherrard's stables.] That being so, of course the order was right.

The Court came to that conclusion and so dismissed the appeal, and the defence as it stands simply justifies the libel in its terms—*i. e.*, that the plaintiff "pulled" the horses at Sherrard's stables.

PROPOSED BRIDGE ACROSS THE ENGLISH CHANNEL.

THE *Temps*, which thinks that though England objects to underground visitors she will not be afraid of arrivals by viaduct, says :—

The scheme of constructing a bridge over the English Channel has just been completed. It has been worked out by the Creusot engineers and M. Hersent, ex-President of the Society of Civil Engineers. The progress of metallurgy makes the constructon possible of an immense bridge, 30 kilometries long, with a platform at a height of 50 metres above the sea at full tide, and supported by piles at distances of 500 metres. The Forth Bridge, which is being completed in Scotland, and under which the largest vessels can pass is an advance towards a more important structure. The height allowed for the bridge over the Channel would allow large steamers and sailing vessels to pass freely. It would support four railway lines, besides a road for carriages and footpaths. This will be satisfactory for those who dread sea-sickness. The only trouble left then will be that of choosing their mode of locomotion—whether by railway-carriage, omnibus, cab, or velocipede. Places of refuge, watch-houses and alarm bells will be placed on each pile, with a powerful light.

The authors of this gigantic scheme believe that the foundations may be constructed by means of compressed air diving bells, the depth of the Strait between Calais and Dover not being on an average, more than from 25 to 39 metres, and in few places exceeding 50 metres. The bridge will cost 800,000,000f., its metallic weight will amount to 2,000,000 tons, and it might be constructed in six years. The scheme will shortly be submitted for examination to an international technical committee. When this examination has been completed, the Channel Bridge Society will apply for a concession to the French and English Governments, from which it will ask for no subsidy. Under these conditions the concession might be easily granted, and the works immediately begun. In a few years the commerce of the two nations would benefit from the simplification introduced into their relations by the execution of a work which might be considered as one of the most important of the century.

THE COAL-FIELDS OF SOUTH RUSSIA.

AN important report from the British Consul a Taganrog on the coal industry of southern Russia has just been laid before Parliament (Miscellaneous Series No. 87). The five coal basins of Russia are the Donetz, sub-Moscow, Dombrova (Poland), Nral, and Caucasus ; of these the first is the one described in the present report. It stretches over a considerable portion of New Russia, between the Don and Dnieper, and includes many extensive seams of bituminous and anthracite coal, but it contains all kinds of coal suitable for manufactories and household purposes. The report goes *seriatim* through six groups of collieries producing different kinds of coal, and describes the mode of working and the results at the more important collieries in each group. There are in all 200 collieries in the Donetz basin, many being thoroughly equipped, but others being wholly unprovided with modern appliances. The recent rapid development of the coal industry in this region is said to owe much to the annual conferences of the representatives of the mining industries. The annual output at present exceeds 1,600,000 tons, of which about 1,300,000 tons are carried by railway ; but it is calculated that nearly 3,000,000 tons will be available for transport during the present year, besides the quantity consumed in the neighbourhood. A long list is given (with a map) of the quantities sent by the various railways, and consumed in different undertakings. The increased sale of Donetz coal is principally due to the duty on foreign coal. In spite of this English coal successfully competed with it at Odessa, but Mr. Wagstaff fears that the recent depreciation in the value of the rouble must close south Russian markets to English coal. The prices of the Donetz coal in 1887 were unremunerative owing to capricious railway rates, absence of shipping facilities, and the great expense of landing coal at such ports as Taganrog and Mariapol. Even if these were altered in favour of Russian coal, Mr. Wagstaff doubts whether it could oust English coal from Constantinople, not to speak of markets to the west of this, and he thinks English colliery owners have no need to fear their Russian rivals in foreign markets.

TO THE DEAF.

A 132 page Illustrated Book on Deafness, Noises in the Head how cured at your homes. Price 6 annas. Address Dr. Nicholson, 5, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS

BANKS.

—	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	7 pct.	861½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	930
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	14 do.	810
EXCHANGE BANK .					
Agra Bank	10,000	£	£	6 do.	120
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	63,100	100	all	17½ do.	219
National Bank of India	37,320	£12½ 250		5 pct.	130

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. per cent. Stock	..	£100	—	—	£160
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent	—	£100	—	—	£161

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,125
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,060
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co.	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	2,050

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co Ld.	1,000 750	200 200	200 150	10 5 p ct	200 150
Badham Pile & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	170
Sapty Co., Ld.	325		185	Nil.	50
Bombay Land & Buildg Co., Ld.		500	100	6 p.c.	100
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c	500
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	90nom
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100		94
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	Rs. 135	3,[illegible]00
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	375	Rs. 33½	755
Bombay Municipal Bonds	—	—	—	5 p.c.	117½
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	500		505
Cooper, Madon & Co. Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs. 10	68
Jeyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	41
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	7½
Kaisar-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25		7
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	500	250	250	...	150
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	377
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 10	95
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.c.	80
Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	104x
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	123
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	8 p.	17
Pearse and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 1	40
Port Canning Co.	6,000	[illegible]	[illegible]	9	60
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	Rs. 50	50nom
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	p.c	109
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1 000	100	1	9 p.c.	85
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...			30
Telephone Co., Ld	19,200	25	2	Rs. 2	8
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	500	Rs. 9	1,210x
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	Rs 15	201
Western India Flour Mills	600	125	125	nil	40
M. Mody & Co	1,000	200		p	160
Berars Oil Mills Co., Ld.	1,250		All	—	90

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,275
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	840
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	245
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	215
Breul's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld	0	200	200	Rs. 16	110
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	12	125	Rs. 15	187½
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 600	550
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	0	300	300	12	105
East India Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 13	1,190
English Press & Mfg. Co., Ld.	400	250	...		265
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 60	1,500
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	500
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	Rs. 25	407
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	450	all	Rs. 45	350
Manmar Manfg. Co	1,000	250	25	Rs. 10	205
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 5	70
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 0	407½
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	Rs. 60	550
New Indian Press	4,000	125	12	Rs. 10	75
Prince of W. Press	600	500	10	Rs. 3	300
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	600	500	500	Rs. 0	440xd
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	450
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,225
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	500	25	500
Volkart Press Co.	605	1,000	1,000		645

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Co.	1,308	1,000	1,000	...	1,100
Albert Edward Mills Co., Ld.		00	500	Rs. 25	440
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	Rs. 4	100
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	...	340
Ahmedabad Ginning & M. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	..	—
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	..	—
Alliance Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	655
Bellary S. & W. Mill, Ld.	871	500	500	Rs. 22½	520
Bombay Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	500	50	Rs. 20	340
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	915
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200		150
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	500	500	Rs.	1,005
City of Bombay Mfg. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 52	1,010
Colaba Land & Mill Co., Ld.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 30	780
Connaught Mills Co., Ld.	840	50	50	Rs. 25	680
Cocrla S. & W. Co., Ld	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	625
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,6[illegible]	5	35	Rs. 500	505
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1,050
Empress S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,415½	500	50	Rs. 2	785
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	655
Gordon S. & Mf'g. Co. Ld.	9,700	150	150		195
Goolam Baba S. & W. Co., Limited	2,000	500	500		300
Guzerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited		1,000	1,000		...
Guzerat S. & W. Co., Limited	420	1,000	1,000		83
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	35	830
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500		675
Hingunghat Mill Co., Limited.	700	575	500	Rs. 37½	720
Hyderabad Deccan S. & W. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	625 770
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 8	1,260
Imperial Cotton Mills Co., Limited	1,360	500	500	Rs. 25	575
Jamshed Mfg. Co., Limited	1,600	250	250	Rs. 15	310
James Greaves Mill Co., Limited.	1,32[illegible]	500	50	Rs. 25	675
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original	600	500	50		425
Increased	1,483	25	25	Rs. 14	
Jubilee Mill Co., Ld.	466	1,000	20	—	
Jewraj Balloo S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	1,150
Khandesh S. & W. Mills Co., Ld	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700
Khattow Makanjee S. & W. Co., Ld	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	720
Lukhmidas Khimjee S. & W. Co., Ld	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 61	1,030
Leopold S. Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld	3,500	0	100	Rs. 5	146
Madras United S. and W. Mills Co., Ld.	500½		1,000	Rs. 125	2,500
Mahaluxmi S. & W. Co., Ld.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	525
Mazagon S. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	162½
Morarjee Goculdas S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,575
Maneckjee Petit Mfg. Co., Limited	4,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,330
Naigaum Cotton Cleaning and Mfg. Co., Limited	1,300	100	100		10
Nawab of Baila S. W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	2,000	250	250	...	
New Great Eastern S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	740
National S. & W. Co of India, Limited	600	1,000	...		390
Oriental S. & W. Co., Limited	5,720		625	Rs. 25	553
People of India S. & Mfg. Co., Limited	1,000	50	250	Rs. 6½	110
Presidency Mills Co., Limited	743	1,000	1,000		1,010
Prince of Wales S. & Mfg. Co., Limited	2,189		125	...	73½
Queen S. & W. Co., Limited	799	1,000	1,000	Rs 80	1,080
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld.	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1,090
Sassoon S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,500	1,000	1,000	..	1,500
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,716	500	500	..	100
Sholapore S. & W. Co Ld.		10	1,000	Rs. 55	1,220
Sounderdas S. & W. Mill Co., Ld.	650	1,000	1,006	Rs. 30	610
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	...	260
Swadeshi Mills Co, Ld	4,000	500	500	...	400
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 20	410
Veramgaum S. & Mfg Co., Ld.	800	500	500	..	..
Western India S. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000		—	675

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 14-12
Carolas	,, 250
Mexican Dollars	,, 222-4
Five-Franc Pieces	,, 291
Bar Silver, 17½ betterness	,, 106-7
Gold Leaf	,, 23-10
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,, 23-11
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-10
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-5
Pekin	,, 23-2

CALCUTTA COMMERCIAL.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1888.

BANKS AND FINANCIAL COMPANIES.

STOCKS.	Paid Rs.	½ years Divd.	
Agra Pressing Co.	100	......	...
Agricultural Phosphates	100	y 10 p.ct	25
Alipore Coal Co.	100	5 p. ct.	100
Arakan Oil Co.	Rs. 9	......	Nml.
Bally Paper Mills Co.	£10	5 p. ct.	170
Barnagore Jute Factory	£10	y 5 p.ct.	100
Bengal Coal Co.	1000	6 p. ct.	1,620
B. Baragunda Copper (preference A shares)	s15	......	16
Do. Deferred B Shares	£1	......	8
Bengal Ice Manfg. Co.	100	nil.	91
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	£100	7½ p.ct.	1,600
Do. Silk Co., Ld.	100	y nil.	50
Do. Telephone Co.	100	8 p. ct.	20
Bonded Warehouse	445	Rs 11p.sh	305
Bowreah Cotton Mills	100	3 p. ct.	64
Budge-Budge J. Mills	80	5	83
Burrakur Coal Co.	100	15 p. ct.	172
Calcutta Central Press	100	y 15 p.ct.	105
Calcutta Hydraulic	100	nil.	98
Do. Steam Co.	100	6 p. ct.	116
Do. Tramways Co.	£10	3 p. ct.	100
Camperdown P. Co., Ld.	100	8 p.ct.	120
Canal Press Co.	100	nil.	81
Carew & Co., Ld. (Sugar)	100	3 p. ct.	98
Cawnpur Cotton Mills Co.	100	5 p. ct.	108
Do. Woollen Mills	50	5 p.ct.	62
Chitpur Hydraulic P.	100	nil.	84
Crown Brewery Musuri	100	y 8 p. ct.	115
Crystal Ice Co., Ld.	100	nil.	110
Darjeeling Himalayan Ry. Co.	100	6 p. ct.	128
Do. & K. Hotel Co.	100	......	50
Deoghur Ry. Co., Ld.	100	2 p. ct.	92
Do. Mining Co., Ld.	10	......	
Dunbar Cotton Mills	100	nil.	46
Egerton Woollen Mills Co., Ld.	100	2 p. ct.	75
Empress Ind Cotton Co., Ld.	500	4 p. ct.	355
Equitable Coa. Co., Ld.	250	3 p. ct.	216
Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing.	100	nil.	63
Gobra Tannery Co., Ld.	100	nil.	80
Goosery Cotton Mills	200	5 p. ct.	208
Gouripore Co., Ld.	100	4 p. ct.	121
Great Eastern Hotel	100	2 p. ct.	86
Hooghly Mills Co., Ld.	75	nil.	75
Howrah Docking Co.	500	Rs.5 p.sh.	110
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	100	6 p. ct.	111
India G. S. N. Co., Ld.	100	3 p. ct.	91
Kamerhatty Jute Mills	50	5 p. ct.	119
Kangra V. S. Co., Ld.	100	6 p. ct.	110
Kanknarrah C.	59	nil.	55
Lahore Tramway Co.	100	......	111
Landing & Shipping Co.	100	4 p. ct.	70
Lyell & Co., Ld., Allahabad	100	y 10 p. ct.	90
Morrison E. & Co., Naini Tal	100	......	60
Muir Mills Co., Cotton	200	7 p. ct.	286
Murree Brewery Co., Ld.	100	y 12 p. ct.	155
Naini Tal Brewery Co., Ld.	100	y 12 p. ct.	125
Nasmyth's Pat. Press	100	nil.	90
New Beerbhoom Coal	100	6 p. ct.	124
Orissa Coasting S. N.	75	nil.	50d
Planters Stores and Agency Co., Ld.	£10	4 p. ct.	£11
Rajmahal Stone Co.	100	y5 p. ct.	75
Ramkistopore Press	100	nil.	36
Raneegunge Coal Asn.	100	y5 p. ct.	60
Riverside Press Co.	100	nil.	64
R. Scott Thomson & Co.	500	2 p. ct.	245
Scindia Paper Mills Co.	£1	......	Nml.
Do. Vendors Shares	£1	......	Nml.
Seebpore Jute Manfg.	100	nil.	88
Strand Bank Press Co.	100	nil.	64
Tarkessur Railway Co.	100	4 p. ct.	123
Titaghur Paper Mills	100	5 p. ct.	123
Union Jute Co., Ld.	75	16 p. ct.	175
Watson's Patent Press	100	5 p. ct.	105

TEA COMPANIES' SHARES.

Adulpore Terai (Darj.)	100	nil. a	30
Amicable (Assam)	100	...	Lqdn.
Amluckie	100	8 p. ct. a	70
Arcuttipore (Cachar)	100	7 p. ct. a	75
Assam Company	£20	5 ad.-int.	530
Baintbarrie Tea Co., Ld.	100	nil a	100
Balasun (Darjeeling)	100	8 p. ct.	90
Bengal (Cachar)	100	2 p. ct. a	50
Do. contributory	80	2 p. ct. a	40
Bishnath (Assam)	200	13p. ct. a	198
Do. contributory	100	13p. ct. a	98
Borelli (Assam)	£10	5 p. ct.	165
Burkholah (Cachar)	100	3 p. ct.	40
Central (Cachar)	200	6 p. ct. a	129
Do. Terai (Darj.)	100	nil. a	32
Chandypore (Cachar)	100	nil. a	41
Cherra (Cachar)	£10	......	50
Chota Nagpore	100	nil. a	23
Chumta Tea Co.	100	2 p. ct. a	35
Cocheela (Cachar)	100	nil. a	22
Cuttecherra (Cachar)	100	nil. a	100
Darg. Tea & Cinchona	100	12 p. ct.	88
Dehing (Assam)	90	4 p. ct. a	45
Dehra Doon	100	4 p. ct. a	45
Dejoo (Assam)	£10	4½p. ct.	110
Dessai & Parbutia (Assam)	100	5ad.-int.a	73
Dhunsiri	100	nil. a	95
Doom Dooma, Ordinary	£10	6 p. ct.	136
Do. do. A	£10	8 p. ct. a	156
Do. do. B	£10	6 p. ct. a	168
Durrung (Assam)	100	6 p.ct.	54
Eastern Cachar	100	nil. a	30
East India Assam & Cachar	100	3 p. ct.	45
Endogram (Cachar)	£10	......	Nm
Gielle (Darjeeling)	100	6 p. ct.	69
Good Hope Tea Co.	100	38 p. ct.	190
Goomtee Tea	100	nil. a	93
Gowhatty (Assam)	100	......	Lqdn
Grob (Assam)	100	nil. a	17
Gyabaree (Darjeeling)	97½	nil. a	45
Holta (Kangra)	100	5 p.ct. a	60
Hoolmaree (Assam)	100	15 p. ct.	115
Hoolungorie (Assam)	100	3 p. ct.a	50
Hopetown	100	6 p. ct.c	100
Do. contributory	100	5 p. ct.c	100
Hotewar (Chota Nagpore)	100	... ..	100
Hunwal (Assam)	£10	3 p.-ct a	100
Indian Terai	500	7 p. ct.a	450
Iringmara (Cachar)	100	5 ad int.	100
Jetinga Val (Cachar)	100	7½p. ct. a	65
Jhanzie Tea Assn., Ld.	£5	4ad.-int.a	97
Jinglam Darjeeling	100	nil. a	92
Jokai (Assam)	£10	5ad.-int.a	170
Kalacherra (Cachar)	100	nil. a	30
Kamptie Gwallie (Assam)	100	5 p. ct.	par.
Khobong (Assam) A	100	10 p.ct. a	105
Do. do. B	100	4 p. ct. a	105
Kornafuli (Chittg.)	60	5 p. ct.	60
Kousanie	100	......	Nml
Kunchunpore (Cachar)	100	nil. a	13
Kurseong & Darjeeling	250	4 p. ct. a	118
Do. contributory	200	4 p. ct. a	98
Kuttal (Cachar)	100	16 p. ct. a	210
Lebatoora (Sylhet)	100	3½p.ct. a	35
Leesh River (W. Dooars)	£10	4 p. ct. a	par.
Longview (Dar.)	100	3½p. ct. a	60
Loobah	100	12p. ct. a	120
Lower Assam	£7½	nil. c	5
Do. Darjeeling	100	nil. c	Nml
Luckimpore, Assam	£10	6 p. ct.	60
Majagram (Cachar)	100	nil. a	20
Mesai Tea Co.	100	12 p. ct.a	101
Mim Tea Co.	100	12 p. ct.	85
Mohurgung Tea Co.	100	4 p. ct. a	39
Monacherra (Cachar)	100	nil. a	20
Do. contributory	90	nil. a	23
Moran, Assam	80	nil.	30
Mothola, Assam	100	8 p. ct.	110
Do. contributory	90	8ad. int.	100
Munjha (Darjg. Tea)	100	nil.	30
Mungledye, Assam Tea	£10	nil.	...
New Gola Ghat, Assam	£10	......	Lqdn
New Mutual (Cachar)	30	18 p. ct. a	100
North Western Cachar	100	nil.	32
Phœnix of (Cachar)	85	3 p. ct. c	30
Pankabaree (Darjg.)	100	nil. a	55
Pashok (Darjeeling)	100	6 p. ct. a	94
Phoolbaree Tea C., Ld.	100	8 p. ct.	70
Puttareah (Sylhet)	100	nil. c	40
Rajabaree (Assam)	100	7 p. ct. a	70
Ring Tong (Darjg.)	100	nil. a	41
Rungamatee (Cachar)	100	4 p. ct.	25
Runglee Rungliot	100	15 p. ct.	115
Sapakati Tea Co.	100	7 p. ct. a	103
Second Mutual, Cachar	56	10 p. ct.	45
Second Fallodhi	100	5 p. ct. a	40
Selim Tea Co., Ld.	100	nil.	30
Singbulli & Murmah	100	7 p. ct.	87
Singell (Darjeeling)	100	2p. ct. a	57
Singlo Tea Co.	100	......	150
Singtom Tea Co., Ld.	100	8 p. ct.	108
Soom (Darjeeling)	100	7 p. ct. a	80
Springside (Darjeeling)	100	7 p. ct.	65
Sungoo River (Chittg.)	100	nil. a	16
Teendarrea (Darjg.)	100	3 p. ct. a	40
Teesta Valley (Darjg.)	100	10 ad.int.	105
Ting Ling (Darjeeling)	100	5 ad. int.	106
Tingri Tea Co., Ld.	100	12 per ct.	101
Tukvar (Darjeeling)	200	5 ad. int.	183
Upper Assam	£10	nil. a	18
Washabari W. Dooars	100	10 p. ct.	...

d. nt. Ad-interim dividend on crop of 1887.
a—Total dividend on crop of 1886.
c—Total dividend on crop of 1885.
d—Dividend for the year.
b—Buyer.

NOTICES.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S

WORLD-FAMED

BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY
MEDICINE IN THE WORLD
OVERWHELMING TESTIMONY
ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOTTLE
PROVING THIS TO BE
THE GREATEST MEDICINE EVER DISCOVERED.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kind, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores
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Clears the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give a trial to test its value.

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"It affords me great pleasure to add my testimony the wonderful effects of your Blood Mixture, which has cured me of a very bad ulcerated foot and ankle. I had four wounds which prevented me following my occupation for four years, during which time I have been in five different infirmaries and under fifteen different doctor I was at last induced to try your Blood Mixture, and after taking three small bottles I was able to go to work, and by the time I had taken nine or ten bottles I was completely cured. Make whatever use you like of this, for the benefit of other sufferers.—I am, yours respectfully,

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Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Incapacity for Study or Business, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Shortness of Breath, Eruptions of the Skin, Impoverished Blood, Premature Decline, and all Diseases caused by residence in tropical climates.

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Is a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It operates on the system without exciting care or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, kidney, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness unparalleled in medicine.

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Gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted, and at once imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution.

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The ONLY Medicine of that name granted certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks. Beware of VILE worthless Imitations made up to trade upon the Reputation of Dr. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE. Therefore ask for DR. BRIGHT'S, and refuse Useless Substitute

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FOR JUNE 1888
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WITH
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS
THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA & ABROAD
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATIONS
STEAM-BOATS AND DAK COMPANIES
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ROUTES BETWEEN THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS OF NORTHERN CENTRAL, SOUTHERN, AND WESTERN INDIA.
WITH A NEW COLOURED MAP OF INDIA
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Corrected up to the last day of going to press, and published on the 1st of every month at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

☞ The GUIDE for June has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged, and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting-point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

This Guide, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, form a very good medium for advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply to the Manager "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

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OF DRINKING WATER which has not been thoroughly Filtered; as, besides Lead, Lime in excess, and other mineral impurities, most waters contain either sewage, the eggs of intestinal worms, and hydatid disease, or the

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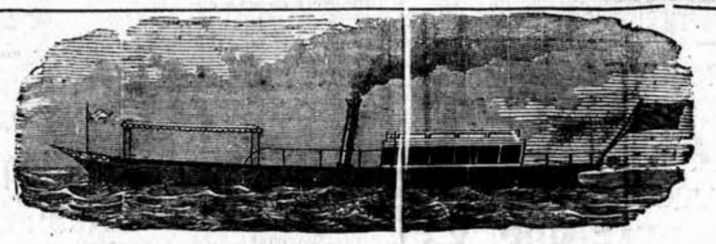

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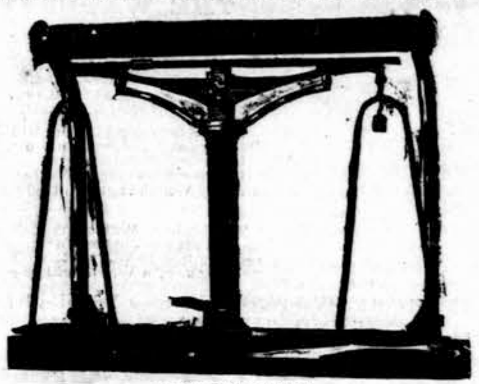

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Dispenses with the small weights, which give so much trouble, yet weighs with certainty to *One-thousandth of a grain* or *One ten-thousandth of a gramme*. The Balance is so well constructed that it may be used in the *Chemical Laboratory* and *at the Dispensing Counter alike*.

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Is made from the Choicest Hops Grown.

HAY'S
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The New Aerated Beverage, with full flavour of the finest Hops, is a really appetizing Bitter Beer.

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Are requested to try this Essence. They will find the HOP ALE it makes a most valuable addition, which once introduced will be eagerly ordered.

It is the most Appetizing Non-Alcoholic Beverage known, and will have an immense permanent sale in hot climates. See these testimonials:—

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Hay's Soluble Essence of Jamaica Ginger.
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Deewa
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Titwalla
Khadawali
Wassind
Shapoor
Atgaum
Khurde
Kussarah*a*
Egutpoorah
Ghotee
Bailgaum
Deolalee B. Siding
Nassick Rd*a*
Kheirwadee
Niphar
Lassulgaum
Munmar
Nandgaum*a*
Naidongree
Chalisgaum
Kujgaum
Galna
Pachora
Myjee
Mussawuda
Sisowlee
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Bhadli
Bhosawul Junction*ac*
Sowda
Nimborah
Raver
Khanapur
Burhanpur
Chandnee
Mandwa
Dongergaum
Bagmar
Khundwa*ab*
Jawar
Beerh
Singaji
Harsud
Kirkeam
Bheringee
Hurda*a*
Timoornee
Pagdhal
Sewnee
Dharam
Khundi
Dularia
Etarsee (for Hoshangabad
Rampur
Bagra
Semri
Sohagpore*ad*
Paparia (for Pachmari)
Bankeri
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Gadawara
Bohanee
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Satari
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Kartruz
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Warengaum
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Mulkapoor
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Nandoora
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Dapki
Akola
Boregaum
Katipurna
Moortizapo
Mohona
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Chandoor
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Boree
Kapri
Saigaon
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Keim
Barsee R
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Unger
Mohol
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Sholapur*ac*
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Kurubgam
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Goodoor
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Chitapore
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Hyderabad
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Wadwan Junc. do.
City
Limbd
Chuda
Rampur
Kundli

Botad
Ningala
Ujalvar
Dhola Junc.
Jalia
Dhasa
Lathi

Chital
Lunidhar
Kunkavav
Khakhari
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Sihore
Vartej
Ghadechi
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a Refreshment Rooms. *b* Junction or *c* From 5 to 13 minutes for Refreshment 30 minutes for Dinner. 40 minutes for Dinner

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THE GREAT ENGLISH DISINFECTANT.

"SANITAS" DISINFECTING FLUID NON-POISONOUS.	Colourless fragrant and non-poisonous; for general use in bungalows.
"SANITAS" DISINFECTING OIL	For fumigations and inhalations. "A Mofussil necessity." Cures mosquitoe bites.
"SANITAS" CRUDE DISINFECTING FLUID	For general outdoor use especially in standing camps.
"SANITAS" INSECTICIDE and LIQUID SOAP	Also prevents corrosions of boilers. Always preferred by Indigo and Tea planters.
"SANITAS" SHEEP DIP, in Bulk only	Cheapest and best. Invaluable for elephants, horses, camels and goats.
"SANITAS" ANTISEPTIC TOILET FLUID	A delightful mouth wash.
"SANITAS" DISINFECTING POWDER	For latrines, earth closets, stables, and kennels.
"SANITAS" ANTISEPTIC TOOTH POWDER	Free from grit; preserves the teeth and quickly removes the tartar.
"SANITAS" ANTISEPTIC TOILET POWDER	For the skin of children allays the irritation of prickly heat and mosquitoe bites.
"SANITAS" DISINFECTING BAR SOAPS, Nos. 1 & 2	For washing and scrubbing.
"SANITAS" DISINFECTING SOFT SOAPS, Nos. 1 & 2 in Bulk only.	For washing paint and genera use in bungalows, barracks, and hospitals.
"SANITAS" ANTISEPTIC TOILET SOAP	Best in the world; softens and improves the skin.
"SANITAS" BROWN WINDSOR SOAP	Economical for families and hotels.
"SANITAS" ANIMAL SOAP, A SPECIFIC FOR MANGE	For horses, dogs, and other animals.
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"SANITAS" DISINFECTING JELLY	A dressing for wounds, burns, and sores.
"SANITAS" VETERINARY OINTMENT	For dressing the wounds of animals. A specific for sore backs in Horses.
"SANITAS" FURNITURE CREAM	Is also a household disinfectant.
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"SANITAS" AIR PURIFIER, Always employed in Epidemics of Cholera and Small-Pox.	Acts by mere exposure in saucers or plates, and drives mosquitoes away.
"SANITAS" URINAL TABLETS	Also for placing in cisterns of water-closets.
"SEA-WATER SANITAS"	For use in the bath, &c. "The bath of luxury in a hot climate."
"SANITAS" DISINFECTING SAW DUST	For use in stables, kennels, poultry houses, cutcherries, and camps.

"Valuable Antiseptic and Disinfectant."—*Times.*
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THE "SANITAS" COMPANY, LIMITED,
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THE "WATERBURY"
PERFECT TIME-KEEPER.

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WHAT THE LEADING NEWSPAPERS OF GREAT BRITAIN SAY OF THE "WATERBURY."

The WATCHMAKER (London) says:—"Guaranteed to give a maximum of results in time-keeping at a minimum of cost."

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The MANCHESTER COURIER says:—"They are admirable time-keepers."

The BIRMINGHAM POST says:—"Keeps accurate time, and is a good-looking and handy watch."

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The BRISTOL OBSERVER says:—"A surprisingly good watch."

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THE WATERBURY WATCH

IS A
KEYLESS (Stem-Winding)
DURABLE
RELIABLE
ACCURATE
TIME-KEEPER.

It runs 28 hours with one winding.
It regulates to a minute a month.
It rarely gets out of order.
It never costs more than One Rupee to repair.
Every Watch is guaranteed for TWO YEARS.

To obtain a Waterbury call at SOUNDY & Co., LD., or at the Office of the Company, 79, Medows Street, or send order by post to WATERBURY, 'BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, o ALLAHABAD,' a Watch will be sent by return post free.

The Company will pay the next of kin of any wearer of a WATERBURY WATCH, who may be killed (while a passenger) in an accident on any Indian Railway during 1888, the sum of ONE THOUSAND RUPEES.

NOTICES.

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ORDINARY GRAVITY.

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This world renowned Ale, the fine flavour and other excellent qualities of which are unequalled, is so well known and highly appreciated, that no further commendation of it is necessary

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In view of the growing demand for the lightest descriptions of Ale, MESSRS. BASS & CO. HAVE SPECIALLY BREWED THE ABOVE, which is confidently recommended as being lighter than any German Beer, while it possesses the fine flavour and hop aroma of their ▲ Pale Ale, being like it brewed from the finest malt and hops only. The label used for this Ale is the same as BASS & Co.'s well known Pale Ale label, except that the GREEN DIAMOND is substituted for the RED TRIANGLE and the words LIGHT BITTER ALE for PALE ALE.

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This excellent Stout is rapidly growing in favour and the sales of it are increasing year by year.

The above can be obtained in bottles from all Merchants and Dealers, and in Hogsheads and Kilderkins from

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Composed of a concentrated Extract obtained direct from Cod's Livers, and containing all the active medicinal principles existing in them, and in Cod Liver oil.

Tow dragées, or one table spoonful of wine, are equal to one table spoonful of the best Cod Liver oil.

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Highest Award at International Inventions Exhibition.

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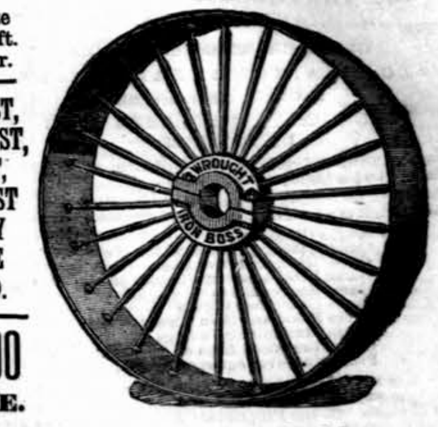

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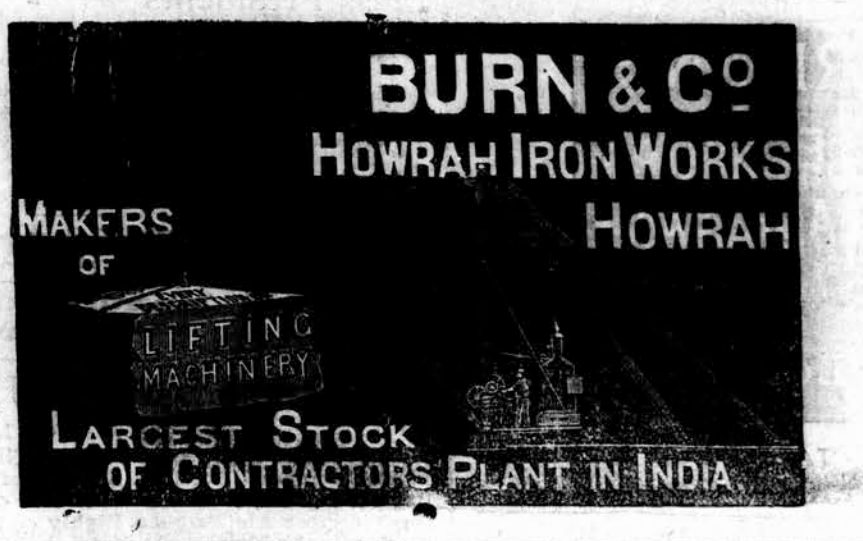

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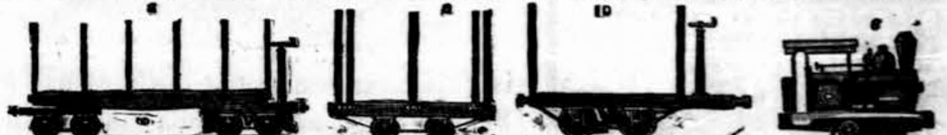

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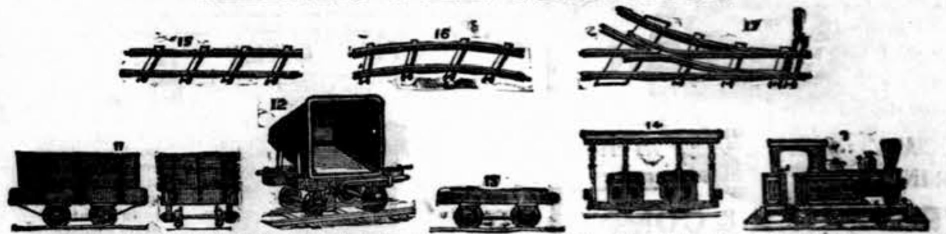

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Has the natural very pale colour & the slight taste, a pleasant one.

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REGISTERED
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COD LIVER OIL.

Preserved in its pristine purity by Capsuled bottles.

The pure world renowned Oil, perfected in one operation; consequently needing no after manipulations—usually covers for imperfections.

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That it has a really beneficial influence on the LIVER, has been proved beyond all doubt by the numberless cases in which it has been tried since the year 1850.

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renowned for nearly a century, surpasses all others for its lasting and natural fragrance.

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are of rare and peculiar fragrance, and being registered can be obtained only of the Inventors or their Agents.

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Unsurpassed for promoting the growth and improving the appearance of the hair. Guaranteed perfectly harmless.

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